

# 6 ACCOMMODATION

## STUDENT'S BOOK PAGES 52–53

### **muddy** /ˈmʌdi/ Adjective

if something is *muddy*, it is covered in mud

*the camp site was really muddy | muddy boots | the floor was all muddy*

Noun: *mud*

- *plein de boue*

### **filthy** /ˈfɪlθi/ Adjective

if something is *filthy*, it is extremely dirty

*the whole place was muddy and everything got filthy | a filthy T-shirt | his clothes looked filthy*

Noun: *filth*

*everything was covered in filth*

- *dégoûtant*

### **unbearably** /ʌnˈbeərəb(ə)li/ Adverb

*unbearably* means in a way that is extremely unpleasant

*the weather was unbearably hot | he was unbearably arrogant*

Adjective: *unbearable*

- *insupportablement*

### **overlook** /ˌəʊvə(r)ˈlʊk/ Verb

if something *overlooks* a place, it is above the place and has a view over it

*the hotel room overlooked a building site | I sat by a window overlooking the river*

- *donner sur*

### **overwhelming** /ˌəʊvə(r)ˈwelmiŋ/ Adjective

if something is *overwhelming*, it has such a strong effect on your feelings that it is difficult for you to describe exactly how you feel

*the people were so kind, it was quite overwhelming | I found the experience absolutely overwhelming*

Verb: *overwhelm* | Adverb: *overwhelmingly*

*I was overwhelmed by a feeling of sadness*

- *écrasant*

### **dump** /dʌmp/ Noun

if you refer to a place as a *dump*, you mean it is very dirty, untidy, or in a bad condition

*his flat was a real dump | what a dump! | a rubbish dump (where rubbish is taken and left)*

Verb: *dump*

*he'd dumped all his dirty washing on the bed*

- *décharge*

### **isolated** /ˈaɪsəˌleɪtɪd/ Adjective

an *isolated* place does not have other houses, towns, or cities nearby

*the camp site was quite isolated | living in an isolated rural area | Hawk has explored some of the most remote and isolated places in the world*

Noun: *isolation*

*their culture survived, because they lived in isolation*

- *isolé*

### **deserted** /dɪˈzɜː(r)tɪd/ Adjective

if a place is *deserted*, there is no one there at all

*the beach was deserted so we had it to ourselves | the town looked completely deserted | walking through the deserted streets*

- *désert*

### **camp** /kæmp/ Verb

if you *camp* somewhere, you stay there for a short time and sleep in a tent that you put up

*we camped on the festival site | we didn't have enough money for hotels so we camped | the farmer let us camp in one of his fields*

Noun: *camp* | Noun: *camping*

Collocates: *pitch/set up camp | go camping*

*they spent a pleasant evening around the camp fire | we used to go camping every weekend in the summer*

- *camper*

### **flood** /flʌd/ Verb

if an area *floods*, large amounts of water pour in, for example after there has been a lot of very heavy rain or if a water pipe bursts

*the whole area was flooded | fears that the river could flood | the river broke its banks and flooded the village*

Noun: *flood* | Noun: *flooding*

*the village was cut off by floods | flooding caused extensive damage to the school*

- *inonder*

### **soaked** /səʊkt/ Adjective

if you get *soaked*, you become extremely wet

Collocates: *soaked through | soaked to the skin*

*the whole place was flooded and we got absolutely soaked | after an hour in the rain I was soaked through*

Verb: *soak* | Adverb: *soaking* | Noun: *soaking*

Collocates: *soaking wet*

*the rain soaked everyone to the skin | my shirt was soaking wet | I forgot my umbrella and got a soaking*

- *trempe*

**sunset** /ˈsʌŋset/ Noun

*sunset* is the time of day when the sun goes out of sight and the sky changes colour as it grows dark

Collocates: a spectacular/stunning/glorious sunset

*we went for a walk on the beach at sunset | there was a spectacular sunset that evening*

- coucher de soleil

**run** /rʌn/ Verb

when buses or trains *run*, they follow their usual route from one place to another

*how often do the buses run? | a regular train service to Birmingham runs every 20 minutes | we run two buses an hour in each direction*

- circuler

**tourist trap** /ˈtʊərɪst ˌtræp/ Noun

a *tourist trap* is a place which attracts lots of tourists, is usually very crowded, and charges people more than less popular places

*it was a bit of a tourist trap | try and avoid the tourist traps on the south coast of the island*

- attrappe touristique

**welcoming** /ˈwelkəmɪŋ/ Adjective

if someone you do not know is *welcoming*, they are very friendly to you when you arrive somewhere

*she gave a welcoming smile | a hotel with a welcoming atmosphere | the staff are very friendly and welcoming*

Verb: *welcome* | Adjective: *welcome*

Collocates: make someone welcome

*the staff made us welcome after our long journey*

- accueillant

**gorgeous** /ˈɡɔː(r)dʒəs/ Adjective

someone or something that is *gorgeous* is extremely enjoyable, beautiful, or attractive

Collocates: absolutely/utterly gorgeous | drop dead gorgeous

*those flowers are gorgeous | you look gorgeous in that dress*

Adverb: *gorgeously*

- magnifique

**STUDENT'S BOOK PAGES 54–55****reservation** /ˌrezə(r)ˈveɪʃ(ə)n/ Noun

if you make a *reservation*, you ask a hotel to keep a room for you, a restaurant to keep a table for you, etc.

Collocates: make a reservation | cancel a reservation | confirm a reservation

*I'd like to make a reservation | a reservation in the name of Smith*

Verb: *reserve* | Adjective: *reserved*

*I'd like to reserve a table for tomorrow evening | I'm sorry, this seat is reserved*

- réserve

**confirmation** /ˌkɒnfə(r)ˈmeɪʃ(ə)n/ Noun

a *confirmation* is a letter or email which states officially that something you reserved by phone will be kept for you

*did you receive a confirmation by email or text? |*

*a confirmation of the booking*

Verb: *confirm* | Adjective: *confirmed*

*we will confirm the reservation in writing*

- confirmation

**procedure** /prəˈsiːdʒə(r)/ Noun

a *procedure* is a set of actions that you regularly do in the same way in order to do something correctly

Collocates: follow a procedure | adopt a procedure | normal/usual/standard procedure

*our normal procedure is to confirm bookings by email | you didn't follow the correct procedure*

- procédure

**centrally** /ˈsentrəli/ Adverb

if something is controlled or managed *centrally*, all its different parts are operated from one place

*the air-conditioning is controlled centrally | 50% of the country's economy is centrally planned*

Adjective: *central* | Noun: *centre*

*the regional administrative centre*

- de manière centralisée

**full** /fʊl/ Adverb

if a machine is on *full*, it is working at its maximum capability

*the air-conditioning is on full*

Phrase: *full blast*

*they played music at full blast all night*

- au maximum

**state** /steɪt/ Noun

the *state* of something is the condition that it is in

*look at the state of the place. It's filthy! | the kitchen was in a terrible state*

- état

**combination** /ˌkɒmbɪˈneɪʃ(ə)n/ Noun

a *combination* of things is a number of different things all mixed together

*the doctor recommended a combination of drugs for her condition | a rare combination of elegance, comfort, and beauty*

Verb: *combine*

*a busy city which combines the ancient and the modern*

- combinaison

**add up** /æd 'ʌp/ Phrasal verb

if amounts *add up*, they make one large amount when they are all put together

*they're not a lot individually, but they all add up | with drinks and service the meal added up to over £100*

• additionner

**boiler** /'bɔɪlə(r)/ Noun

a *boiler* is a device that burns coal, gas, or oil in order to provide heat and hot water for a building

*the boiler has stopped working again | the landlord still hasn't replaced our boiler*

• chaudière

**put off** /pʊt 'ɒf/ Phrasal verb

to *put something off* means to delay it until a later time

Collocates: *put off doing something*

*they promised to fix it, but they keep putting it off | I couldn't put the decision off any longer*

• remettre à plus tard

**suffocate** /'sʌfəkeɪt/ Verb

if someone *suffocates*, they die because they are unable to breathe

*you could've suffocated while you were sleeping | he nearly suffocated*

Noun: *suffocation*

*she died from suffocation*

• s'étouffer

**poisoning** /'pɔɪz(ə)nɪŋ/ Noun

*poisoning* is illness or death caused by someone eating, drinking, or breathing something poisonous

*there was a risk of carbon monoxide poisoning | rotten mushrooms can cause food poisoning*

Verb: *poison* | Noun: *poison* | Adjective: *poisonous*

*we were worried that we had been poisoned | he was accused of giving them poison | a poisonous snake*

• empoisonnement

**bear** /beə(r)/ Verb

if something doesn't *bear* thinking about, it is so horrible or shocking that you don't want to think about it

*don't remind me of how he died; it doesn't bear thinking about | suppose we'd got on that plane? It doesn't bear thinking about*

• soutenir

**sarcastic** /sɑ:(r)'kæstɪk/ Adjective

if someone is *sarcastic*, they say something that is the opposite of what they mean in order to mock someone or to be funny

*I think he's being sarcastic | he made a sarcastic comment*

Noun: *sarcasm* | Adverb: *sarcastically*

*"how generous," he said, with heavy sarcasm*

• sarcastique

**heating** /'hi:tn/ Noun

*heating* is the process of providing warmth to a building

*we pay £40 a month for the heating | a central heating system*

Verb: *heat*

*how much does it cost to heat this place?*

• chauffage

**landlord** /'lænd(d),lɔ:(r)d/ Noun

a *landlord* is a man who owns a house or flat that other people pay to live in

*the landlord wanted to put up the rent | her landlord owned several houses in the same street*

• propriétaire

**react** /ri'ækt/ Verb

when you *react*, you do something because of something else that has just happened

*he reacted to the insult by punching Mike in the face | customers reacted negatively to the price rises*

Noun: *reaction*

*his reaction to the news was to burst into tears*

• réagir

**STUDENT'S BOOK PAGES 56–57**

**find your feet** /,faɪnd jɔ:(r) 'fi:t/ Phrase

if you *find your feet*, you gradually get to know about things in a new situation

*I've arrived in Hong Kong and I'm gradually finding my feet | Sophie eventually found her feet after a difficult first week at university*

• trouver ses repères

**take the mickey** /,teɪk ðə 'mɪki/ Phrase

if someone says you are *taking the mickey*, they are accusing you of making fun of them by deceiving them or telling lies

Collocates: *take the mickey out of someone*

*they took the mickey out of him because of his accent | what did you say? Are you taking the mickey?*

• se ficher de quelqu'un / quelque chose

**gaze** /geɪz/ Verb

if you *gaze* at something, you look at it for a long time

*I sat there gazing out of the window | she was gazing into space | he gazed thoughtfully at the painting*

Noun: *gaze*

*my gaze was fixed on the letter*

• regarder fixement

## LOOKING AND GAZING

English has lots of verbs to describe the way people look / see and move. For example, *gaze at the stars*; *dash up the stairs*

**look / see:** *stare* at me (hard / long); *frown* at me smoking (disapproving); *glare* at each other (angrily); *glance* at the headlines (quickly); *peer* over my shoulder / *peer* through the mist (with difficulty); *spot* him in the crowd (see after looking); *glimpse* something in the bushes (see briefly)

**go:** *crawl* into bed / *crawl* along (slowly, tiredly); *creep* out / *sneak* up behind someone (slowly, quietly, unseen); *jog* down the street (run slowly); *limp* home (injured); *rush* to work (fast, late, urgent); *stroll* through the park (relaxed); *march* up to me and demand ... (with purpose); *pace* up and down (nervous); *scramble* down the hill (with difficulty); *stagger* out of the pub (uncontrolled, almost falling).

### hang /hæŋ/ Verb

if you say that someone's mouth was *hanging open*, you mean the look on their face showed that they were extremely surprised or impressed by something  
*the sisters were looking at me, their mouths hanging open* | *her mouth hung open in amazement*

#### • ouvrir

### get over /ˌget ˈəʊvə(r)/ Phrasal verb

if you *get over* an illness or other problem, you become better again and things are back to normal  
*it took a few days to get over my jet lag* | *he hasn't got over the shock yet* | *I had flu, but I've got over the worst of it now*

#### • se remettre de

### slave /sleɪv/ Verb

if you *slave* or *slave away*, you work very hard for a long time  
Collocates: *slave away at something* | *slave over something*  
*I've been slaving away at my desk* | *slaving over a hot cooker*

#### • travailler comme un forçat

### party /ˈpɑː(r)ti/ Verb

to *party* means to have a good time by being with friends, and doing things like drinking or dancing or talking. If you *party* the night away, you spend a whole evening and night doing this

*I spent most of my time meeting new people and partying* | *we partied the night away* | *let's party!*

Noun: *party*

Collocates: *throw a party* | *a dinner party*  
*there was plenty to eat at the party* | *he had his ninth birthday party last week*

#### • faire la fête

### wild /waɪld/ Adjective

if things are *wild*, or if you have a *wild* time, you do a lot of enjoyable and exciting things in a way that is uncontrolled  
*it's been a wild few weeks* | *the party was wild*

#### • fou

### smoothly /ˈsmuːðli/ Adverb

if something happens *smoothly*, everything works well and successfully and there are no problems

Collocates: *go/run smoothly*

*all the arrangements went very smoothly* | *the process did not always run smoothly*

Adjective: *smooth*

*she made a smooth transition from school to university*

#### • en douceur

### sound /saʊnd/ Verb

to *sound* an instrument means to make it produce its usual noise

*drivers are constantly sounding their horns in the street* | *he sounded his trumpet to announce the president's arrival*

#### • retentir

### horn /hɔː(r)n/ Noun

a *horn* is a device that makes a loud noise as a warning, for example in a car

*all cabins contain radios and alarm horns* | *passing drivers honked their horns in support when they saw our banners*

#### • klaxon

### straight /streɪt/ Adjective

a *straight* answer is a clear and honest reply to a serious question

*I couldn't get a straight answer out of anyone* | *what we need from our politicians is some straight answers*

Adverb: *straight*

*I'll tell you straight: I don't want to work for you*

#### • franc

### moan /məʊn/ Noun

a *moan* is a complaint about something

Collocates: *have a moan*

*we meet up and have a moan about things* | *I don't want to listen to your moans!*

Verb: *moan*

*she's always moaning about the buses*

#### • plainte

**frustration** /frʌ'streɪʃ(ə)n/ Noun

*frustration* is the feeling you have when there are problems which you cannot solve because you cannot control events  
*we have a moan and share our frustrations | he screamed out loud in pure frustration*

Verb: *frustrate* | Adjective: *frustrating* | Adjective: *frustrated*  
*the application process was highly frustrating*

- **frustration**

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**bear** /beə(r)/ Verb

if you *can't bear* something, you dislike it very much and do not want it to continue any more

*I'm thinking of leaving. I just can't bear it here | they couldn't bear the idea of being separated*

- **supporter**

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**laundry** /'lɔ:ndri/ Noun singular

*laundry* is clothes, sheets, towels, etc. that have been used and need to be washed, or that have just been washed

Collocates: *do the laundry*

*I have my laundry done once a week | leave your dirty laundry in the bathroom*

Verb: *launder*

*launder your work clothes separately from your bedding*

- **linge**

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**maid** /meɪd/ Noun

a *maid* is a woman who works for a hotel or for a private family, doing jobs like cleaning and washing clothes

*a maid comes in to sort out my flat every day | the hotel employed 15 cooks and 25 maids*

- **femme de chambre**

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**pride** /praɪd/ Noun uncount

*pride* is a feeling of pleasure and satisfaction you get when you do something well

Collocates: *take pride in (doing) something*

*she showed us her award with great pride | she could see the pride in her parents' faces*

Verb: *pride yourself* | Adjective: *proud* | Adverb: *proudly*  
*he prides himself on the quality of his work*

- **fierté**

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**dash** /dæʃ/ Verb

if you *dash* somewhere, you go there in a hurry because you do not want to be late and you do not have much time to get there

*I must dash. I have a lesson in ten minutes | he dashed upstairs to get his watch*

Noun: *dash*

Collocates: *make a dash (for somewhere)*

*the cat made a dash past us and disappeared upstairs*

- **se précipiter**

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**undergo** /ˌʌndə(r)'ɡəʊ/ Verb

if you *undergo* something, you experience it

*the building has undergone some renovations | you may need to undergo surgery | she underwent an emergency operation*

- **subir**

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**highlight** /'haɪlaɪt/ Verb

if you *highlight* something, you talk or write about it in a way that draws special attention to it because you think it is an important part of what you are saying

Collocates: *highlight issues/concerns/areas*

*the report highlights four key trends in youth crime | the minister was right to highlight the issue | she also highlighted concerns about late-night traffic noise*

- **souigner**

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**distinct** /dɪ'stɪŋkt/ Adjective

something that is *distinct* is clearly different from other things of the same sort

*the country has four distinct geographical regions | it is quite distinct from any other European language | the two colonies remained distinct*

Adverb: *distinctly*

- **distinct**

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**phase** /feɪz/ Noun

a *phase* is one stage in the development of something

*there are four distinct phases that everyone goes through | the second phase of the building work*

Verb: *phase*

Collocates: *phase something in | phase something out*  
*new systems will be phased in early next year (gradually introduced)*

- **phase**

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**joy** /dʒɔɪ/ Noun uncount

*joy* is great happiness

*I never feel joy about anything any more | come and experience the joy of singing in a choir*

Adjective: *joyful* | Adverb: *joyfully* | Adjective: *joyous*

*staying there was a unique and joyful experience | we chatted joyfully all evening | it was a joyous occasion*

- **joie**

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**resistance** /rɪ'zɪst(ə)ns/ Noun uncount

*resistance* to something is a refusal to accept it willingly

Collocates: *resistance to something*

*they put up quite a bit of resistance | strong resistance to change still remains*

Adjective: *resistant* | Verb: *resist*

Collocates: *be resistant to something*

*Alan remained resistant to the idea*

- **résistance**

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**routine** /ru:'ti:n/ Noun

a *routine* is a set pattern of actions that happen regularly and often in the same order

Collocates: a daily routine

*the walk home from the station was his favourite time in the daily routine | a good bedtime routine can help you fall asleep quicker*

Adjective: *routine* | Adverb: *regularly*

*a routine inspection (one that happens regularly)*

• **routine**

**transformation** /,trænsfə(r)'meɪʃ(ə)n/ Noun

a *transformation* is a complete change

Collocates: the transformation of something (into something) | a complete/total transformation | undergo a transformation

*she proposed a radical transformation of the health service | the building's transformation from a school to a community centre*

Verb: *transform*

• **transformation**

**swing** /swɪŋ/ Verb

if you or your opinions *swing*, you change your ideas about something

*some people swing from one extreme to the other | her mood could swing from joy to despair within a matter of minutes*

Noun: *swing*

*a big swing in public opinion*

• **osciller**

**existence** /ɪg'zɪst(ə)ns/ Noun

the *existence* of something is the fact that it exists in the world and is a real thing. A person's *existence* is their life, especially when talking about what sort of life they have

Collocates: be in existence

*she simply ignored my existence | the club was founded in 1895 and is still in existence*

Verb: *exist* | Adjective: *existing*

*for weeks we existed on baked beans and bread | changing the existing system is difficult*

• **existence**

**mix** /mɪks/ Verb

to *mix* with people means to meet them socially and talk to them

*you might refuse to mix with people you used to know | teachers mixed with students at the end-of-year party | Jenny was very shy and didn't mix easily*

Noun: *mixer*

*Jack was a good mixer and put everyone at their ease*

• **sympathiser**

**integration** /,ɪntɪ'greɪʃ(ə)n/ Noun uncount

*integration* is the process in which people gradually become part of a new society or group

Collocates: integration into something

*the country's integration into the EU took years | policies that encourage social integration*

Verb: *integrate*

*they've integrated very well*

• **intégration**

**acknowledge** /ə'k'nɒlɪdʒ/ Verb

to *acknowledge* something means to accept that it is true

Collocates: acknowledge that

*our cultural differences were acknowledged and accepted | I do acknowledge the need for some changes*

Noun: *acknowledgement*

*I want an acknowledgement that mistakes were made*

• **admettre**

**heritage** /'herɪtɪdʒ/ Noun uncount

a country's *heritage* is its cultural traditions that have developed over a long time, its important and historical buildings, and its sense of its own history

Collocates: a rich heritage | a national/cultural heritage | preserve/protect one's heritage

*people should appreciate their own heritage | buildings that are part of our heritage*

• **patrimoine**

**cycle** /'saɪk(ə)l/ Noun

a *cycle* is a complete set of activities that are repeated regularly in the same order

*the human life cycle (being born, being alive, dying) | each lunar cycle takes about 29.5 days*

• **cycle**

**root** /ru:t/ Noun

the *roots* of a plant are the parts under the ground that send food up to the plant above the ground. A person's *roots* are the place, culture, and family that they come from

Collocates: go back/return to your roots

*an art form that has deep roots in Spanish history | he wanted to return to his Irish roots*

Adjective: *rooted*

*these ceremonies are rooted in centuries-old tradition*

• **racine**