

# 8 PLANS

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### build /bɪld/ Verb

to *build* a house, bridge, shopping centre, road, etc. means to make it. Things like houses and shops are *buildings*  
*they're planning to build a new school here | they built a new sports stadium there*

Noun: *building* | Noun: *builder*

- *construire*

### check-up /ˈtʃekʌp/ Noun

if you have a *check-up*, a doctor looks at you carefully to make sure that you are healthy and to see if you have any health problems

Collocates: have a check-up | go for a check-up

*I have a check-up every year | an annual check-up at the dentist's*

- *bilan de santé*

### clock /klɒk/ Noun

a *clock* is an object that shows you what the time is

*let's meet under the clock at Waterloo Station | an alarm clock*

- *horloge*

### destroy /dɪ'strɔɪ/ Verb

to *destroy* something means to damage it so badly that it no longer exists

*the storm destroyed several buildings in the town | the hotel was destroyed in a fire*

- *détruire*

### fishing /ˈfɪʃɪŋ/ Noun uncount

*fishing* is the activity of trying to catch fish in a river, a lake, or the sea

Collocates: go fishing | a fishing rod

*we're going fishing at the weekend | I never enjoyed fishing*

Verb: *fish*

- *pêche*

### grow /grəʊ/ Verb

when plants *grow*, they become bigger until they are full size. If you *grow* things like fruit or vegetables, you look after the plants so that you can eat the fruit or vegetables when they are ready

*we grow fruit in the garden | there's an apple tree growing outside the house*

- *pousser*

### library /ˈlaɪbrəri/ Noun

a *library* is a place where there are a lot of books which you can borrow for a while but which you have to return

Collocates: a library book

*please don't make a noise in the library | I've got to take these books back to the library*

- *bibliothèque*

### lose /luːz/ Verb

if you *lose* something that you had, you no longer have it, either because it was taken away from you or because you cannot find it

*he lost his job when the factory closed | don't lose your ticket | I'm always losing my keys*

- *perdre*

### lottery /ˈlɒtəri/ Noun

a *lottery* is a sort of game where you choose a set of numbers, and you win money if the numbers you chose are the right ones

Collocates: do/play the lottery | win the lottery | win (money) on the lottery | lottery ticket

*a national lottery (you can buy tickets anywhere in the country) | I dream of winning the lottery*

- *loterie*

### marry /ˈmæri/ Verb

to *marry* someone, or to get *married*, means to become someone's husband or wife in a legal ceremony

Collocates: get married (to someone)

*they got married in Las Vegas | my parents didn't want us to marry | will you marry me?*

Adjective: *married* | Noun: *marriage*

- *se marier*

### move /muːv/ Verb

if you *move*, or *move house*, you go and live in a different place

Collocates: move house

*we're moving house next week | my parents moved to Cornwall after I left home | I hate this house, but I can't afford to move*

- *déménager*

### provide /prə'vaɪd/ Verb

if you *provide* something that someone needs, you give it to them or make it available for them

*we're here to provide help if you need it | my parents provided all the food for the party | the club provides a useful service to local families*

- *fournir*

**romantic** /rəʊ'mæntɪk/ Adjective  
something that is *romantic* involves feelings of love between two people  
*a romantic dinner | we had a romantic weekend in Paris | he's so romantic*  
Noun: *romance*

• romantique

**save** /seɪv/ Verb  
if you *save* money, you keep it so that you can use it later, rather than spending it straight away. The money that you keep is your savings  
*I'm saving money for my university fees | I saved over £500 last year*  
Noun: *savings*

• économiser

**win** /wɪn/ Verb  
if you *win* a game, you beat the other players. If you *win* a bet, you get money because you said correctly what was going to happen  
*we won the match against Arsenal | I won £500 on the lottery*  
Noun: *winner*

• gagner

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**arrange** /ə'reɪndʒ/ Verb  
if you *arrange* something such as a meeting or an event, you decide when it is going to happen and what is going to happen and you make sure everyone else knows  
Collocates: arrange to do something  
*we arranged to meet outside the cinema | can you arrange a meeting for me with the sales manager*  
Noun: *arrangements*

• organiser

**blog** /blɒg/ Noun  
a *blog* is a page or set of pages on a website where someone writes short articles and where other people can add things  
*his blog is read by thousands of people | I always read her blog before I start work in the morning*  
Noun: *blogger* | Verb: *blog*

• blog

**client** /'klaɪənt/ Noun  
a *client* is a person who is paying someone such as a lawyer or accountant for their professional service  
*I have a meeting with some important clients | Diane's out visiting a client*

• client

**date** /deɪt/ Noun  
a *date* is a romantic meeting when two people go to a restaurant, cinema, etc.  
Collocates: go on a date | ask someone out on a date  
*I asked her out on a date | are you going out on a date with him?*  
Verb: *date*

• rendez-vous

**doctor** /'dɒktə(r)/ Noun  
a *doctor* is someone whose job is to look at people who are ill and tell them what medicine they need  
*I'm going to the doctor's for a check-up | she's studying to be a doctor*

• médecin

**ill** /ɪl/ Adjective  
if you are *ill*, you are not well and have a problem with your health  
Collocates: be taken ill | fall ill | feel ill | be seriously ill  
*I've been feeling ill all afternoon | she's still seriously ill (very ill) in hospital*  
Noun: *illness* || Opposite – Adjective: *well*  
Collocates: get well

• malade

**keep** /ki:p/ Verb  
if you *keep* fit or *keep* well, you stay fit or well by doing exercise, eating the right sort of food, etc.  
*I go to the gym to keep fit | I hope you're keeping well | I use this cream to keep my skin in good condition*

• rester

**plan** /plæn/ Verb  
a *plan* is a set of actions that you have decided you will do in a particular situation. If you *are planning* to do something, you have decided what actions you are going to take  
Collocates: plan to do something  
*we're planning to move to Edinburgh | we haven't planned our holiday yet for this summer*  
Noun: *plan*

• prévoir

**presentation** /,prez(ə)n'teɪʃ(ə)n/ Noun  
if you give a *presentation*, you stand in front of a group of people, for example in a meeting or in a class, and tell them information about a particular subject  
Collocates: give a presentation  
*I have to give a presentation at the meeting | I nearly fell asleep during Gavin's presentation*

• présentation

**serious** /ˈsɪəriəs/ Adjectivea *serious* illness or problem is very bad*I hope it's not a serious problem | she's in hospital after a serious accident*Adverb: *seriously*• *sérieux***STUDENT'S BOOK PAGES 72–73****abroad** /ə'brɔ:d/ Adverbif you go *abroad*, you go from your country to a different country. If you live *abroad*, you live in a country that is not your own*she went abroad to work | we have holidays abroad every June*• *à l'étranger***accident** /'æksɪd(ə)nt/ Nounan *accident* is something bad that happens to someone, and that was not planned but happens by chance*he had a serious accident at work | she broke her leg in an accident*• *accident***actor** /'æktə(r)/ Nounan *actor* is a person who performs in a play at a theatre or in films or on television. In the past, actors were men, and a woman who did that job was called an *actress*, but the word *actor* is now used for men and women*her brother is an actor | a famous Hollywood actor*Verb: *act* | Noun: *acting*• *acteur***competition** /,kɒmpə'tɪʃ(ə)n/ Nouna *competition* is an event in which people try to win by doing something better than all the other people who are taking part*she won a writing competition when she was 20 | an international sports competition*Verb: *compete* | Noun: *competitor*• *concours***divorce** /dɪ'vɔ:(r)s/ Verbif two people *divorce* or *get divorced*, they officially end their marriage*my parents got divorced when I was 12 | he divorced his first wife after just three years*Noun: *divorce* | Adjective: *divorced*• *divorcer***instrument** /'ɪnstrəmənt/ Nouna musical *instrument* is an object that you can play music on, for example a guitar, a violin, or a trumpet

Collocates: musical instrument

*can you play any instruments? | I wish I could play a musical instrument*• *instrument***motorbike** /'məʊtə(r),baɪk/ Nouna *motorbike* is a vehicle with two wheels, like a bicycle, but with an engine

Collocates: ride a motorbike

*she bought a motorbike and travelled around Europe | I rode as a passenger on the back of the motorbike*• *moto***own** /əʊn/ Adjectiveif something is your *own* thing, it belongs to you*I want to start my own business when I'm older | they went back to their own homes after the war | I want to sleep in my own bed tonight*• *propre***rich** /rɪtʃ/ Adjectivesomeone who is *rich* has a lot of money*she wants to be rich | you won't get rich by being a teacher*• *riche***run** /rʌn/ Verbif you *run* a business, you control it*I run the restaurant that my grandfather started | she runs her own company*• *tenir***smoking** /'sməʊkɪŋ/ Noun uncount*smoking* is the habit of regularly using cigarettes or cigars*my dad's going to stop smoking | smoking is not allowed inside the hotel*Verb: *smoke* | Noun: *smoker*

Collocates: a heavy smoker

• *fumer***start** /stɑ:(r)t/ Verbif you *start* a business, you make it begin*I want to start my own business next year | they started an online shopping site*• *créer***stop** /stɒp/ Verbif you *stop* doing something, you do not do it any longer

Collocates: stop doing something

*my dad's going to stop smoking | I stopped going to school when I was 16 | stop telling me what to do!*• *arrêter de***travel** /'træv(ə)l/ Verbif you *travel*, you go from one place to another. If you go travelling, you spend a long period of time going to lots of different places*we've been travelling for six hours and we still haven't got home | we travelled to Thailand last year*• *voyager*

## STUDENT'S BOOK PAGES 74–75

### age /eɪdʒ/ Noun

your *age* is the amount of time you have been alive

*he died at the age of 86 | the average age in my class is 14 years and three months*

- âge

### create /kri'eɪt/ Verb

to *create* something means to make it start to exist

*my grandfather created the company 60 years ago | the government has promised to create 10,000 new jobs in a year*

Noun: *creation*

- créer

### cut /kʌt/ Verb

if you *cut* something, you reduce it by making it smaller in quantity or number

*we need to cut the number of cars on the road | a plan to cut costs | we will not cut services for young people*

Noun: *cut*

- réduire

### environment /ɪn'vaɪrənmənt/ Noun singular

the *environment* is the land, air, and natural water around us

Collocates: the natural environment | harm/damage the environment | protect the environment

*a project to help the environment | we need to do more to protect the environment*

Adjective: *environmental* | Adverb: *environmentally* |

Noun: *environmentalist*

Collocates: environmental damage/pollution

- environnement

### extra /'ekstrə/ Adjective

something that is *extra* is another thing as well as what is already there

*my parents want me to have extra English lessons | take an extra pullover in case it gets cold*

- supplémentaire

### health /helθ/ Noun uncount

your *health* is the condition of your body. If you are in good *health*, you are well, and you can also say that you are healthy. If you are in bad *health*, you are ill

Collocates: be in good/bad/poor health

*you're lucky you still have your health (that you are still well and fit) | I've been in poor health recently*

Adjective: *healthy*

- santé

### improved /ɪm'pru:vɪd/ Adjective

to improve something means to make it better. Something that is *improved* has been made better than it used to be

*the roads are much improved here | an improved bus service now runs till 11 at night*

Verb: *improve* | Noun: *improvement*

- meilleur

### line /laɪn/ Noun

a *line*, or a *railway line*, is the path that trains travel along

*they're planning a new metro line in Newcastle | they were doing repairs on the line*

- ligne

### mall /mɔ:l/ Noun

a *mall*, or a *shopping mall*, is a very large building in a city with a lot of shops inside it

*we spent the afternoon at a shopping mall | they're going to build a new mall on Stevenson Street*

- centre commercial

### noise /nɔɪz/ Noun

a *noise* is a sound that you can hear, especially a loud, unpleasant sound

Collocates: a loud noise | make a noise

*there was a lot of noise in the classroom | my dog is afraid of loud noises*

Adjective: *noisy*

- bruit

### plane /pleɪn/ Noun

a *plane* is a vehicle that flies in the air and carries passengers

*about 650 planes fly into Heathrow Airport every day | the plane carries 260 passengers*

- avion

### pollution /pə'lju:ʃ(ə)n/ Noun uncount

*pollution* is things like smoke from factories that damage the air that we breathe or the land and rivers and seas

*there'll be a lot of noise and pollution | people near the airport suffer from noise pollution*

Verb: *pollute* | Adjective: *polluted*

- pollution

### save /seɪv/ Verb

if you *save* time, you manage to spend less time than usual doing something

*I packed my suitcase the night before to save time in the morning | we can save time if we get the bus instead of walking*

- gagner

**speed** /spi:d/ Noun

the *speed* of something is how fast it is going  
*the plane can travel at a speed of 500 miles an hour | the wind speed is 20 miles an hour*

- vitesse

**stadium** /'steɪdiəm/ Noun

a *stadium* is a large open building around a sports field where lots of people can sit or stand to watch sports events or other entertainment  
*the new stadium opened in 2015 | the stadium holds 60,000 people*

- stade

**street light** /'stri:t laɪt/ Noun

a *street light* is a tall lamp that shines at night in a street  
*the street lights go off at midnight | his car hit a street light*

- réverbère

**technology** /tek'nɒlədʒi/ Noun

*technology* is the use of science and modern knowledge in making machines and doing things  
*we need to use technology more | the STEM subjects are science, technology, engineering, and maths*  
 Adjective: *technological*

- technologie

**tourist** /'tʊərɪst/ Noun

a *tourist* is someone who is visiting somewhere on holiday or for pleasure  
*Trafalgar Square was full of foreign tourists | a queue of tourists at the Eiffel Tower*  
 Noun: *tourism*

- touriste

**wi-fi** /'waɪfaɪ/ Noun uncount

*wi-fi* is a way of connecting a computer or other machine to the Internet without using any wires  
*there's free wi-fi in the café | what's the password for your wi-fi?*

- wi-fi

**STUDENT'S BOOK PAGE 76****accent** /'æks(ə)nt/ Noun

an *accent* is the way someone says words, and often shows what country or region they come from  
 Collocates: a slight/strong/heavy accent | a foreign accent  
*she speaks with an American accent | I lost my accent when I moved away from Wales*

- accent

**believe** /brɪ'li:v/ Verb

if you *believe* something, you are sure that it is true  
 Collocates: believe in something  
*do you believe in God? | I don't believe you (I think you told a lie) | he believed the world was flat!*  
 Noun: *belief*

- croire

**belong** /brɪ'lɒŋ/ Verb

if something *belongs* to you, it is yours and you own it  
 Collocates: belong to someone  
*who does this coat belong to? | the house has belonged to our family for a hundred years*  
 Noun: *belongings*

- appartenir

**cow** /kaʊ/ Noun

a large animal that farmers use for milk and meat  
*a herd of cows (a group of them) | every morning we milk the cows (take milk from them to sell)*

- vache

**fresh** /freʃ/ Adjective

food that is *fresh* is good to eat because it is not very old  
*these tomatoes are very fresh | I eat a lot of fresh fish | it will stay fresh for a few days in the fridge*

- frais

**grass** /grɑ:s/ Noun uncount

*grass* is a low green plant that grows all over the ground. It is made up of thin pointed green leaves  
*he's cutting the grass in the garden | cows eat grass*

- herbe

**own** /əʊn/ Verb

if you *own* something, it belongs to you  
*how many cars does he own? | she owned a house in Scotland*  
 Noun: *owner*

- posséder

**GIVE (GAVE, GIVING)**

*Give* can mean different things. Look at the examples below. Translate them. How many different verbs do you use in your language?

**present / money:** *my parents gave me a computer for my birthday / I was given £50 / I often give money to charity*

**pass to / put into hand:** *can you give me that bag? / give me your coat*

**do:** *I have to give a talk to the class / I gave a presentation at work*

**say something:** *she gave me some advice / can you give me directions there?*

**wait / time:** *can you give me a minute? / the teacher only gave us 20 minutes to answer all the questions*