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THINK

WORKBOOK STARTER

with Online Practice

Herbert Puchta, Jeff Stranks & Peter Lewis-Jones

A1

English
Profile

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WORKBOOK STARTER

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WELCOME

The alphabet

1 Listen and write the names and the cities.

Names

0 *Harry*

1 _____

2 _____

3 _____

4 _____

5 _____

Cities

1 _____

2 _____

3 _____

4 _____

5 _____

6 _____

2 Match to make the words.

0 **t**

1 **E**

2 **b**

3 **a**

4 **W**

5 **C**

...lphabet

...olour

...nglish

...ord

...ook

...hink

Colours

1 Listen and write the colours. Then co.



0 *black*



6 _____



1 _____



7 _____



2 _____



8 _____



3 _____



9 _____



4 _____



10 _____



5 _____

2 Find and circle eleven colours in the word snake.

greenorangeblackgreyblueredpurplepinkbrownwhiteyellow

International words

1 Unscramble the letters to make words.



0 trapior airport



1 sub _____



2 facé _____



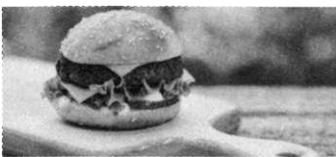
3 -fiw _____



4 ishus _____



5 bolaotfl _____



6 rbumagerh _____



7 thole _____



8 iytc _____



9 openh _____



10 zizap _____



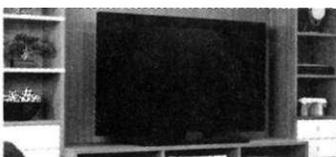
11 tranaurest _____



12 cinadsw _____



13 axit _____



14 inevilesto _____



15 bleatt _____

2 04 Listen and put the words in order.

- a hamburger
- b airport
- c phone
- d pizza
- e café
- f television
- g tablet
- h 7 sushi
- i hotel
- j city

SUMMING UP

1 05 Listen and draw.

1	2
3	4
5	6

Articles: a and an

1 Circle the correct options.

- 0 a / an orange bus
- 1 a / an Italian city
- 2 a / an American TV
- 3 a / an white tablet
- 4 a / an English actor
- 5 a / an hamburger
- 6 a / an black taxi
- 7 a / an phone
- 8 a / an grey airport
- 9 a / an red bus

2 Write the words in the list in the correct columns. How many more words can you write?

actor | airport | apple | city | hamburger
 hotel | orange | TV

a	an
city	

The day

1 Look at the pictures and complete the phrases.



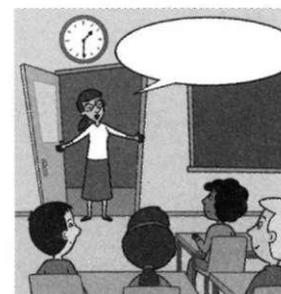
0 Good *m o r n i n g*



1 Good _____



2 Good _____



3 Good _____

Saying Hello and Goodbye

1 Write the words in the list under the pictures.

Bye | Good afternoon | Good evening | Good morning | Good night | Hello | Hi | See you



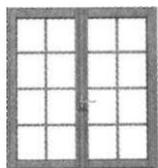
Classroom objects

1 Match the pictures with the words in the list. Write 1-10 in the boxes.

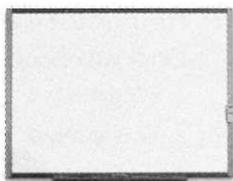
- 1 book | 2 chair | 3 computer | 4 desk
5 door | 6 pen | 7 pencil | 8 projector
9 board | 10 window



A



B



C



D



E



F



G



H



I



J

2 Find the words from Exercise 1 in the word search.

W	B	I	T	T	B	O	A	R	D
I	B	O	V	N	O	W	T	O	P
N	O	I	R	Q	O	M	K	T	E
D	P	Y	T	D	K	B	L	C	N
O	L	S	T	B	Z	K	S	E	D
W	N	V	M	I	Q	G	J	J	U
E	S	R	E	T	U	P	M	O	C
X	J	O	V	C	H	A	I	R	Z
L	R	O	L	I	C	N	E	P	M
G	S	D	H	X	E	K	L	Q	B

SUMMING UP

1 Put the dialogues in order. Then listen and check.

Dialogue 1

- 7 CONNOR Good morning, Mr Davis.
- CONNOR I'm fine. And you?
- MR DAVIS Hello, Connor. How are you?
- MR DAVIS I'm great, thanks.

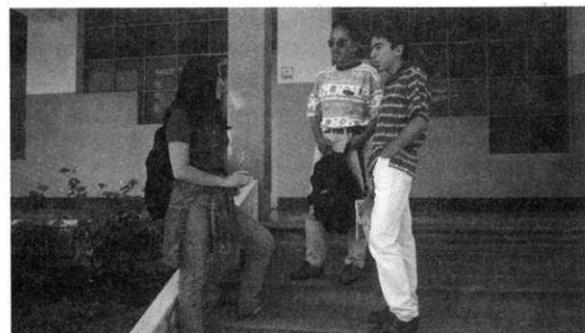
Dialogue 2

- LEWIS Yeah, have a good day.
- LEWIS Bye, Paula.
- PAULA Bye, Lewis. See you later.

Dialogue 3

- LUCY I'm fine, thank you.
- LUCY Bye, Mrs Edwards.
- 1 LUCY Good afternoon, Mrs Edwards.
- MRS EDWARDS Good. I'll see you in class.
- MRS EDWARDS Hello, Lucy. How are you?

2 Write short dialogues.



OLIVIA *Hello*.....
JIM,
BRIAN,
OLIVIA



TIM,
DAD

Numbers 0-20

1 Write the numbers in the boxes.

1 four	<input type="text" value="4"/>	12 seven	<input type="text"/>
2 eight	<input type="text"/>	13 sixteen	<input type="text"/>
3 twenty	<input type="text"/>	14 eighteen	<input type="text"/>
4 five	<input type="text"/>	15 ten	<input type="text"/>
5 twelve	<input type="text"/>	16 fourteen	<input type="text"/>
6 six	<input type="text"/>	17 three	<input type="text"/>
7 eleven	<input type="text"/>	18 thirteen	<input type="text"/>
8 one	<input type="text"/>	19 seventeen	<input type="text"/>
9 fifteen	<input type="text"/>	20 two	<input type="text"/>
10 nineteen	<input type="text"/>	21 nine	<input type="text"/>
11 zero	<input type="text"/>		

Plural nouns

1 How many? Find, count and write the plurals.

book | chair | child | computer | door | man
pencil | pen | phone | window | woman



0 eight	<u>men</u>
1 three	_____
2 seven	_____
3 fifteen	_____
4 eighteen	_____
5 two	_____
6 one	_____
7 zero	_____
8 twelve	_____
9 four	_____
10 six	_____

Classroom language

1 Circle the correct options.



0 Close your books. /
What does this mean?



1 Put up your hand.
Close your books.



2 Listen. /
That's right.



3 Work with a partner.
That's wrong.



4 Listen. /
Look at the picture.



5 Work with a partner.
Put up your hand.



6 Open your books. /
Look at the picture.

Numbers 20–100

1 Write the numbers.

- 0 seventy 70
- 1 thirty _____
- 2 forty _____
- 3 ninety _____
- 4 a hundred _____
- 5 fifty _____
- 6 twenty _____
- 7 sixty _____
- 8 eighty _____
- 9 thirty-four _____
- 10 sixty-eight _____
- 11 twenty-one _____
- 12 ninety-nine _____
- 13 fifty-three _____

2 Listen and write the numbers.

- a thirty-four
- b _____
- c _____
- d _____
- e _____
- f _____
- g _____
- h _____
- i _____
- j _____
- k _____

Messages

1 Listen to the messages and circle the correct options.

Message 1

Hi, Luke

Message from Paul ¹Jones / James.
 His house number is ²7 / 8.
 The bus number is ³8 / 9.
 His phone number is ⁴0987868758 / 0987886758.

Message 2

Hi, Debbie

Message from ⁵Claire / Clare ⁶Green / Greene.
 Her house number is ⁷44 / 34.
 The bus number is ⁸15 / 16.
 Her phone number is
 01244 ⁹7564453 / 5634453.

SUMMING UP

1 Listen and complete the messages.

Message 1

Hi, Martin

Message from Mr ⁰ Cleverly.
 His house number is ¹ _____
 The bus number is ² _____
 His phone number is ³ _____

Message 2

Hi, Chloe

Message from Jane ⁴ _____
 Her house number is ⁵ _____
 The bus number is ⁶ _____
 Her phone number is ⁷ _____

1 ONE WORLD

GRAMMAR

Question words SB page 14

1 ★ Complete the sentences with the correct question words.

0 What is your name?

1 _____ old are you?

2 _____ are you from?



3 _____ is your favourite athlete?

4 _____ is he/she your favourite athlete?

2 ★★★ Write answers to the questions in Exercise 1 so they are true for you.

- 0 *My name is* _____
- 1 _____
- 2 _____
- 3 _____
- 4 _____

Pronunciation

/h/ or /w/ in question words

Go to page 118.



3 ★★★ Look at the pictures and **circle** the words.



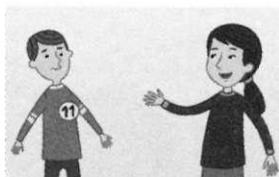
0 He / **She** / It is h



1 We / You / I are I



2 They / We / You a Japanese.



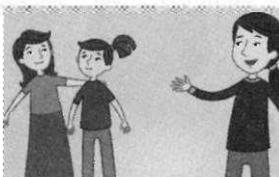
3 She / He / It is elev



4 I / She / We am Ca



5 We / They / You are Fred.



6 We / You / They are sisters.



7 I / It / You is the Brazi flag.

to be SB

4 ★ Complete the table with the words in the list.

am | are | are | are | is | is | is

0	I	am	Paul.
1	You		13.
2	He		happy.
3	She		from Mexico.
4	It		Japanese.
5	We		sisters.
6	They		friends.

6 ★★ Rewrite the sentences using short forms.

0 It is a Turkish flag.

It's a Turkish flag.

1 She is Russian.

2 You are a good friend.

3 They are British.

4 We are from London.

5 I am Paul. What is your name?

6 He is 12 today.

5 ★★ Complete the sentences with the verb to be. Use short forms.

0 You 're Russian.

5 She _____ American.



1 I _____ Portuguese.



2 We _____ Mexican.



3 They _____ Brazilian.



4 He _____ Spanish.

GET IT RIGHT! 

Subject-verb agreement with be

We use the form of be that agrees with the subject.

✓ They are from Italy.

✗ They is from Italy.

Correct the sentences.

0 There are a beautiful beach.

There is a beautiful beach.

1 The lessons is for two hours.

2 It are cold today.

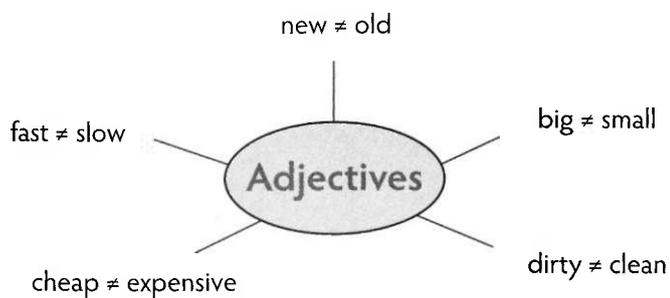
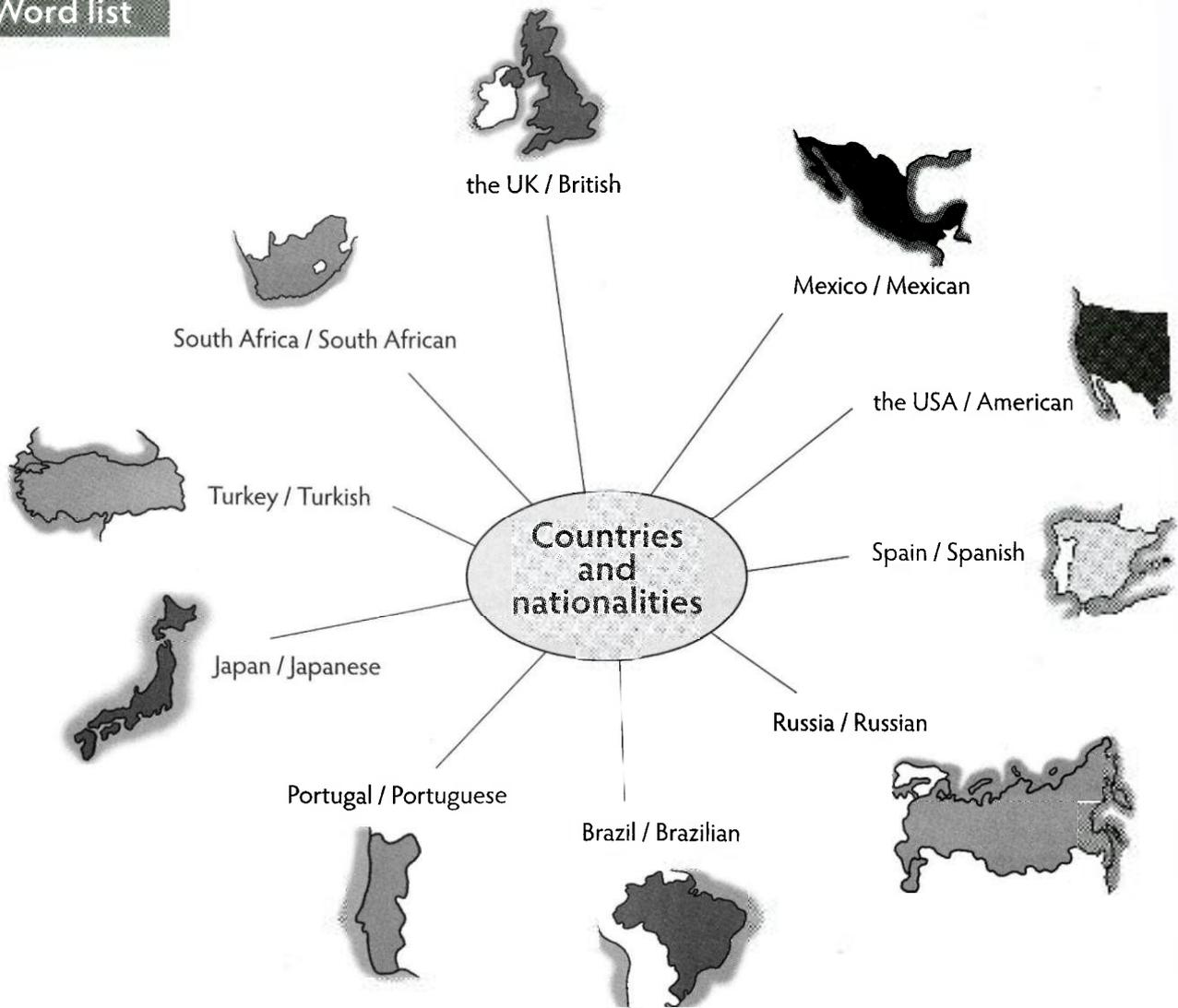
3 Are the English player good?

4 We's from France.

5 My favourite country are the USA.

VOCABULARY

Word list



Key words in context

- athlete** Usain Bolt is a famous **athlete** from Jamaica.
- country** Mexico is a beautiful **country**.
- fan** I'm a great **fan** of Jennifer Lawrence.
- flag** The American **flag** is red, white and blue.
- nationality** What's your **nationality**?
- player** Gareth Bale is my favourite football **player**.

Countries and nationalities

SB page 14

1 ★★ Find ten countries in the word search. Then write the countries.

N	H	I	S	O	C	I	X	E	M
I	B	R	A	Z	I	L	S	G	E
A	B	V	J	A	S	K	O	J	T
K	C	N	A	M	P	S	U	I	U
U	Y	E	I	F	A	L	T	C	R
E	M	Z	S	E	S	L	H	G	K
H	P	B	S	K	P	R	A	H	E
T	H	E	U	S	A	U	F	X	Y
A	C	V	R	W	I	Z	R	B	J
E	J	A	P	A	N	A	I	T	Q
R	R	K	A	Y	H	B	C	N	M
G	P	O	R	T	U	G	A	L	D

- 0 Brazil
- 1 _____
- 2 _____
- 3 _____
- 4 _____
- 5 _____
- 6 _____
- 7 _____
- 8 _____
- 9 _____

2 ★★ Complete the words.

- 0 Oliver's from Cape Town. He's South Africa an .
- 1 He's from London. He's Briti _____ .
- 2 I'm from Mexico City. I'm Mexic _____ .
- 3 She's from New York. She's Americ _____ .
- 4 They're from Barcelona. They're Span _____ .
- 5 You're from Moscow. You're Russi _____ .
- 6 My mum is from Rio. She's Brazili _____ .
- 7 Our teacher is from Lisbon. He's Portugu _____ .
- 8 Haruki is from Tokyo. He's Japan _____ .
- 9 They're from Istanbul. They're Turk _____ .

Adjectives SB page 17

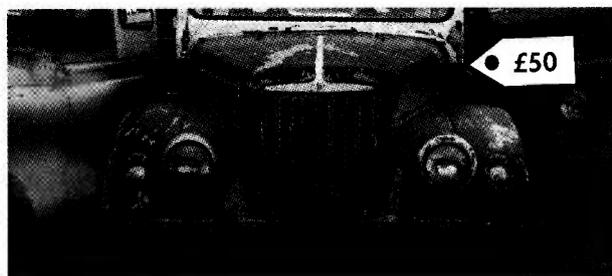
3 ★★★ Write the adjectives under the pictures.

big | cheap | clean | dirty | expensive
fast | new | old | slow | small



The car is ...

- 0 expensive
- 1 _____
- 2 _____
- 3 _____
- 4 _____



The car is ...

- 5 _____
- 6 _____
- 7 _____
- 8 _____
- 9 _____

4 ★★★ Put the words in order to make sentences.

- 0 book / English / My / new / is
My English book is new.
- 1 red / Her / is / pen

- 2 is / house / old / Our

- 3 fast / bikes / Their / are

- 4 big / school / Our / is

- 5 My / small / bedroom / is

- 6 car / Her / expensive / is

READING

- 1 **REMEMBER AND CHECK** Complete the table. Then look at the website on page 13 of the Student check your answers.

Name	Age	Country	City	Favourite athlete
Pedro	10			
Brittany				
Oleg				
Haruka				

- 2 Read the text quickly. Where are they from? Match the names with the countries.

- | | | |
|------------|--------------------------|----------------|
| 0 Juan | <input type="checkbox"/> | a Turkey |
| 1 Mary Lou | <input type="checkbox"/> | b South Africa |
| 2 Ibrahim | <input type="checkbox"/> | c Mexico |
| 3 Rebecca | <input type="checkbox"/> | d the USA |
| 4 Lucy | <input type="checkbox"/> | e the UK |



Hi, my name's Juan. I'm from Acapulco. I'm Mexican. I'm twelve years old.
My favourite athlete is James Rodriguez. He's a football player from Colombia. He's great.

My name's Mary Lou. I'm ten years old. I'm American. I'm from Dallas.
My favourite athlete is Rafael Nadal. He's a tennis player. He's Spanish. He's awesome.

Hi, I'm Ibrahim. I'm from Istanbul. I'm Turkish. I'm eleven years old.
My favourite athlete is Ellie Simmonds. She's a swimmer from the UK. She's really fast.

My name's Rebecca. I'm twelve years old. I'm South African. I'm from Cape Town.
My favourite athlete is Marta. She's a footballer. She's Brazilian. She's amazing.

My name's Lucy. I'm eleven years old. I'm British. I'm from Liverpool.
My favourite athlete is Usain Bolt. He's a runner. He's Jamaican. He's great.

- 3 Read the text again. Mark the sentences T (true) or F (false).

- | | |
|--|--------------------------|
| 0 Juan is from Mexico City. | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 1 Juan's favourite athlete is a football player. | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 2 Mary Lou is ten. | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 3 Mary Lou's favourite athlete is a Brazilian tennis player. | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 4 Ibrahim is from Turkey. | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 5 Ellie Simmonds is an American swimmer. | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 6 Rebecca is eleven. | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 7 Rebecca is from Brazil. | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 8 Lucy is from Liverpool. | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 9 Lucy's favourite athlete is a woman. | <input type="checkbox"/> |

<input type="checkbox"/>

DEVELOPING WRITING

About me

Read the mini questionnaire. Then complete the text with the missing words.

Bournemouth Sports Academy

Be the Best – Summer Sports Camp on the English Coast!
Tennis, football, volleyball, athletics – we can help you be the best!

We want to know all about you.

What's your name? *Pedro Velho*

Where are you from? *Nova Friburgo in Brazil*

How old are you? *12*

Who's your favourite athlete? *Lionel Messi*

Who's your favourite pop star? *will.i.am*



Hi, my name is ⁰ *Pedro*

I'm Brazilian. I'm from ¹ _____

I'm ² _____ years old.

My favourite athlete is _____

He's a football player from Argentina.
He's amazing. I love football!

I love music, too. My favourite pop star is _____

⁴ _____ . He's awesome.

2 Use the text to complete the questionnaire.

Hi, my name is *Amy Davies*. I'm *American*.

I'm from *Seattle*. I'm *eleven* years old.

My favourite athlete is *Serena Williams*.

She's a *tennis* player from the *USA*.

She's *awesome*. I love *tennis*!

I love music, too. My favourite pop star is *Taylor Swift*. She's *great*.

Bournemouth Sports Academy

Be the Best – Summer Sports Camp on the English Coast!
Tennis, football, volleyball, athletics – we can help you be the best!

We want to know all about you.

What's your name? ⁰ *Amy Davies*

Where are you from? ¹ _____

How old are you? ² _____

Who's your favourite athlete? ³ _____

Who's your favourite pop star? ⁴ _____

3 Complete the text about you.

Hi, my name is ¹ _____ . I'm ² _____ I'm from ³ _____

I'm ⁴ _____ years old. My favourite athlete is ⁵ _____ . He's / She's a

⁶ _____ from ⁷ _____ . He's / She's ⁸ _____ . I love ⁹ _____

I love music, too. My favourite pop star is ¹⁰ _____ . He's / She's ¹¹ _____ .

LISTENING

1 Listen to the dialogue. Number the people in the order you hear them.



2 Listen again and write the names in the list under the pictures in Exercise 1.

Ayse | Keiko | Kayla | Roberto | Steve

3 **Circle** the correct answers (A or B).

- 0 Keiko is from ...
 (A) Japan. B Lisbon.
- 1 Roberto is from ...
 A Beijing. B Lisbon.
- 2 Ayse is from ...
 A Istanbul. B Moscow.
- 3 Steve is from ...
 A London. B Cape Town.
- 4 Kayla is from ...
 A London. B Cape Town.

DIALOGUE

1 Choose the correct answers (A, B or C) to complete the dialogue.

BOY Hi, what's your name?

GIRL I'm 0 A 12.
 B Brazil.
 (C) Julia.

BOY And where are you from?

GIRL 1 A I'm American.
 B I'm 10.
 C Sara.

BOY What city are you from?

GIRL 2 A Japan.
 B New York.
 C Mexico.

BOY New York's a beautiful city.

GIRL 3 A Yes, I am.
 B Yes, it is.
 C Yes, they are.

BOY Who's your favourite singer?

GIRL 4 A Pharrell Williams.
 B Ronaldo.
 C Yes.

BOY Why is he your favourite singer?

GIRL 5 A No.
 B Yes.
 C Because he's awesome.

BOY Nice to meet you, Julia.

GIRL 6 A Yes.
 B No.
 C Nice to meet you, too.

PHRASES FOR FLUENCY SB page 19

1 Match the phrases 1–4 with their similar meaning

- | | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|
| 1 How's it going? | <input type="checkbox"/> | a Goodbye. |
| 2 See you later. | <input type="checkbox"/> | b How are you? |
| 3 I know. | <input type="checkbox"/> | c Great. |
| 4 That is so awesome! | <input type="checkbox"/> | d You're right. |

2 Use the phrases 1–4 in Exercise 1 to complete the dialogues.

- 1 A Hi, Connor. _____
 B I'm fine, thanks.
- 2 A Bye, Janice.
 B Bye, Tim. _____
- 3 A This is my new laptop.
 B _____
- 4 A Liam's a great football player.
 B _____

Sum it up

Complete the

The Big World Quiz

1 Where do you find these things?



- A. the USA
- B. the UK
- C. Spain



- A. Mexico
- B. Brazil
- C. Japan



- A. the USA
- B. Turkey
- C. Russia



- A. Japan
- B. Portugal
- C. Spain

3 Where are these capital cities?

- 1. Paris
 - A. Portugal
 - B. Brazil
 - C. Mexico
- 2. Moscow
 - A. the UK
 - B. Spain
 - C. South Africa
- 3. Ankara
 - A. the USA
 - B. Turkey
 - C. Japan
- 4. Brasilia
 - A. Mexico
 - B. Brazil

2 Where do they say 'hello' like this?

- 1. Hello, good morning
 - A. the UK
 - B. France
 - C. Brazil
- 2. Buenos Dias
 - A. Spain
 - B. Turkey
 - C. Russia
- 3. Hello, good afternoon
 - A. Brazil
 - B. the USA
 - C. Japan
- 4. Merhaba
 - A. Spain
 - B. Turkey
 - C. Russia

4 Who is from ...

- 1. Anna
 - A. the UK
 - B. the USA
 - C. the USA
- 2. the girl
 - A. Turkey
 - B. Brazil
 - C. the USA
- 3. the boy
 - A. the USA
 - B. the USA
 - C. the USA
- 4. the girl
 - A. Turkey
 - B. Brazil
 - C. the USA

1 B 2 A 3 B 4 A 2 1 A 2 A 3 C 4 B 3 1 A 2 C 3 B 4 C 4 1 A 2 C 3 B 4 A

ANSWERS

2 I FEEL HAPPY

GRAMMAR

to be (negative, singular and plural)

SB page 22

1 ★★ Circle the correct form of to be.

- 0 Joe is am happy today. It 's / 're his birthday.
 1 We am / are excited. We 's / 're on holiday.
 2 It 's / 'm late. I 's / 'm tired.
 3 Helen and Amanda is / are happy today.
 They is / are in the tennis team.
 4 You are / is angry.
 5 It is / are hot here.

2 ★★ Complete the sentences with the correct negative form of to be.

- 0 I 'm not tired. I'm worried.
 1 James _____ happy. He's bored.
 2 Sarah and Jane _____ worried. They're excited.
 3 We _____ angry with you. We're worried about you. That's all.
 4 Susan _____ happy at her new school.
 Her new classmates _____ very friendly.
 5 It _____ hot in here. It's cold. Close the window.
 6 I _____ hungry. I'm thirsty.

to be (questions and short answers)

SB page 22

3 ★★ Circle the correct form of to be.

- 1 A Is / Are Martin and Matt with you?
 B No, they isn't / aren't.
 2 A Am / Is I in your team?
 B Yes, you is / are.
 3 A Am / Are you on the beach now?
 B No, we isn't / aren't.
 4 A Is / Are Nick at home?
 B No, he isn't / aren't.
 5 A Is / Are Emma at school today?
 B Yes, she is / are.
 6 A Am / Are you American?
 B No, I 'm not / aren't.

4 ★★ Write the questions. Then write at the questions so they are true for you.

- 0 your name / Mary?
Is your name Mary? No.
 1 you / 15?

 2 you / Mexican?

 3 your mum / a teacher?

 4 your dad / from England?

 5 you / happy?

 6 your / classmates / friendly?

5 ★★ Complete the text messages with the form of to be.

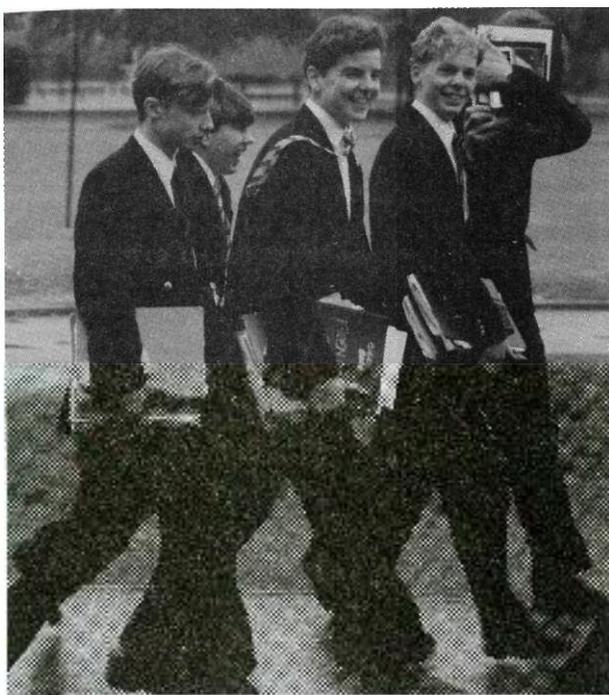
Hi, Kathy. 0 Are you happy?
 1 _____ your new school OK?
 2 _____ the students friendly?
 3 _____ it sunny there? It
 4 _____ (X) sunny here ☹️.
 School 5 _____ (X) the same
 without you ☹️. Text me.

Hi, Marie. I 6 _____ (✓) happy ☺️
 School 7 _____ (✓) very differen
 here in Australia. There 8 _____
 ten boys and twelve girls in my class.
 The girls 9 _____ (✓) very friendl
 but the boys 10 _____ (X) ☹️.
 It 11 _____ (✓) very hot and sunny
 here ☺️. And guess what? There
 12 _____ (✓) a swimming pool in
 the playground ☺️. It 13 _____ (X)
 all bad!

Object pronouns

★ ★ ★ Complete the sentences with *me, him, her, us, you* and *them*.

My new school



- 0 My new school is excellent. I really like it.
- 1 The school dinners are great. I like _____.
- 2 Our English teacher is Mrs Smith. I like _____.
- 3 We are good students. Mrs Smith is very happy with _____.
- 4 Tim is my best friend here. He's great. I really like _____.
- 5 I'm friendly. My classmates like _____.
- 6 Are you friendly? Do your classmates like _____?

7 ★ ★ ★ Complete the dialogues so they are true for you. Use the correct object pronouns.

- 0 A Do you like Neymar? (name of a sports person)
B Yes, I really like him.
- 1 A Do you like _____? (name of a girl singer)
B Yes, I like _____. She's great.
- 2 A Do you like _____? (name of pop group)
B No, I don't like _____. They're terrible.
- 3 A Do you like _____? (name of an actor)
B Yes, I like _____. He's an excellent actor.
- 4 A Do you like _____? (name of a film)
B Yes, I like _____. It's very funny.

8 ★ ★ ★ Write questions with *like* and the word in brackets. Then write answers to the questions so they are true for you.

- 0 Katy Perry? (you)
Do you like Katy Perry?
Yes, I like her. She's a great singer.
- 1 the TV programme *Dr Who*? (you)

- 2 football? (your dad)

- 3 One Direction? (your best friend)

- 4 Taylor Swift? (you)

- 5 comedy films? (your mum)

- 6 the song 'Good Feeling' by Flo Rida? (you)

- 7 talent shows? (your mum and dad)

GET IT RIGHT! 

Object pronouns

We use *it* in the singular and *them* in the plural

- ✓ I don't want this sweet. You have *it*.
- ✓ I don't want these sweets. You have *them*.
- ✗ I don't want these sweets. You have *it*.

Circle the correct options.

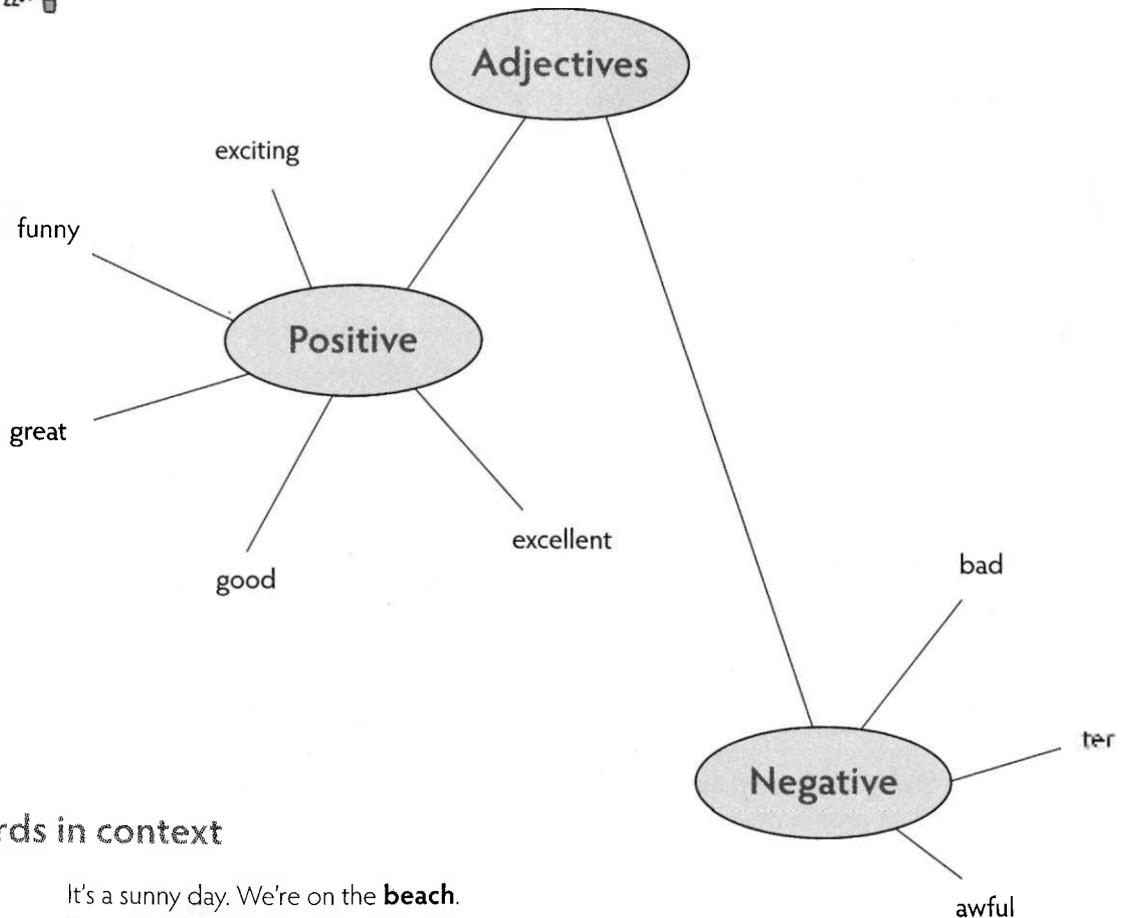
- 0 This is my school. I like it / them.
- 1 I play computer games. I like it / them.
- 2 My dad has a really cool phone. I want it / them!
- 3 My country is small but I like it / them a lot.
- 4 One Direction? I don't like it / them.
- 5 My friends are here. I play football with it / them every afternoon.
- 6 Here is my homework. I finished it / them this morning.

VOCABULARY

Word list

Adjectives to describe feelings

cold		sad		bored	
hot		worried		angry	
hungry		excited		tired	
thirsty					



Key words in context

- beach** It's a sunny day. We're on the **beach**.
- bus** I'm on the **bus** with my friends.
- club** It's a **club**. They do lots of different activities there.
- film** I like comedy **films**. They're funny.
- friendly** I like Kate. She's very **friendly**.
- holiday** My friend is on **holiday** in Australia.
- mask** My mum's carnival **mask** is very beautiful.
- song** I love the **song** 'Royals' by Lorde.
- stadium** I'm at the **stadium**. There's a football match today.
- sweets** I like chocolate and **sweets**.
- team** Mike is in our football **team**.
- train** We're on the **train** with my mum.

Adjectives to describe feelings

SB page 22

★☆☆ Unscramble the letters to make adjectives.

- 0 redit t i r e d
 1 xcetied _____
 2 orrwied _____
 3 yangr _____
 4 orbed _____
 5 oht _____
 6 styirth _____
 7 das _____
 8 dloc _____
 9 grynuh _____

2 ★☆☆ Complete the sentences with the adjectives in Exercise 1.

- 0 It's late and you're tired. Go to bed.
 1 My new bike is broken. My dad's _____ with me.
 2 I'm _____. Let's play a game on your tablet.
 3 My friends are _____. There's a football match at our school today.
 4 There's an exam at school today. Simon's _____.
 5 Andy's dog is ill. He's _____.
 6 I'm hot and _____. Can I have a drink?
 7 He's _____. He wants a sandwich.
 8 It's winter. It's _____.
 9 We're _____. Let's go for a swim!

3 ★☆☆ Circle the correct adjectives.

- 0 A Are you worried / excited about the exam tomorrow?
 B No, I'm not. It's an easy exam.
 1 A Is Kate excited / bored about the holiday?
 B Yes, she is.
 2 A It's cold / hot today. Let's go for a swim.
 B Yes, OK. That's a good idea.
 3 A Are you hungry / thirsty?
 B Yes, I am.
 A Let's have some pizza then.
 4 A It's really hot / cold in here.
 B You're right. Let's close the window.
 5 A I'm really tired / thirsty.
 B Here's a bottle of water.
 A Thanks.
 6 A Mum's angry / sad with you.
 B Why?
 A You're late home.

Positive and negative adjectives

SB page 25

4 ★☆☆ Unscramble the words and complete the sentences.

- 0 He's a bad actor. (dba)
 1 She's a _____ player. (ogod)
 2 São Paulo is a _____ city. (arget)
 3 The weather today _____. (fluwa)
 4 It's a _____ game. (unfyn)
 5 There's an exam today. It's _____! (ritlerbe)
 6 The pizzas here are _____. (etnlcxele)
 7 Volleyball is an _____ sport. (igecntix)

5 ★☆☆ Complete the sentences so they are true for you.

- 0 Shakira is a great singer.
 1 _____ is a good book.
 2 _____ is a funny actor.
 3 _____ is a terrible sport.
 4 _____ is a great football player.
 5 _____ is an exciting city.
 6 _____ is an awful computer game.
 7 _____ is a bad song.
 8 _____ and _____ are excellent games.

6 ★☆☆ Complete the dialogues so they are true for you. Use Yes, I do or No, I don't and an adjective from the list.

awful | bad | excellent | exciting
funny | good | great | terrible

- 0 A Do you like football?
 B Yes, I do. It's a(n) great sport.
 1 A Do you like swimming?
 B _____. It's a(n) _____ sport.
 2 A Do you like the Harry Potter books?
 B _____. They're _____ books.
 3 A Do you like basketball?
 B _____. It's a(n) _____ game.
 4 A Do you like Ronaldo?
 B _____. He's a(n) _____ football player.
 5 A Do you like *The Hobbit* films?
 B _____. They're _____ films.

Pronunciation

Vowel sounds – adjectives

Go to page 118.



READING

1 **REMEMBER AND CHECK** Complete the sentences with *likes* or *doesn't like*. Then look at the dial 24 of the Student's Book and check your answers.

- 0 Nick doesn't like Formula One.
 1 Connor _____ Ben Stiller.
 2 Nick _____ him.
 3 Nick _____ One Direction.
 4 Nick _____ ice cream.
 5 Nick _____ Jenny Carter.

2 Read the profile of a famous singer quickly. Find and underline the answers to these questions.

- 1 What's her real name?
 2 What's her stage name?

Name: Ella Yelich-O'Connor
Stage Name: Lorde
Nationality: New Zealander
Place of Birth: New Zealand
Likes: photography, music and books

The year is 2013. Ella Yelich-O'Connor is at secondary school. She's a sixteen-year old teenager from New Zealand. Her mother's name is Sonja Yelich and she's Croatian. Her father's name is Vic O'Connor and he's Irish. Ella is a famous singer, and her hit 'Royals' is at the top of the New Zealand charts. Her first album is in the top five in the UK, Canada, the USA, Ireland and Norway. Maybe it's a hit in your country, too! Ella Yelich-O'Connor is a queen of pop. She likes electronic music and she really likes hip hop.

*She's a style icon but does she like fashion?
 Yes, she does. She loves clothes.*

*Does she like social media?
 Yes, she does. She likes Twitter and Instagram.*

*What does she like?
 Ella likes books - all kinds of books. Books are important to her. The words of her songs are from books and her songs are like short stories.*



3 Read the profile again and write short answers to the questions.

- 0 Is her stage name Ella? No, it isn't.
 1 Does she like photography? _____
 2 Is Lorde from New York? _____
 3 Is her father Irish? _____
 4 Is she a singer? _____
 5 Does she like electronic music? _____
 6 Does she like clothes? _____
 7 Are books important to her? _____
 8 Is she popular in your country? _____

DEVELOPING WRITING

text message

Read the text messages and underline the adjectives.

a
Hi, Amy. Are you still bored? Read a book! My favourite book is *Anne of Green Gables*. It's a great story. I really like Anne. She's friendly and funny. It's a happy story ☺. Please read it.
Kate

b
Hi, Matt. I'm at the cinema. The film is terrible. I don't like it. The actors are very bad. I don't like them. I'm really bored ☹. Where are you? Text me.
Tim

c
Hi, James. Are you at home? Listen to this song. It's great. The singer is excellent. The guitarist is good. I really like the song. Do you like it? Text me.
Lara

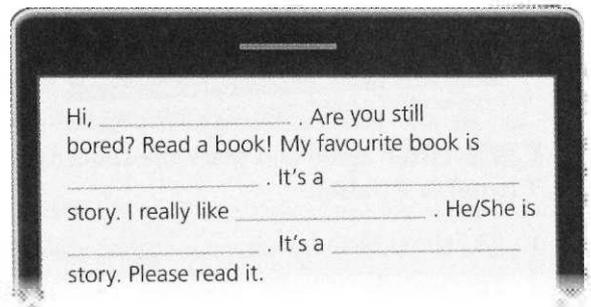
d
Hi, Sally. Thank you for the film. It's very funny. I really like it. My sister likes it too.
Jim Carrey is great. He's a very funny actor. The other actors are good, too. Speak soon.
Hannah

e
Hi, Tony. The song is terrible. The singer is awful. How is it number 1? I don't like it. My friends don't like it. Do you like it?
Jake

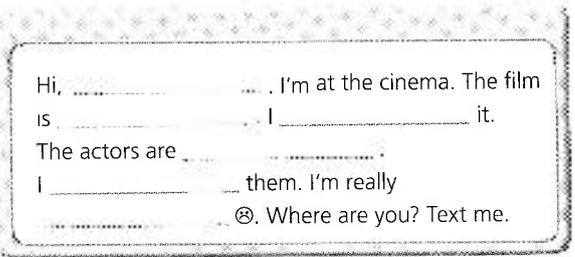
3 Look at the text messages in Exercise 1. Use *likes* or *doesn't like* to complete the sentences.

- 0 Kate likes the book. It's a happy story.
- 1 Tim _____ the film. It's _____.
- 2 Lara _____ the song. It's _____.
- 3 Hannah _____ the film. It's _____.
- 4 Jake _____ the song. It's _____.

4 You like a book and you want to text a friend about it. Complete the text message.



5 You don't like a film and you want to text a friend about it. Complete the text message.



6 Think about a film, a book, a band or a song and write notes about it.

Title: _____
like / don't like great / terrible

2 Write the adjectives in Exercise 1 in the correct columns.

Positive	Negative
	bored

Writing tip: Some useful language

- I like / don't like the film.
- I really like / love the film.
- The film / book / band / song is funny / exciting / sad.
- The actor(s) / singer(s) is / are great / terrible / awful.
- The ending is happy / sad.

7 Now write a short text message about the film, book, band or song. Write 35–50 words.

LISTENING

- 1 **DIS** Listen to the dialogues. Which dialogue (1-5) matches the photo?



- 2 **DIS** Listen again and mark the sentences T (true) or F (false).

- | | |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1 It's Emma's birthday. | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> |
| 2 Tom is cold. | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 3 John doesn't like English. | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 4 Tim doesn't like the film. | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 5 Helen's cat is ill. | <input type="checkbox"/> |

- 3 **DIS** Listen again and **circle** the correct options.

- 1 A Hi, Jane.
B Oh, hi, Kate.
A It's Emma's birthday today. Is she *happy* / **excited**?
B Yes, she is. I'm *happy* / *excited*, too.
- 2 A What's the matter?
B It's *hot* / *cold* in here. Are you *hot* / *cold*, Tom?
A *No, I'm not.* / *Yes, I am.* I'm wearing a jumper.
B Well, I'm very *hot* / *cold*. Can you *open* / *close* the window?
A OK.
- 3 A There's an exam tomorrow. Are you worried, John?
B No, I'm not worried about it. I *like* / *don't like* English. I'm just tired.
A Well, I'm worried. I'm very worried. I *like* / *don't like* English.
- 4 A What's wrong, Tim? Are you *tired* / *bored*?
B No, I'm not. I'm just *tired* / *bored*. I don't like this film.
A Why? I *like* / *don't like* it. It's very funny.
- 5 A What's the matter with Helen? Why is she *sad* / *angry*?
B Her cat's ill. It's at the vet.
A Oh, no. That's *sad* / *terrible*. Poor Helen.

DIALOGUE

- 1 Complete the dialogue with the words.

don't like | funny | great | likes
likes | terrible

A Do you like the song 'Let it Go' from the film *Frozen*?

B No, I don't. But my little sister ⁰ _____ / _____. It's her favourite song. She sings it all the time. In fact, she ¹ _____ all the songs.

A Do you like the film?

B No, I don't. It's ² _____. I ³ _____ animation films.

A Ah, I really like it. It's a ⁴ _____ film. I ⁵ _____ it.

TRAIN TO THINK

Categorising

- 1 Put the words in the list into categories. **four words for each category.**

beach | Brazil | cold | New Zealand | school
stadium | the USA | theatre
thirsty | tired | Turkey

Countries	Feelings	Places
<i>the USA</i>	<i>cold</i>	<i>stadium</i>

- 2 Put words in these three categories.

Nationalities	Colours	Classroom things

- 3 Name the categories.

1	2	3
good	fourteen	Lara
great	sixty-three	Tim
terrible	one hundred	Katy

EXAM SKILLS: Reading

Skimming

Reading tip

- Read the questions first. Then read the text quickly.
- Think about what type of text it is. Is it a newspaper article? A letter or an email? A text message?
- Underline the 'important' words, such as adjectives, nouns and verbs.
- Try to answer *Wh*- questions – *Who*, *What*, *When* and *Where*.

1 Skim the text in Exercise 4. What type is it?

- A a newspaper article
- B an email
- C a text message

2 Find and write these 'important' words from the text.

two emotions

two positive adjectives

two negative adjectives

3 Complete the table with information about the text.

Who?	
What?	
When?	
Where?	

4 Read the text again and choose the correct answers (A or B).

Hi, Tess,

I'm bored. It's my little brother Tim's birthday today. He's eight. He's very excited. All his friends are here. It's hot and sunny. They're in the garden now. His friends from his school football team are here. So of course, they all like football. His favourite team is Chelsea. I like Chelsea, too. They're an excellent team. Guess what his present from me is? It's a Chelsea football! Oh, and a book – *Henry Hunter and the Beast of Snagon*. It's a great story and I really like the pictures. They're excellent.

His presents from Mum and Dad are a bike and a DVD. It's a really good bike but the film is terrible. It's called *Dumb and Dumber*. I don't like it. It isn't funny ☹.

It's 11 am – Tim's birthday lunch is in an hour. But I'm hungry now. There's a big birthday cake ☺.

See you soon,

Samantha

- 0 Is Samantha excited?
 - A Yes, she is.
 - B No, she isn't.
- 1 Is it her brother's birthday today?
 - A Yes, it is.
 - B No, it isn't.
- 2 Is it a hot day?
 - A Yes, it is.
 - B No, it isn't.
- 3 Samantha _____ Chelsea.
 - A likes
 - B doesn't like
- 4 *Henry Hunter and the Beast of Snagon* is a/an _____ book.
 - A awful
 - B great
- 5 Samantha doesn't like the *Dumb and Dumber* films. They _____ funny.
 - A are
 - B aren't
- 6 Is Samantha thirsty?
 - A Yes, she is.
 - B No, she isn't.

CONSOLIDATION

LISTENING

1 Listen to Annie and **circle** the correct answers (A, B or C).

1 Annie is from ...

A



the USA

B



South Africa

C



Mexico

2 She's ...

A 12. B 13. C 14.

3 Her best friend is from ...

A



Brazil

B



South Africa

C



the UK

4 Her best friend is called ...

- A Paulo.
- B Pedro.
- C Marcel.

2 Listen again and mark the sentences T (true) or F (false).

- 1 Annie is from Cape Town.
- 2 She doesn't like sport.
- 3 Her favourite athlete is a tennis player.
- 4 Her favourite singer is Taylor Swift.
- 5 Her best friend is Spanish.
- 6 Her best friend is the same age as her.

VOCABULARY

3 Complete the sentences with the word. There are two extra words.

angry | exciting | expensive | fast | hungry
Japanese | old | Russian | terrible | thirsty

- 1 Piano lessons aren't cheap. They're _____.
- 2 Yuka is from Japan. She's _____.
- 3 Dmitri is from Moscow. He's _____.
- 4 The car isn't _____. It's very slow.
- 5 My phone is _____. It isn't new.
- 6 Dad is _____. He isn't happy.
- 7 It's very late. I'm very _____. Goo _____.
- 8 Water? Yes, please. I'm really _____.
- 9 The new Bond film is really good. It's so _____.
- 10 The Italian restaurant is bad. The food is _____.

GRAMMAR

4 Complete the dialogues with the missing

- 1 A Do⁰ _____ you _____ like ice cream?
B Yes, I love¹ _____.
- 2 A ² _____ you like dogs?
B No, I don't like³ _____.
- 3 A Do you like Lucy?
B Yes, I like⁴ _____.⁵ _____ friend.
- 4 A Do you like Mr Henderson?
B No, I don't like⁶ _____.⁷ _____ boring.

5 Complete the sentences with the correct form to be. Use contracted forms.

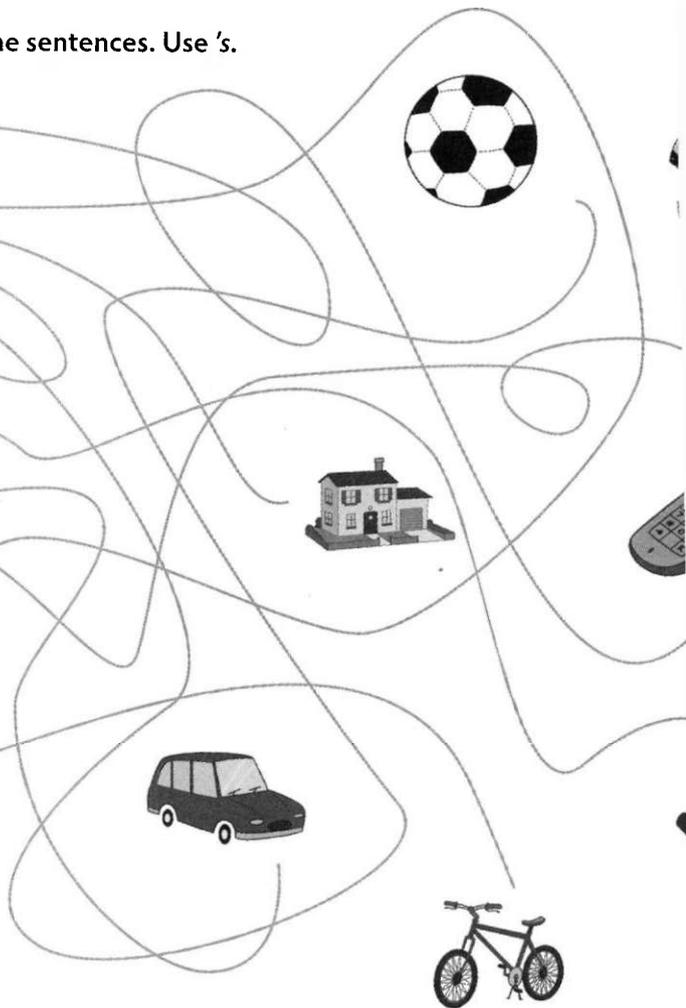
- 0 I 'm not (X) Spanish. I 'm Portuguese.
- 1 I _____ (X) ten years old. I _____.
- 2 A _____ David happy?
B No, he _____.
- 3 Henry and Sally _____ from Australia.
- 4 A _____ you hungry?
B Yes, we _____.
- 5 Maria _____ (X) twelve. She _____.
- 6 A Why _____ you angry?
B Because you _____ late.
- 7 A How old _____ they?
B Kevin _____ five and Sally _____.
- 8 A Where _____ Ella from?
B She _____ from South Africa.

3 ME AND MY FAMILY

GRAMMAR

Possessive 's

1 ★★ Follow the lines and complete the sentences. Use 's.



- 0 It's my grandfather's dog.
- 1 It's _____ bike.
- 2 It's _____ football.
- 3 It's my _____ book.
- 4 It's my _____ car.
- 5 It's _____ house.
- 6 It's _____ phone.

Possessive adjectives

2 ★ Complete the table.

	Possessive adjective
I	<i>my</i>
you	
he	
she	
we	
they	

3 ★★ Jake and Sally are at a birthday party. Complete the sentences with the correct possessive adjectives.

- JAKE Hi! What's ¹your / his name?
 SALLY Sally.
 JAKE Is that girl ²her / your friend?
 SALLY Well, no. That's ³my / their sister. ⁴His / Marie. This is ⁵our / your house.
 JAKE Oh. And those two boys?
 SALLY They're ⁶your / my brothers. They're twelve today. It's ⁷their / our birthday party. Who are you?
 JAKE I'm Jake. I'm with Mark. I'm ⁸her / his cousin.
 SALLY Oh, right.

★★ Complete the sentences.

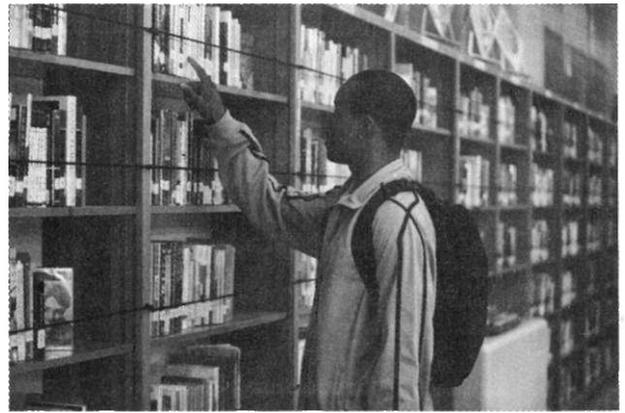


- 0 It's George's dog. It's his dog.
- 1 It's my mother's book. It's _____ book.
- 2 They're Jenny's sweets. They're _____ sweets.
- 3 It's Penny and Kate's apartment. It's _____ apartment.
- 4 It's my brother's and my TV. It's _____ TV.
- 5 They're John's CDs. They're _____ CDs.
- 6 It's my grandfather's chair. It's _____ chair.
- 7 I have three cousins – that's _____ house.
- 8 That's my family's car. It's _____ car.
- 9 A Is that _____ phone on the table?
B No, this is _____ phone in my hand.
- 10 A Is _____ name Nina?
B No, _____ name is Lara.

this / that / these / those SB page 24

5 ★★ Circle the correct answers (A, B or C).

- 0 _____ is my bedroom.
A This B These C Those
- 1 _____ is my new MP3 player.
A Those B That C These
- 2 _____ are photos of my cat.
A That B These C This
- 3 _____ computer on the table is my sister's.
A Those B These C That
- 4 Are _____ your books over there?
A these B that C those
- 5 Is _____ a good film?
A these B this C those
- 6 _____ boys are from Brazil.
A This B That C Those
- 7 _____ hotel is very expensive.
A That B Those C These
- 8 _____ computer here is really slow.
A That B This C These
- 9 Are _____ football players British?
A this B these C that
- 10 Is _____ his pen?
A these B those C this

6 ★★ Complete the sentences with *this*, *that*, *these* or *those*.

- 0 These are the books I want, here.
- 1 _____ are my friends, over there.
- 2 _____ is my new phone, just here.
- 3 _____ are my new CDs, here.
- 4 _____ is my father, over there.
- 5 _____ is my bed, right here.
- 6 _____ are my cousins, there.
- 7 _____ is my brother's laptop, right there.
- 8 _____ are my DVDs, here.

GET IT RIGHT! **this and these**

We use *this* to talk about singular objects that are near to us.

We use *these* to talk about plural objects that are near to us.

✓ *This is my favourite dress.*

✗ *These is my favourite dress.*

✓ *These are my CDs.*

✗ *This are my CDs*

Complete the sentences with *this* or *these*.

- 0 He gave me this shirt.
- 1 Is _____ your pencil?
- 2 _____ are my favourite sweets.
- 3 I got _____ book yesterday.
- 4 Are _____ your computer games?
- 5 _____ are my old trainers.
- 6 I like _____ photo.

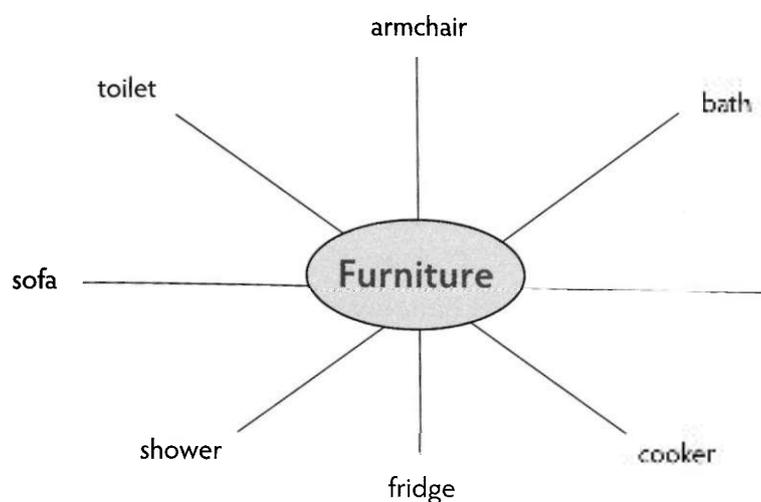
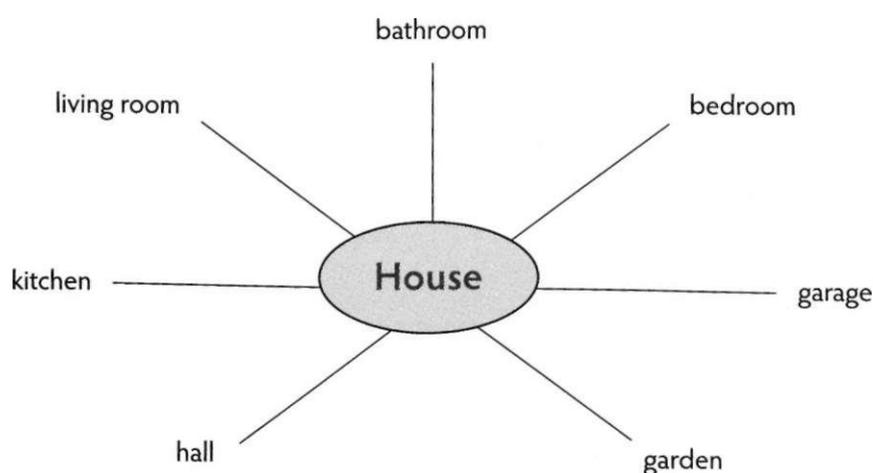
Pronunciation*this / that / these / those***Go to page 118.**

VOCABULARY

Word list

Family members

MALE	FEMALE
son	daughter
father	mother
brother	sister
grandfather	grandmother
uncle	aunt
husband	wife
grandson	granddaughter
cousin	cousin



Key words in context

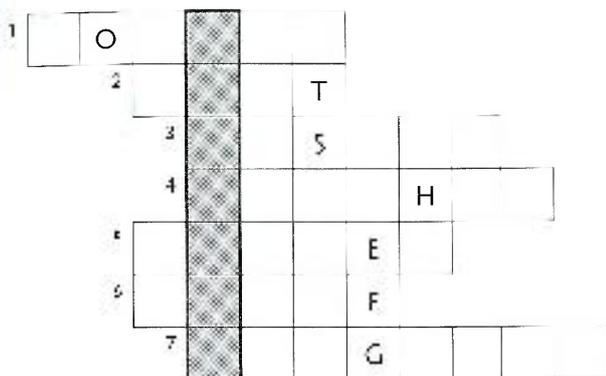
- apartment** We live in an **apartment** on the 6th floor.
- curtains** In my bedroom, there are green **curtains** on the window.
- home** The house is very small, but it's my **home** and I love it.
- photograph** I take great **photographs** with my new camera.
- princess** She's the daughter of the king, so she's a **princess**.
- queen** The UK and Denmark both have a **queen**.

Family members **SB page 3**

★☆☆ Complete the words.

- 0 aunt
- 1 _ o _
- 2 _ o _ e _
- 3 _ u _ a _
- 4 _ i _ e
- 5 _ o u _ i _
- 6 _ a _ _ o _ e _
- 7 _ a _ _ a _ e _
- 8 _ a _ _ o _

★★★ Complete the puzzle. What's the mystery word?



- 1 My _____ is forty-five; she's a teacher.
- 2 My _____ Julie is my mother's sister.
- 3 My little _____ is only five years old.
- 4 I'm twelve and my _____ is fourteen.
- 5 My _____ is from London. He's English.
- 6 My _____ Paolo is from Brazil.
- 7 Our teacher's _____ is in our class.

3 ★★★ Write answers to the questions so they are true for you.

- 1 Is your family big or small?

- 2 What are your parents' names?

- 3 How many cousins have you got?

- 4 How many aunts and uncles have you got?

- 5 Where do the people in your family live?

- 6 How many people do you live with?

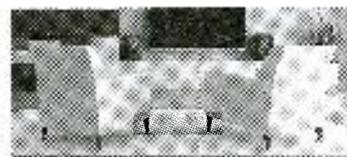
House and furniture **SB page 4**

4 ★☆☆ Circle the odd one out in each list.

- 0 bath shower **sofa**
- 1 armchair bedroom kitchen
- 2 shower hall bathroom
- 3 cooker bed fridge
- 4 bedroom garage living room
- 5 garage kitchen garden
- 6 toilet hall kitchen

5 ★★★ Look at photos 1-5. Where in a house are these things? Write the words.

0 living room



1 _____



2 _____



3 _____



4 _____



5 _____



6 ★★★ Are these things in the correct place? Mark ✓ (yes, OK), ? (maybe) or X (no).

- 1 a shower in the garden
- 2 a sofa in the bedroom
- 3 a car in the garage
- 4 a fridge in the bedroom
- 5 a cooker in the garage
- 6 a car in the hall
- 7 a toilet in the bathroom
- 8 an armchair in the garden

READING

1 **REMEMBER AND CHECK** Mark the sentences T (true) or F (false). Then look at the article on page 31 of the Student's Book and check your answers.

- | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| 0 Kate Middleton is English. | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 4 Kate is very famous now. |
| 1 She likes playing football. | <input type="checkbox"/> | 5 William's grandfather is Prince Charles. |
| 2 Kate's family is from Scotland. | <input type="checkbox"/> | 6 She has a daughter called Ann. |
| 3 She has a sister called Elizabeth. | <input type="checkbox"/> | 7 Kate's home is a small house. |

2 Read the blog quickly. Is Mary Ann's family big or small?

- 11 x

My family and I

Hi, everybody! This is the first post on my blog. I'm Mary Ann. I'm fourteen and I live in London. I have two brothers. Mark is twelve and Stephen is sixteen. My father is a teacher, but not at my school. Mum is from Canada and she works in London. She's a photographer for a newspaper.

I have a grandfather and grandmother in London and lots of aunts, uncles and cousins here, too. My mother's family are in Canada – her parents and her brother and sister. So I have family there, too. My favourite aunt is Polly. She's great and she's always nice to me. She's my father's sister.

Our house isn't big, but I have my own small bedroom. It's my favourite room in the house. I have photos and posters in my room and I have a table for my laptop and two chairs, and a bed, of course. Mark and Stephen's bedroom is big with two beds and a TV. They have a table and a shelf for their books and DVDs.

We also have a dog called Sport. He's Mark's pet. He's very big.

I have a cat. Her name is Smokey. She's my favourite.

Well, that's it for today. Please add your comments and questions.



3 Read the blog again and complete the sentences with words from the text.

- 0 Mary Ann has two brothers, Mark and Stephen.
- 1 Her father is a _____.
- 2 Her mother is from _____.
- 3 She's a _____.
- 4 Mary Ann has family in _____ and in _____.
- 5 Mary Ann's favourite aunt is called _____.
- 6 Mary Ann's favourite room is her _____.
- 7 Her brothers have two _____ and a TV in their room.

DEVELOPING WRITING

My bedroom

Read the text. Find three or more differences between Jake's perfect bedroom and his real bedroom.

My perfect bedroom and my real bedroom

My perfect bedroom is big. The walls are yellow and the floor is brown. The bed is very big – it's 2 metres long and 1.6 metres wide (I like big beds!). It's very comfortable, too, and it's the colour that my favourite football team plays in. So it's black and white because my favourite team is Juventus. The desk is near the window, with a comfortable chair for me to sit and work on my great new computer.

My real bedroom isn't big. The floor is brown but the walls are blue. The bed is OK but it isn't very big and it isn't very comfortable! The bed is black and white – yay! My desk is near the door and the chair is small but it's OK. And I like my computer. It's old but it's really good!

2 Complete the sentences with *and* or *but*.

- 0 The walls are yellow and the floor is brown.
- 1 The bed is big _____ it's comfortable.
- 2 The bed is comfortable _____ it's in Real Madrid colours, too.
- 3 The computer is old _____ it's really good.

3 Think about your perfect bedroom and about your real bedroom. Use the ideas below to help you make notes.

	My real bedroom	My perfect bedroom
big / small?		
wall colour?		
floor colour?		
big / small bed?		
comfortable?		
bed colour?		
near the window?		
chair?		

4 Use your notes to write about your real bedroom and your perfect bedroom.

My real bedroom

My real bedroom _____ big. The floor is _____ and the walls are _____ .
The bed is _____. The bed is _____ . The _____ is near the window. The chair is _____ .

My perfect bedroom

My perfect bedroom _____ big. The floor is _____ and the walls are _____ .
The bed is _____. The bed is _____ . The _____ is near the window. The chair is _____ .

LISTENING

- 1 **▶▶▶** Listen to the dialogue and complete the sentences. Write *Tony, Christine or Jack*.

- 0 *Christine* says the room is nice.
 1 _____ is Tony's brother.
 2 _____ likes watching football.
 3 _____ loves films.
 4 The CDs are _____'s.

- 2 **▶▶▶** Listen again and complete the words in this part of the dialogue.

- CHRISTINE Wow! Are these your DVDs, Tony?
 They're ⁰g *reat* _____!
 I ¹l _____ films.
- TONY No, they're my brother's. He really
²l _____ old films. Very, very old films.
- CHRISTINE ³W _____ a ⁴n _____
 collection!
- TONY Yeah. It's not bad. But the films are a bit
 boring!
- CHRISTINE No, they're great! Hey! Are these your CDs?
 They're ⁵f _____! This one
⁶i _____ really ⁷c _____!
- TONY Yeah, I ⁸r _____ ⁹l _____ Ella
 Henderson. She's my favourite. She's a great
 singer.
- CHRISTINE Let's listen to it now!
- TONY OK.

DIALOGUE

- 1 Put the dialogues in order.

Dialogue 1

- LUCY Yes, it is cool. I love T-shirts!
- 7 LUCY Happy birthday, Pat! This is a present for you.
- LUCY This one? It's from Italy. It's a birthday present from my Italian friend.
- PAT For me? Thanks, Lucy! Oh, a T-shirt! And it's really cool!
- PAT Your T-shirt's nice, too. I really like it.

Dialogue 2

- ALLY Is your brother there, too?
- ALLY Hi, Jim. Thanks. Wow, I really like your house.
- JIM Thank you! Come into the kitchen. My mum and dad are there.
- 7 JIM Hi, Ally! Nice to see you. Come in!
- JIM No, he's not. He's in his bedroom.

- 2 Look at Exercise 1 and complete dialogues between you and

Dialogue 1

- YOU I really ¹like / love you
- FRIEND Yes, it's from ²_____
- YOU It looks ³great / nice
- FRIEND Thanks.

Dialogue 2

- YOU What a ⁴nice / great!
- FRIEND Yes, it's by ⁵_____
- YOU I really ⁶like / love it.
- FRIEND Let's listen to it now.

Dialogue 3

- YOU What a ⁷fantastic / good
computer game!
- FRIEND Yes. It's called ⁸_____
- YOU I really ⁹love / like com
- FRIEND OK. Let's play it together!

- 3 Now write your own dialogue.

PHRASES FOR FLUENT

58 pages 22

- 1 ★★ Complete the phrases with missing vowels.

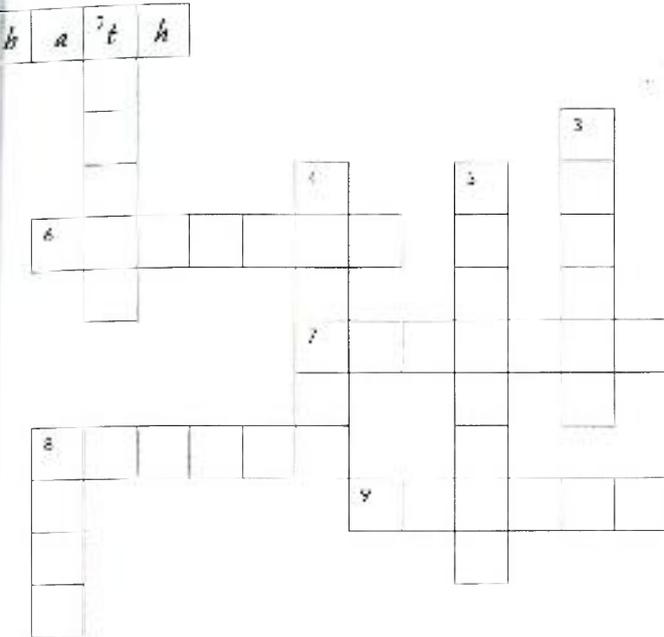
- 0 R e a l l y ?
- 1 _ h , r _ g h t .
- 2 L e t ' s g _ .
- 3 J _ s t _ m _ n _ t _ .

- 2 Complete the dialogue with the list.

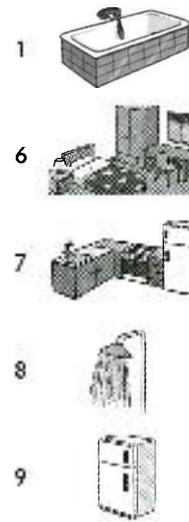
- just a minute | let's go | oh, right
- ANA That boy over there is real
- JO ⁰ Really ? Him? We're
favourite person.
- ANA I think he looks really cool.
- JO Well, he is, but sometimes
- ANA Hey, ¹ _____ . Isn't he
family?
- JO Yes, he's my brother.
- ANA ² _____ . Your broth
- JO Ana, ³ _____ ! We're

Sum it up

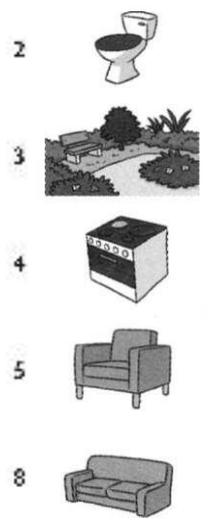
Look at the pictures and complete the crossword.



ACROSS



DOWN



2 Read the website about a famous house. Which of the things in the house is impossible to have?



Upton Abbey

○○○○○

Come and visit Upton Abbey! This famous house is 400 years old. The Hogworth family live here - Lord Hogworth, Lady Hogworth and their four children.

Walk in the gardens! Walk round the house and visit its 20 bedrooms! And the 400-year-old kitchen - it's wonderful.

See ten fantastic old cars in the garage. See the 300-year-old fridge in the kitchen. See the old baths in the bathrooms. Everything here is old and different!

Open every weekend, 10.00-17.00, Friday, Saturday and Sunday. Only £10.00 per person or £25.00 for a family of three or more.

3 Complete the page from the website with information from the text.

<input type="radio"/> ⁰ Age of house	<u>400 years old</u>	<input type="radio"/> ⁵ Opening time	_____
<input type="radio"/> ¹ Family name	_____	<input type="radio"/> ⁶ Closing time	_____
<input type="radio"/> ² Number of bedrooms	_____	<input type="radio"/> ⁷ Days open	_____
<input type="radio"/> ³ Age of kitchen	_____	<input type="radio"/> ⁸ Price per person	_____
<input type="radio"/> ⁴ Number of cars	_____	<input type="radio"/> ⁹ Price for a family (3+)	_____

4 IN THE CITY

GRAMMAR

there is / there are SB page 40

- 1 ★★ Complete the sentences with *is* or *are*.
- There are four bedrooms in the house.
 - There _____ two Brazilian girls at our school.
 - There _____ lots of famous squares in Paris.
 - There _____ a mountain near Tokyo called Mount Fuji.
 - _____ there a desk in your bedroom?
 - There _____ a small fridge in my parents' bedroom.
 - There _____ nine or ten big train stations in London.
 - There _____ eight people in my family.
 - _____ there any good shops here?
- 2 ★★ Complete the text with *there is*, *there isn't*, *there are* or *there aren't*.

Alice is 14. Here is what she says about Rosewood, her local shopping centre.

'I really like our local shopping centre. It's small, but ⁰ *there is* a cinema. ¹ _____ some cafés on the top floor, but ² _____ any restaurants. My mum likes it because ³ _____ two good bookshops and ⁴ _____ a great supermarket. My sister likes it because ⁵ _____ some cool clothes shops. My brother doesn't like it because ⁶ _____ a good sports shop (and he loves sport!). My dad doesn't like shopping.'

some / any SB page 40

- 3 ★★ Circle the correct options.
- There are some / any books in my room.
 - There aren't *some* / any good shops here.
 - There are *some* / any nice curtains in their house.
 - There aren't *some* / any interesting books in the library.
 - There aren't *some* / any banks in this street.
 - There are *some* / any fantastic things in the museum.
 - There aren't *some* / any cafés in the park.
 - There are *some* / any supermarkets in the town centre.
 - There are *some* / any chairs in the garden.
- 4 ★★ Complete the sentences with *some* or *any*.
- There are some good shops.
 - There aren't _____ sports shops.
 - There aren't _____ cinemas.
 - There are _____ computer shops.
 - There aren't _____ phone shops.
 - There are _____ cafés.
- 5 ★★ Complete the text with *there is*, *there is a*, *there are some* or *there aren't any*.

Tim is 12. This is what he thinks of Parkland, his local shopping centre.

'The shopping centre near my house is really big. There are about 400 shops in it. ⁰ *There is a* fantastic food hall. ¹ _____ café with great ice creams. I like it because ² _____ good cinemas and a library, too. Mum says ³ _____ good shoe shops, but they're not my favourite places. ⁴ _____ DVD shop and ⁵ _____ great music shops. The only bad things are that ⁶ _____ computer shops and ⁷ _____ restaurant.'

- 6 ★★★ Complete the questions with *Is there a* or *Are there any*. Then look at the texts in Exercises 2 and 5 and answer the questions. Use *Yes, there is/are*, *No, there isn't/aren't*. or *I don't know*.

- 0 *Is there a* supermarket in Rosewood?
Yes, there is.
- 1 cinemas in Rosewood?
.....
- 2 computer shop in Rosewood?
.....
- 3 clothes shops in Rosewood?
.....
- 4 sports shops in Rosewood?
.....
- 5 bank in Parkland?
.....
- 6 café in Parkland?
.....
- 7 library in Parkland?
.....
- 8 music shops in Parkland?
.....
- 9 restaurant in Parkland?
.....

- 7 ★★★ Complete these sentences about a shopping centre you know.

- 1 There are
- 2 There aren't
- 3 There aren't
- 4 There are
- 5 There is
- 6 There isn't

Imperatives

- 8 ★ Circle the correct options.

- 0 OK, everyone. Please (listen) / *don't listen* to me. This is important.
- 1 Are you tired? *Go* / *Don't go* to bed late tonight.
- 2 Please *be* / *don't be* quiet in the library.
- 3 It's cold in here. *Open* / *Don't open* the window, please.
- 4 Hello. Please come in and *sit* / *don't sit* down.
- 5 Wow! *Look* / *Don't look* at that fantastic statue.
- 6 It's a very expensive shop! *Buy* / *Don't buy* your new clothes there!
- 7 To get to the cinema, *turn* / *don't turn* left at the supermarket, and it's there.
- 8 *Listen* / *Don't listen* to your brother. He's wrong.

- 9 ★★ Mick and Josh are looking for a sports shop. Complete the dialogue with the words in the list.



go | listen to | look | open | sit-down | turn

MICK Where's the sports shop?

JOSH OK, ⁰ *sit down* on this chair and
¹ at the map.

MICK I haven't got a map.

JOSH Oh, well I've got an app.

MICK Well ² the app on your phone, then.

JOSH OK, OK. Wait a minute. Oh! Look, there's the sports shop. ³ down here and
⁴ left. The sports shop is behind the chemist's.

MICK Is it opposite the phone shop?

JOSH No, ⁵ me again, Mick! It's on the corner, behind the chemist's.

GET IT RIGHT!

some and any

• We use *some* in affirmative sentences and *any* in negative sentences.

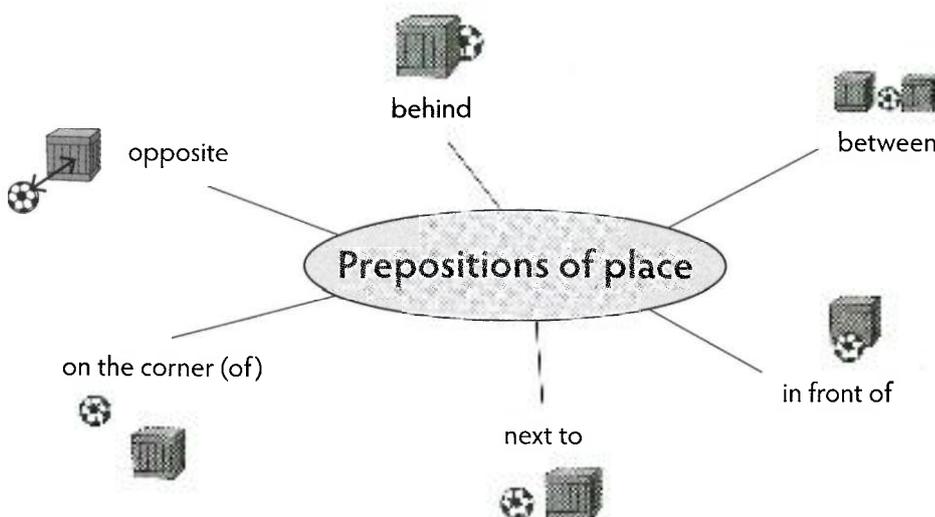
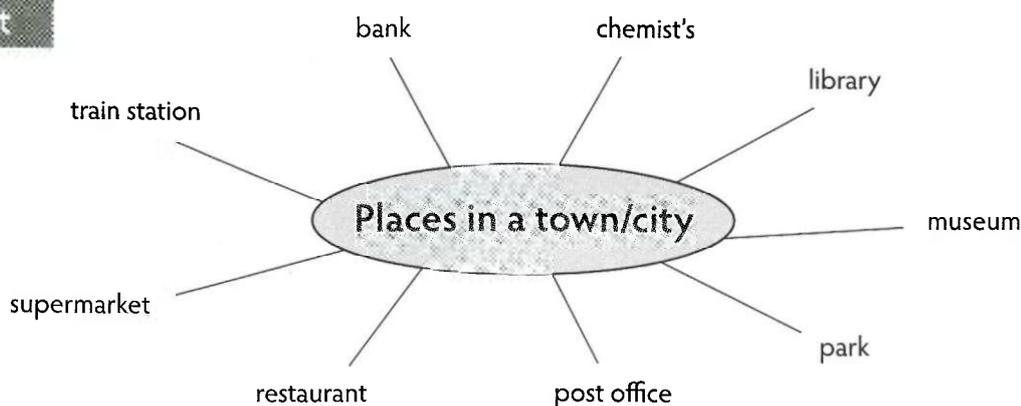
- ✓ *I've got some time.*
X *I've got any time.*
✓ *He hasn't got any money.*
X *He hasn't got some money.*

Complete the sentences with *some* or *any*.

- 0 I haven't got *any* pets.
- 1 There are good games.
- 2 Don't bring food.
- 3 They haven't got homework.
- 4 I have time.
- 5 I have presents for you.
- 6 We don't have problems.

VOCABULARY

Word list



Numbers

one hundred and thirty	130
one hundred and fifty	150
one hundred and seventy-five	175
two hundred	200
five hundred and sixty	560
one thousand	1,000
one thousand two hundred	1,200
two thousand	2,000

Prices

dollar	\$
pound	£
euro	€
nine pounds and ninety-nine	£9.99
twenty-one dollars and ninety-five cents	\$21.95
seventy-two euros and fifty cents	€72.50

Key words in context

bookshop	This is a great bookshop . They've got books in different languages here.
expensive	That shirt is £150.00; it's very expensive !
famous	The Eiffel Tower in Paris is very famous .
palace	The king and queen live in that palace . It's got twenty bedrooms!
shoe shop	There's a new shoe shop in town. Their shoes are really nice!
square	St Peter's Square in Rome is very famous.
statue	There's a statue of a famous woman here.
tower	The BT Tower in London is 191 metres tall!

Places in a town/city SB page 40

1 ★★ Where are these people? Write a word from the list.

- bank | chemist's | library | museum
park | post-office | restaurant
supermarket | train station

- 0 Hi. This letter to Australia, please.
post office
- 1 Six apples and some bananas, please.

- 2 Look! These things are 200 years old!

- 3 A return ticket to Cambridge, please.

- 4 Please be quiet in here. People are reading.

- 5 It's a great day for a picnic here.

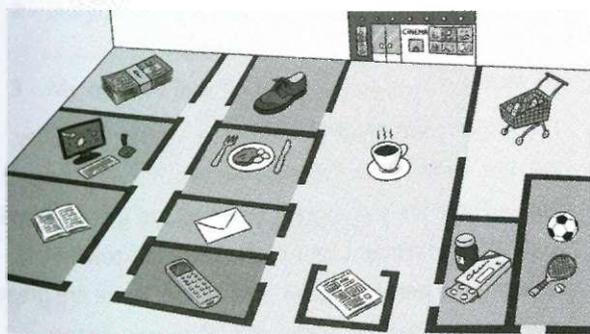
- 6 Hi. Can I change these dollars for pounds, please?

- 7 The steak and salad for me, please.

- 8 I need some medicine for my eye.

Prepositions of place SB page 41

2 ★★ Look at the map of the shopping centre and circle the correct options.



- 0 The computer shop is *behind* / next to the bank.
- 1 The computer shop is *between* / *in front of* the bank and the bookshop.
- 2 The bookshop is *opposite* / *on the corner*.
- 3 The shoe shop is *between* / *opposite* the supermarket.
- 4 The bank is *next to* / *behind* the shoe shop.
- 5 The café is *behind* / *in front of* the cinema.

Pronunciation

Word stress in numbers

Go to page 119.

3 ★★ Use the prepositions in Exercise 2 to complete the sentences.

- 0 The chemist's is next to the supermarket.
- 1 The restaurant is _____ the shoe shop.
- 2 The post office is _____ the restaurant and the phone shop.
- 3 The restaurant is _____ the supermarket.
- 4 The sports shop is _____ the chemist's.
- 5 The cinema is _____ the café.
- 6 The phone shop is _____ the bookshop.

Numbers 100+ SB page 42

4 ★★ Write the words or numbers.

- 0 110 one hundred and ten
- 1 _____ one hundred and seventeen
- 2 125 _____
- 3 _____ one hundred and ninety-eight
- 4 215 _____
- 5 _____ three hundred and twelve
- 6 652 _____
- 7 _____ one thousand three hundred
- 8 1,400 _____
- 9 _____ two thousand six hundred and twenty

Prices SB page 43

5 ★★ Write the prices in words.

- 0 twelve dollars fifty 1 £6550
- 2 €120.00 3 £275.95
- 4 \$145.00 5 €160000

6 ★★★ Write the name of places/things you know.

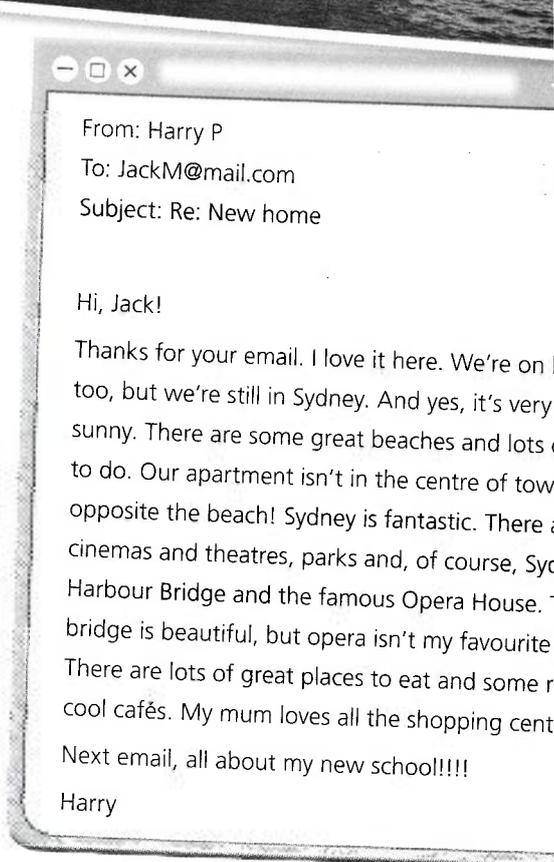
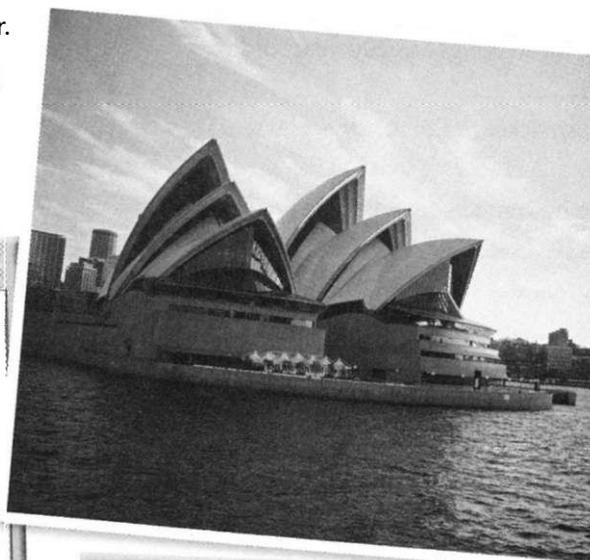
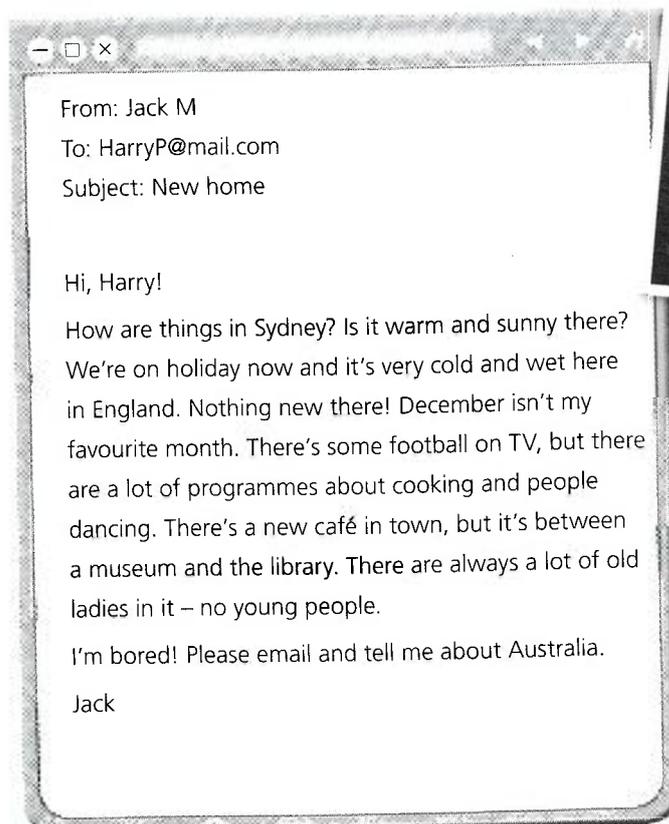
- 1 a famous tower _____
- 2 a good shoe shop _____
- 3 a famous square _____
- 4 a statue of a famous person _____
- 5 a famous palace _____

READING

1 **REMEMBER AND CHECK** Circle the correct options. Then look at the brochure on page 39 of the Student's Book and check your answers.

- 0 Shenzhen is a city / river.
- 1 Window of the World is in *China* / *Japan*.
- 2 It's a *museum* / *park*.
- 3 There are models of famous places from around *China* / *the world*.
- 4 You can take a ride on the *Hudson* / *Colorado* river.
- 5 China's national day is *January 1st* / *October 1st*.
- 6 There is a festival of *Chinese* / *pop* music every year.
- 7 There *are some* / *aren't any* restaurants in the park.

2 Read the emails quickly. Who lives in Australia?



3 Read the emails again. Mark the sentences T (true) or F (false).

- 0 It's December.
- 1 Harry and Jack are on holiday.
- 2 There's a new shoe shop in Jack's town.
- 3 Jack loves the new café.
- 4 Harry lives in a house.
- 5 There are lots of cinemas in Sydney.
- 6 Harry's favourite music is opera.
- 7 Harry's mum likes the shopping centres.
- 8 Harry is at a new school.

7
<input type="checkbox"/>

DEVELOPING WRITING

Your town/city

1 Read the text. Does the writer like weekends in her town?

A weekend in my town

I like my town. It isn't very big but the people here are nice.

At the weekend, there are lots of things to do. The town centre is small but there are some nice shops and cafés, so I go into the centre on Saturday morning to meet my friends. We have coffee or a sandwich together, or we do some shopping. Some days we don't buy anything, but it's always fun.

There's a cinema in the town too, so on Saturday night or Sunday afternoon, my friends and I see a film together. I like football, so on Sunday morning I play with lots of friends in the park. There are three football pitches in the park. It's really good.

Not far from the town centre there is a river. It's great to swim there, but only in the summer!

My town is OK and my friends are great, so the weekends here are not bad.



2 Complete the sentences with *or*, *and* or *so*.

- 1 On Saturday evening we go to the cinema _____ we see a film.
- 2 Do you want to play football _____ volleyball?
- 3 My cousins live 300 kilometres away, _____ I don't visit them very often.

3 Match the words 1–3 with the phrases a–c.

- 1 in
- 2 on
- 3 at

- a the weekend
- b the summer
- c Sunday afternoon

4 Think about a weekend in your town/city. What do you do? Use the ideas below to help you make notes.

What I do on Saturday _____

What I do on Sunday _____

What I do with my friends _____

What we do in summer _____

What we do in winter _____

5 Use your notes to complete the text.

Weekends in my town/city

I live in _____, I _____ my town/city.
 _____ the weekend I _____
 Saturday morning _____ Saturday afternoon I
 _____. On Sunday I _____. With my
 friends I _____ the summer
 we _____ but _____ the winter we

LISTENING

1 **D20** Listen to Stella and Matthew talking to their Aunt Mary. Tick (✓) the places they talk about.

- bank
- bookshop
- café
- chemist's
- library
- museum
- park
- post office
- shopping centre
- station
- supermarket

<input type="checkbox"/>
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>

2 **D20** Listen again and correct the sentences.

- 0 There isn't a good shopping centre.
There's a good shopping centre.
- 1 The museum is on Grand Parade.

- 2 The museum is very big.

- 3 The shopping centre is next to the museum.

- 4 Stella wants some pens and pencils for her project.

- 5 There aren't any cafés in the shopping centre.

- 6 Aunt Mary's favourite café is next to the bookshop.

DIALOGUE

1 Stella is in a clothes shop. Put the dialogue in order.

- WOMAN £15.50.
- WOMAN OK. That's £31.00, please.
- 1 WOMAN Hello. Can I help you?
- WOMAN Yes. There's this one here.
- STELLA Hi. Yes. Have you got any yellow T-shirts?
- STELLA Great! I'll take two, please.
- STELLA Oh, it's really nice. How much is it?

2 Complete the dialogue with the words and phrases in the list.

Can | expensive | is | much | That's

MAN ⁰ Can I help you?

MATTHEW Yes, have you got any maps in town?

MAN Yes, there are ¹ _____ maps.

MATTHEW How ² _____ are they?

MAN They're £1.50 each.

MATTHEW OK, three, please.

MAN That's £4.50.

MATTHEW And how much ³ _____ book about the museum?

MAN It's £5.70.

MATTHEW And that big book?

MAN That's £25.00.

MATTHEW That's very ⁴ _____ maps and the small book.

MAN OK. ⁵ _____ £10.20.

3 Imagine you're in a bookshop. Write a dialogue similar to the one in Exercise 1.

TRAIN TO THINK

Exploring numbers

Seth and John have to buy things for their home. They have £300. They buy five things and have £35 left. Tick (✓) what they buy.

- armchair – £60
- bed – £50
- chair – £20
- desk – £30
- DVD player – £25
- table – £35
- TV – £100

<input type="checkbox"/>

EXAM SKILLS: Listening

Identifying text type

21 Listen to people talking in three different situations. How many people are speaking?

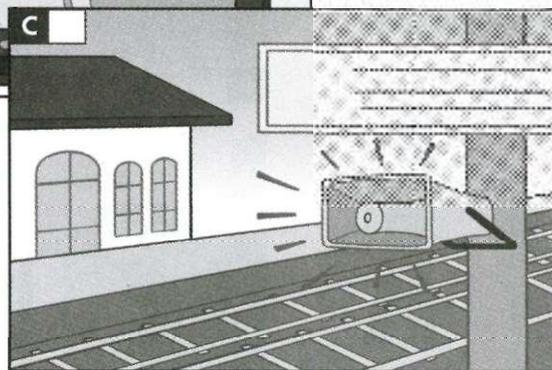
Situation 1:

Situation 2:

Situation 3:

Match the descriptions with the pictures. Write 1–3 in the boxes.

- 1 a news report on TV
- 2 an announcement at a train station
- 3 people in a shop



3 **21** Listen again. Match the situations with the pictures.

Situation 1 → picture

Situation 2 → picture

Situation 3 → picture

Listening tip

When you listen to a text for the first time, you don't need to understand every word.

Listen to the important things:

- Number of speakers.
- Sounds and noises to tell you where the speakers are.
- The way the speakers talk, e.g. are they happy, angry, worried, sad, excited, bored or none of these?
- 'Important' words – read the question first and think of words (nouns, adjectives or verbs) that might help you to answer it. These are 'important' words to listen for.

4 **21** Listen again to the three situations. Which words helped you in Exercise 3?

Situation 1:

Situation 2:

Situation 3:

CONSOLIDATION

LISTENING

1 Listen to Jeff talking about his family and where they live. Circle the correct answers (A, B or C).

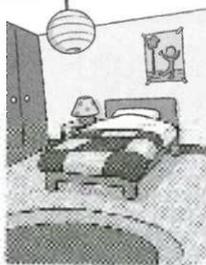
- 1 How many people are there in Jeff's family?
A six B eight C ten
- 2 How many sisters has Jeff got?
A four B five C six
- 3 Where is Jeff from?
A the USA B the UK C Canada
- 4 What's his cousin called?
A Paul B Brad C Clint

2 Listen again. How many are there? Write the numbers in the boxes.

A



B



C



D



E



F



VOCABULARY

3 Match the words in A with the words in B to make

A

bathroom	uncle
living room	brother
son	kitchen
garage	husband

B

car	da
sofa	co
wife	sis
shower	au

- 0 bathroom – shower
- 1 _____
- 2 _____
- 3 _____
- 4 _____
- 5 _____
- 6 _____
- 7 _____

4 Name the shops and write the prices.



0 chemist's – It's three pounds twen



1 _____



2 _____



3 _____

UNITS 3 & 4

GRAMMAR

5 Complete the sentences with the words in the list. There are two extra words.

any | her | his | is | some | their | those | turn

- 1 Ask Luke. It's _____ sandwich.
- 2 There _____ a big park near my house.
- 3 Paul is Danny and Olivia's brother. He's _____ brother.
- 4 The shoe shop? OK, just _____ right on the High Street and it's there.
- 5 There aren't _____ parks near here.
- 6 Can I see _____ trousers in the window, please?

DIALOGUE

6 Complete the dialogue.

JORDAN I like your T-shirt, Rachel.

RACHEL ¹R _____? It's very old.

JORDAN Well I think it ²_____ cool.

And ³w _____ a great hat, too.

RACHEL ⁴T _____ you. It's new.

JORDAN How ⁵m _____ was it?

RACHEL Well, it was a present from my mum.

JORDAN Oh, ⁶r _____. I'll ask her then.

READING

7 Read the dialogue and complete the sentences.

WOMAN Hello, can I help you?

JEFF Yes, I'd like to see those T-shirts behind you.

WOMAN These red ones?

JEFF No, the blues ones next to them.

WOMAN OK. Yes, these are really nice. Here you are.

JEFF How much are they?

WOMAN Wait a minute. Let me see. They're £9.99.

JEFF OK, can I have three, please?

WOMAN Wow. You really like them.

JEFF They're not for me. They're for my sisters.

WOMAN Sisters?

JEFF Yes. It's their birthday tomorrow.

WOMAN So they're triplets?

JEFF Yes, all three born on the same day.

WOMAN Is it difficult? I mean having three sisters?

JEFF Three! There's two more as well.

WOMAN Five sisters! Poor you. Here, have another T-shirt for you.

JEFF Wow, thanks. That's really kind.

- 1 Jeff wants to see the _____ T-shirts.
- 2 The T-shirts are _____ each.
- 3 The T-shirts are for his _____.
- 4 It's their _____ tomorrow.
- 5 Triplets are _____ children born on the same day.
- 6 Jeff has _____ sisters.
- 7 The woman gives Jeff a free _____.
- 8 Jeff thinks the woman is very _____.

WRITING

8 Write a short text about your family and where you live. Write 35–50 words. Use the questions to help you.

- Who is there in your family?
- What is your house like?
- What is your town like?

5 IN MY FREE TIME

GRAMMAR

Present simple SB page 50

1 ★ **Circle** the correct options.

- 0 I play / plays tennis every day.
 1 My brothers *speak* / *speaks* Spanish.
 2 Mr Jones *teach* / *teaches* Maths.
 3 The dog *like* / *likes* the park.
 4 We sometimes *go* / *goes* to bed very late.
 5 You *live* / *lives* near me.

2 ★★ Complete the sentences with the present simple form of the verbs in brackets. Which four sentences match with the pictures? Write the numbers in the boxes.

- 0 My dad flies planes. (fly)
 1 The boys _____ a lot of video games. (play)
 2 Miss Dawes _____ English. (teach)
 3 Suzie _____ in the library every day. (study)
 4 Tim and Dana _____ the guitar. (play)
 5 Mum _____ flowers. (love)



3 ★★ Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in the list.

finish | go | like | play | speak | study | teach

- 0 Mum likes pop music.
 1 My father _____ Music at my school.
 2 Lucy _____ to a Glee club on Wednesday.
 3 Sam _____ four languages. He's amazing.
 4 My brother _____ TV on Saturday mornings.
 5 Our school _____ at 3.15 pm.
 6 Gordon _____ the piano every day after school.
 7 My sister _____ at a school in Birmingham.

Pronunciation

Present simple verbs – 3rd person

Go to page 119.

Adverbs of frequency SB page 50

4 ★ Put the adverbs in the correct order.

often always sometimes never

5 ★★ Write the sentences with the adverb of frequency in the correct place.

- 0 I meet my friends in town on Saturdays. (sometimes)
I sometimes meet my friends in town on Saturdays.
 1 Jennie is happy. (always)

 2 They do homework at the weekend. (never)

 3 You help Dad make dinner. (sometimes)

 4 We are tired on Friday afternoons. (often)

 5 It rains on Saturdays! (always)

 6 Mum flies to New York for work. (often)

 7 I am bored in English lessons. (never)

6 ★★★ Write sentences so they are true for you.
Use adverbs of frequency.

- 1 do homework after school

- 2 play sport at the weekend

- 3 watch TV on Sunday mornings

- 4 listen to music in the morning

- 5 phone my best friend in the evening

Present simple (negative) SB page 51

7 ★★ Complete the sentences with the negative form of the verbs in brackets.

- 0 My mum doesn't write books for children.
(write)
- 1 I _____ to football lessons after school.
(go)
- 2 My cousins _____ to a lot of music.
(listen)
- 3 My dad _____ model planes. (make)
- 4 We _____ games on our tablet. (play)
- 5 School _____ at 8.15 am. (start)
- 6 My sister _____ singing or dancing. (like)
- 7 You _____ in a small house. (live)

8 ★★ Match these sentences with the sentences in Exercise 7.

- | | | |
|---|---|----------------------------------|
| 0 | 0 | She writes for teenagers. |
| a | | It's really big. |
| b | | But the gates open at that time. |
| c | | We play them on the computer. |
| d | | She's quite shy. |
| e | | I go to them on Saturdays. |
| f | | He makes trains. |
| g | | But they watch a lot of TV. |

Present simple (questions) SB page 52

9 ★ Complete the questions with *do* or *does*.

- 0 Do you live in Manchester?
- 1 _____ Paul like sport?
- 2 _____ you know the answer?
- 3 _____ your sister play the piano?
- 4 _____ you often go to the cinema?
- 5 _____ your teacher give you a lot of homework?

10 Write the questions. Then write answers to the questions so they are true for you.

- 0 your mother / speak English?
Does your mother speak English?
Yes, she does.
- 1 you / always do your homework?

- 2 your best friend / play tennis?

- 3 you / sometimes play computer games before school?

- 4 you and your friends / play football?

- 5 your mum / drive a car?

GET IT RIGHT!

Adverbs of frequency

With the verb *be*, we use this word order: **subject + verb + adverb of frequency**.

With other verbs, we use this word order: **subject + adverb of frequency + verb**.

✓ *He is always friendly.*

✗ *He always is friendly.*

✓ *I often watch football on TV.*

✗ *I watch often football on TV.*

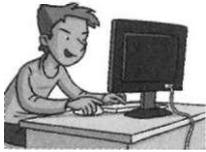
Circle the correct sentences.

- 0 a I eat often pizza.
 (b) I often eat pizza.
- 1 a I go out often with friends.
 b I often go out with friends.
- 2 a I always go to the cinema with my friends.
 b Always I go to the cinema with my friends.
- 3 a Music is always great.
 b Music always is great.
- 4 a I play football in the park never.
 b I never play football in the park.
- 5 a I sometimes am bored.
 b I am sometimes bored.

VOCABULARY

Word list

Free-time activities



play computer games



dance



hang out with friends



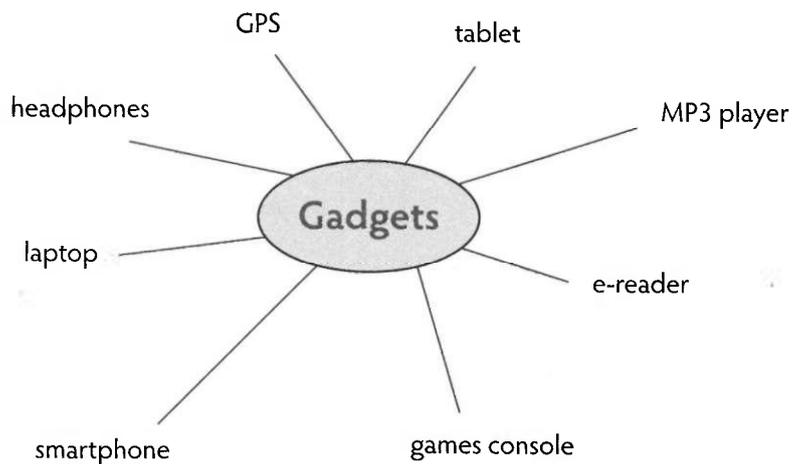
go shopping



do homework



chat



Days of the week

MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY	SUNDAY

Key words in context

<p>carry Don't carry all those books. They're very heavy.</p> <p>cheer I always cheer when my team scores a goal.</p> <p>concert I often go to pop concerts at the O2 stadium.</p> <p>feel I feel tired. I want to go to bed.</p> <p>finish School finishes at 4 pm.</p> <p>fly My mum flies planes for British Airways.</p>	<p>help Dad often helps me with my homework.</p> <p>meet I sometimes meet my friends in the park on the weekend.</p> <p>perform My school performs a play every year.</p> <p>sing My dad always sings in the shower.</p> <p>study I study at St George's school.</p> <p>teach Mr O'Brian teaches Maths.</p>
--	---

READING

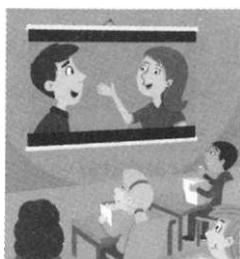
1 **REMEMBER AND CHECK** Complete the sentences with the missing words. Then look at the newsletter on page 49 of the Student's Book and check your answers.

- 0 The text is about a school *Glee* club.
- 1 People s_____ at these clubs.
- 2 Miss Higgins is a M_____ teacher.
- 3 They sing songs from f_____.
- 4 They perform c_____ in front of the rest of the school three times a year.
- 5 The club is a good way to make f_____.
- 6 The club is in the school h_____.
- 7 They meet on Tuesdays and F_____.

2 Look at the pictures and read the messages opposite. What rooms are these people in? What club are they in?



1 _____



2 _____



3 _____



4 _____

3 Match the sentences with the correct places (A–D) in the messages.

- 0 Tell your parents it finishes at 5 pm. C
- 1 (and some old songs, too).
- 2 It's great for all students who love gadgets.
- 3 Ask your parents about some of their favourites, and we can add them to the list.

Computer gaming club

Come and get better at all your favourite games. Learn from your friends and show what you know. Mrs Stephens also shows how to make your own simple games.

A _____
 Years 7 and 8 – Tuesday lunchtime in Room 8

• Dance club •

Join Mr Roberts for an hour of exercise and fun at the same time. Learn how to dance the best modern pop songs. B _____ And for students at the school – anyone is welcome!
 All years – Wednesday lunchtime in the school hall

Homework club

Don't do all of your homework after school or at weekends. Come to Homework club and do it before you go home. When you get home after school you can have fun! C _____ There's always a teacher here to help you if you have a problem.

All years – Every day after school in Room 8

Film club

Watch classic films from the 1980s and 1990s like *Toy Story*, *Jurassic Park* etc. Then talk about them with Miss Owens and other students. D _____ Bring your own popcorn!

Years 9–11, Thursday after school in Room 10

DEVELOPING WRITING

My week

1 Read the text. On which day does Bruno not do any homework?



POSTED: MONDAY 10 APRIL

Bruno's Busy Life

A typical week ...

From Monday to Friday, I go to school from 9 am to 3 pm every day. But my day doesn't finish then! After school on Mondays I have piano lessons from 4 pm to 5 pm. In the evenings I do my homework. On Tuesdays and Thursdays I go to Tennis club from 4 pm to 6 pm. In the evenings I do my homework. On Wednesday afternoons I go to Dance club from 3 pm to 4 pm. And in the evenings? Yep, I do my homework. On Fridays I do my homework after school! I go to Glee club in the evenings. It finishes at 9 pm. On Saturdays I do things with Mum and Dad. We go shopping or visit Grandma. My dad sometimes takes me to watch the football. On Sundays I sleep! Oh, and then I do some homework.

2 Complete the sentences with the correct prepositions. Use the text in Exercise 1 to help you.

- 1 I play tennis _____ Tuesdays and Thursdays. I play _____ 4 pm _____ 6 pm.
- 2 _____ Wednesday afternoons I go to Dance club. It starts _____ 3 pm and finishes _____ 4 pm.
- 3 _____ Monday to Friday I go to school.

3 Match the parts of the phrases. Then check your answers in the text in Exercise 1.

- | | |
|--------|--------------------------|
| 1 do | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 2 go | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 3 have | <input type="checkbox"/> |
- a a tennis lesson
b to Dance club / shopping
c homework

4 Think about your life. Use the questions to make notes about the things you do.

What do you do in the day?

What do you do in the evening?

What do you do at the weekend?

5 Use your notes to complete the text so it is true for you.

A typical week ...

From Monday to Friday I go to school. _____ every day! But my day doesn't finish then.

After school on Mondays I _____

In the evenings _____

On Tuesdays _____

In the evenings _____

On Wednesdays _____

In the evenings _____

On Thursdays _____

In the evenings _____

On Fridays _____

In the evenings _____

On Saturdays _____

On Sundays _____

LISTENING

1 Listen and put the events in order.

- a Jane feels better.
 b Jane tells her mum about the singing.
 c Jane tells her mum the name of the song.
 d Jane tells her mum the name of the play.
 1 e Jane is unhappy.
 f Mum starts playing the piano.

2 Listen again and correct the sentences.

0 Jane is in the school tennis team.

Jane is in the school play.

1 Jane likes acting and singing.

2 Jane thinks she's a good singer.

3 The song is from *The Lion King*.

4 Mum is a good piano player.

DIALOGUE

1 Complete the dialogue with the phrases in the list.

don't worry | here to help you | No problem
 You can do this | ~~You're good~~

JANE Yes, my character is Elsa! She sings a lot in the play. And I'm a terrible singer.

MUM You aren't. ⁰ You're good. Just like me.

JANE Really?

MUM Yes, really. Come on. ¹ _____.

JANE I can?

MUM Yes, you can. And I'm ² _____.

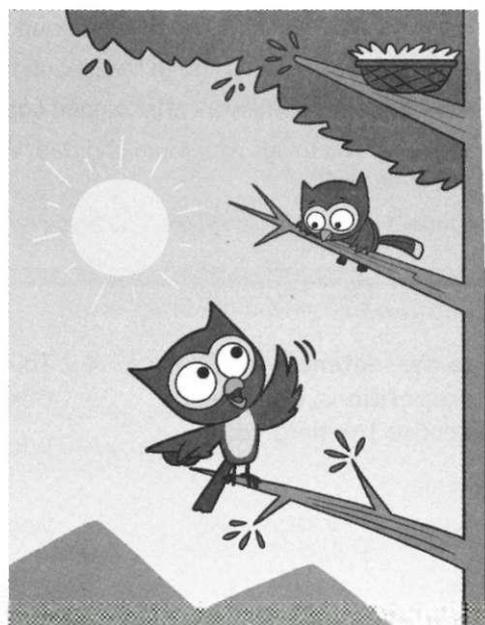
JANE You are?

MUM Yes, ³ _____. Now what's the song?

JANE It's 'Let it Go' from the film.

MUM ⁴ _____. Come with me to the piano.

2 Look at the picture and write a short dialogue. Use phrases from Exercise 1.



PHRASES FOR FLUENCY

1 Match the sentences.

- 0 What's wrong? d
 1 I've got an idea.
 2 Ana, do you want to be in the school tennis team?
 3 I don't want to play football.
 a Really. What is it?
 b No way!
 c Oh, come on. We really need you.
 d I feel a bit ill.

2 Use two of the pairs of sentences in Exercise 1 to complete the dialogues.

Dialogue 1

GEORGE _____

SARA _____

GEORGE But I hate football. And I'm terrible!

SARA No, you're not. You're great.

Dialogue 2

ABI I'm sorry, Simon. I don't really want to go shopping.

SIMON _____

ABI _____

SIMON Oh, dear. Let me get you a glass of water.

3 Use the other two pairs of sentences in Exercise 1 to make your own dialogues.

Sum it up

1 This is Lucy's diary. Make sentences about her week.

- 0 On Monday she goes shopping.
- 1 _____
- 2 _____
- 3 _____
- 4 _____
- 5 _____

MONDAY	shopping
TUESDAY	dance
WEDNESDAY	friends
THURSDAY	computer games
FRIDAY	homework
SATURDAY	music
SUNDAY	sleep!

2 Use the code to work out the message.

x□□ ○□ □♦◆⌘⌘⌘⌘⌘⌘ ⌘ ◆□◆ □ ◆○□□◆□⌘□■⌘
 □■⌘ □

♣□□◆ ♣□■◆□■⌘. ⌘ □□■◆ ◆□◆ □ ◆□□■⌘◆. ⌘◆⌘⌘

♣□◆ □■⌘.

CODE

□ = a	□ = b	□ = c	□ = d
⌘ = e	♣ = f	♣ = g	⌘ = h
⌘ = i	er = j	& = k	● = l
○ = m	■ = n	□ = o	□ = p
□ = q	□ = r	◆ = s	◆ = t
◆ = u	◆ = v	◆ = w	⊠ = x
□ = y	⌘ = z		

3 What do you want? Use the code to write your own message.

6 FRIENDS

GRAMMAR

have / has got (positive and negative)

SB page 58

1 ★★ Circle the correct options.

- 0 I *has got* / *have got* a new friend.
- 1 My friend, Sam, *has got* / *have got* a tablet.
- 2 Jenny *has got* / *have got* a big family.
- 3 We *has got* / *have got* a cat.
- 4 All of my friends *has got* / *have got* bikes.

2 ★★ Look at the table and complete the sentences.

has / hasn't got	Sally	Tom	Dan	Ellie
smartphone	✓	x	✓	x
laptop	x	x	x	x
bike	✓	x	✓	✓
TV	x	✓	x	x
dog	✓	✓	✓	✓

- 0 Tom *hasn't got* a smartphone.
- 1 Sally _____ a laptop or a TV.
- 2 Dan and Ellie _____ a bike.
- 3 Tom _____ a TV.
- 4 All of them _____ a dog.
- 5 Tom and Dan _____ a laptop.

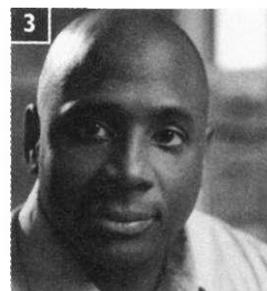
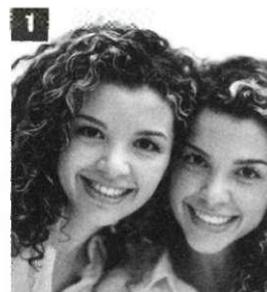
3 ★★★ Write sentences so they are true for you. Use *have got* or *haven't got* and the phrases in the list.

- a big family | a new phone number
- a new smartphone | a sister | a tablet
- black hair | brown eyes | three brothers

- 1 _____
- 2 _____
- 3 _____
- 4 _____
- 5 _____
- 6 _____
- 7 _____
- 8 _____

4 ★★★ Write sentences under the picture the phrases in the list and *have got* or *has*

- a shaved head | long curly hair
- long straight hair | short curly hair



have / has got (questions) SB page 59

5 ★★ Circle the correct options.

- 1 A *Have* / *Has* you got a TV in your bedroom?
B No, I *haven't* / *hasn't*. But my brother has got.
- 2 A *Have* / *Has* Katy got a friendship band?
B No, she *haven't* / *hasn't*. She doesn't like the.
- 3 A *Have* / *Has* Jake and Andy got new mobile phones?
B No, they *haven't* / *hasn't*. But I *have* / *has* got.
- 4 A *Have* / *Has* you got lots of songs on your mp3?
B Yes, I *have* / *has*. I've got thousands. I listen to them all the time.
- 5 A *Have* / *Has* you got bikes?
B Yes, we *have* / *has*. We've both got bikes. We ride to school every day.
- 6 A *Have* / *Has* Simon got a sister?
B No, he *haven't* / *hasn't*. He's got a brother.

6 ★★ Complete the dialogue with the correct form of *have got*.

- JANE 0 *Has* your mum *got* brown hair?
 MARCUS 1 No, she *hasn't*. She *has* black hair.
 JANE 2 *Does* she *have* blue eyes?
 MARCUS 3 No, she *doesn't*. She *has* green eyes.
 JANE 4 *Does* she *have* a daughter?
 MARCUS 5 No, she *hasn't*. She *has* one son – me!

7 ★★★ Complete the dialogue about a member of your family.

- FRIEND Has he/she got green eyes?
 YOU _____
 FRIEND Has he/she got a big family?
 YOU _____
 FRIEND Has he/she got a car?
 YOU _____
 FRIEND Has he/she got a dog?
 YOU _____
 FRIEND Has he/she got a smartphone?
 YOU _____

Countable and uncountable nouns

SB page 59

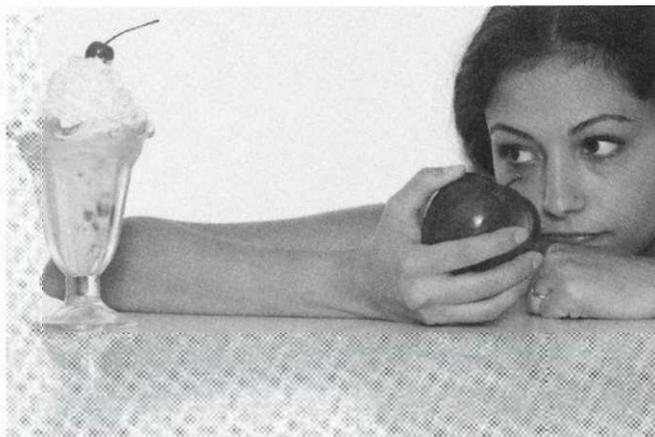
8 ★ Write C (countable) or U (uncountable).

- | | | | |
|----------|-------------------------------------|------------|--------------------------|
| 0 chair | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 5 time | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 1 nose | <input type="checkbox"/> | 6 work | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 2 hair | <input type="checkbox"/> | 7 hospital | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 3 fun | <input type="checkbox"/> | 8 name | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| 4 friend | <input type="checkbox"/> | 9 teacher | <input type="checkbox"/> |

9 ★★ Circle the correct options.

- 0 It's the weekend. Let's have a some fun.
 1 I've got a / some sandwiches. I'm hungry. Let's eat one.
 2 Let's listen to a / some music on your smartphone.
 3 Marie's got a / some red bike.
 4 I've got a / some money. Let's buy an ice cream.
 5 He's got a / some hobby – painting!
 6 My dad's got a / some work to do.
 7 Murat hasn't got an / some apple. He's got a / some banana.

10 ★★ Complete the dialogues with *a*, *an* or *some*.



- 1 A Would you like some ice cream?
 B No, thanks. I've got an apple.
 2 A Have you got a hobby?
 B Yes, I have. I sing in a band.
 3 A Have you got a best friend?
 B Yes, I have. Her name's Zeynep.
 4 A I've got some money from my mum.
 B Me too!
 A That's good. Let's buy some sweets.
 5 A I haven't got a pen.
 B Oh, I've got a. I've got blue, black and red. Is that OK?
 A Yes, perfect!

GET IT RIGHT!

Countable and uncountable nouns

We add *-s* to the end of countable nouns to make them plural, but not to uncountable nouns.

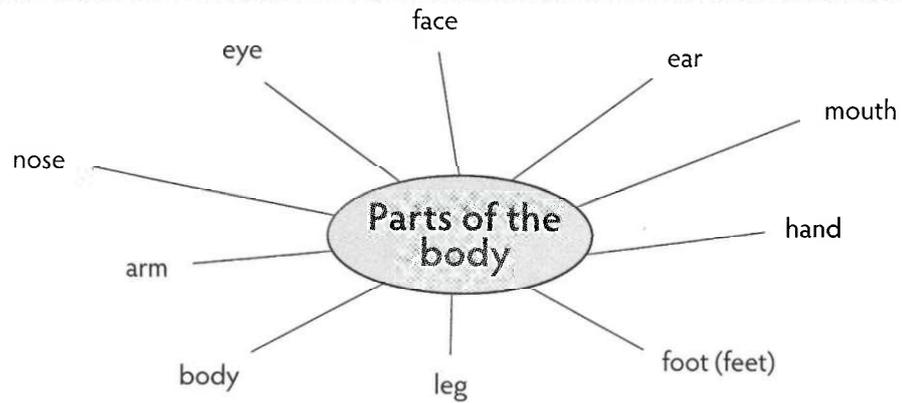
- ✓ I have a lot of friends.
 X I have a lot of friend.
 ✓ I drink a lot of water.
 X I drink a lot of waters.

Circle the correct options.

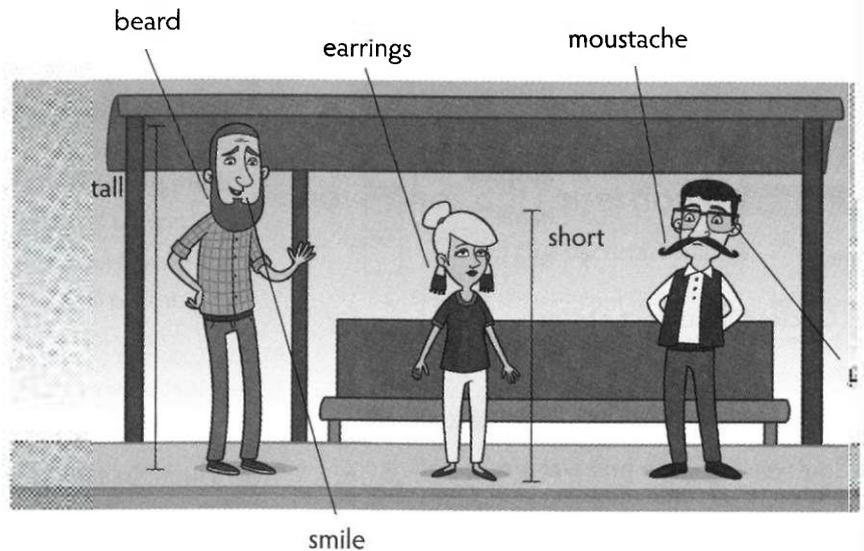
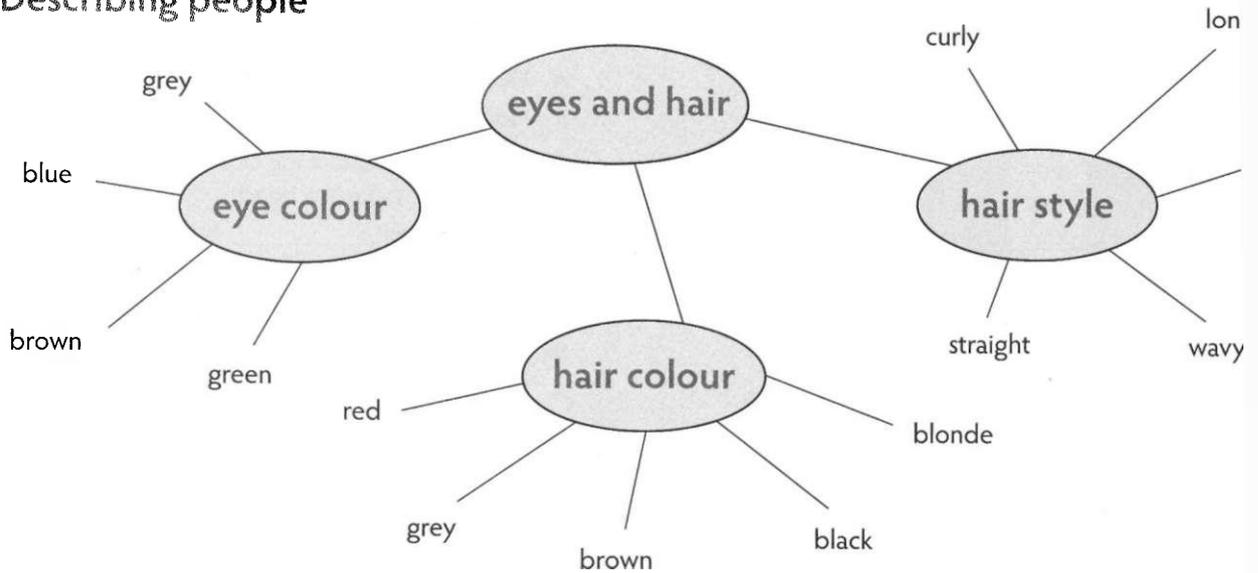
- 0 How many pen / pens has he got?
 1 I listen to musics / music in my bedroom.
 2 They have a lot of hobby / hobbies.
 3 Do you have enough money / moneys for your lunch?
 4 Homework isn't always a lot of fun / fun.
 5 Her brother has two phone / phones.
 6 This street has a lot of shop / shops.

VOCABULARY

Word list



Describing people

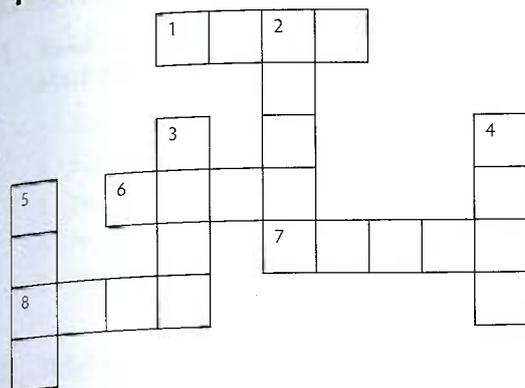


Key words in context

- doctor** When I'm ill, I see a **doctor**.
- good-looking** James has got black hair and blue eyes. He's very **good-looking**.
- kiss** When we greet a friend in my country, we **kiss** three times on the cheeks.
- nurse** My mum is a **nurse** at a hospital.
- shaved** My dad hasn't got any hair. He's got a **shaved** head.
- surprise** I've got a present for Jane. It's a **surprise**.
- tradition** I always eat cake on my birthday. It's a **tradition**.

Parts of the body

1 ★★ Complete the crossword.



ACROSS

- 1 You reach with your
- 6 You kick with your
- 7 You hold with your
- 8 You hear with your

DOWN

- 2 You eat with your
- 3 You walk with your
- 4 You smell with your
- 5 You see with your

Describing people (1)

2 ★★ Circle the correct options.

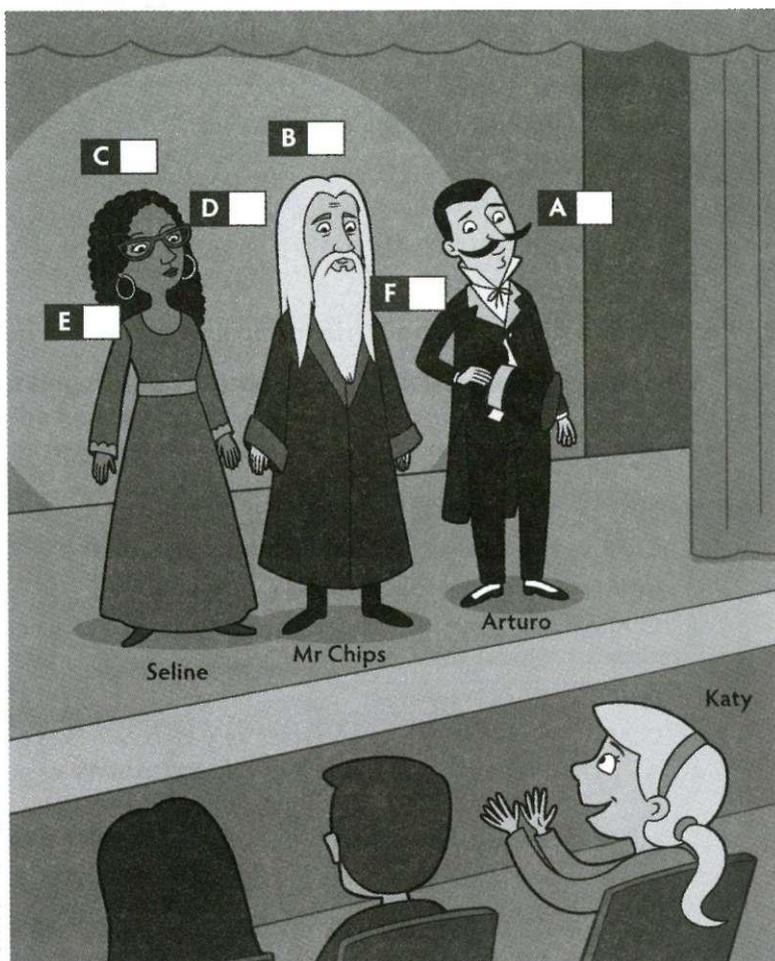
- 0 His hair isn't curly. It's wavy / brown.
- 1 She's got *short* / blonde red hair.
- 2 Her eyes are *straight* / green.
- 3 My mother always wears her hair *straight* / brown for work.
- 4 The old man has grey *curly* / hair.
- 5 His hair colour / style is black.

Describing people (2)

3 ★★ Complete the words with a, e, i, o or u.

- 0 m o u s t a c h e
- 1 g l _ s s _ s
- 2 t _ l l
- 3 b _ _ r d
- 4 s m _ l _
- 5 _ _ r r _ n g s
- 6 s h _ r t

4 ★★★ Match the words to the pictures. Write 1-6 in the boxes.



- 1 beard | 2 earrings | 3 glasses | 4 grey
- 5 moustache | 6 wavy

5 ★★★ Look at the picture and write the names of the people.

- 0 She's got earrings. Seline
- 1 He's got a very big moustache. _____
- 2 She's got a lovely smile. _____
- 3 He's got a very long beard. _____
- 4 She wears glasses. _____

6 ★★★ Write one more sentence about each person in Exercise 4.

- 1 _____
- 2 _____
- 3 _____
- 4 _____

Pronunciation

Long vowel sound /eɪ/

Go to page 119.

READING

1 **True or False?** Mark the sentences T (true) or F (false). Then look at the article on page 57 of the Student's Book and check your answers.

- 0 Delaney Clements is 12.
- 1 Delaney has got long curly hair and blue eyes.
- 2 She loves sports.
- 3 Kamryn is her best friend.
- 4 Delaney has got cancer.
- 5 Delaney shaves her head.

F

2 Read the two dialogues about friendship and answer the questions.

- 1 Who has got green eyes? _____
- 2 Who wears glasses? _____

JANET Who is your best friend?

CLARA Sarah is my best friend.

JANET What does she look like?

CLARA She's very pretty. She's got long curly black hair and brown eyes. She wears glasses and she's got a friendly smile.

JANET What's she like?

CLARA She's very clever and she's very kind. She likes drawing and making things. I like making things, too. We've got the same hobbies. That's important, I think.

JANET Why is she a good friend?

CLARA Friends share things with you. Sarah shares everything with me. She shares her chocolate with me and her clothes with me. She's a very special friend.



JANET Who is your best friend?

SAM Murat is my best friend.

JANET What does he look like?

SAM He's tall and he's got short straight brown hair and green eyes. He's got a friendly smile and he laughs a lot. We laugh a lot together. We like the same things.

JANET What's he like?

SAM He's funny and tells good jokes. He's very good at sports, and he likes basketball. I like basketball, too. We like the same team. That's important, I think.

JANET Why is he a good friend?

SAM Friends listen to you. Murat always listens to me. Sometimes I have a problem and he helps me. He's a great friend.



3 Read the dialogues again and answer the questions.

- 1 What colour is Sarah's hair? _____
- 2 What colour is Murat's hair? _____
- 3 Who likes basketball? _____
- 4 Who likes drawing? _____
- 5 What do Murat and Sam like? _____
- 6 What does Sarah share with Clara? _____

4 Who says these phrases about friendship? Write C (Clara) or S

A good friend ...

- 1 shares things with you.
- 2 likes the same team.
- 3 helps you.
- 4 has the same hobbies.
- 5 tells you jokes.
- 6 listens to you.

DEVELOPING WRITING

Describing people in a story

1 Read about a singer from a story. Mark the sentences T (true) or F (false).

- 1 He's short.
- 2 He wears glasses.
- 3 He's got a moustache.
- 4 He hasn't got a beard.
- 5 He doesn't like tennis.

In my story, there's a singer. He's in a boy band. He's very tall. He's got short black hair and blue eyes and he wears glasses. He's got a short beard. I think he's very good-looking. He's very active. He likes football and swimming, but he doesn't like tennis. He's very friendly. Look! He's got a big smile. I think he's cool.



2 Think of a person from a story. He/She can be a singer, a sports person, an actor/actress, a prince/princess, etc. Choose the adjectives that describe him or her.

STORY - MATIC

BODY	HANDS AND FEET	HAIR	OTHER FEATURES
tall short strong	big small	red black curly long brown blonde straight short	glasses beard moustache friendly smile good-looking
NOSE AND MOUTH	EYES	PERSONALITY	
big small	brown green grey blue black	friendly nice clever funny cool kind	

3 Write notes about your story person. Use the questions to help you.

What does he/she look like? (hair, eyes, other features) _____

Personality _____

Likes/dislikes _____

4 Use your notes to complete the text about your story person.

In my story, there is a/an _____ .
 He/She is _____. He/She has got _____ and _____.
 He/She has also got _____ and _____. And what about his/her personality? He/She is _____ and _____. He/She likes _____ but he/she doesn't like _____.
 I like him/her very much.

Writing tip: adjectives to describe people

- He/She is *tall / short*.
- He/She has got *long / black / curly* hair.
- He/She has got *brown / blue / green* eyes.
- He/She has got a *black / grey / brown / long / short* moustache / beard.
- He/She is *nice / friendly*.

LISTENING

1 Listen to the dialogues and number the places in the order you hear them.

- a the park
- b a hospital
- c a party

2 Listen again and **circle** the correct options.

- 1 Martin is *tall / short* and he's got short curly *brown / black* hair. He's got a *moustache / friendship band* and he wears *glasses / earrings*.
- 2 Katie has got a *dog / bike* with her. She's *short / tall* and she's got long curly *brown / black* hair. She's got *brown / blue* eyes and she always wears *glasses / earrings*. She's very *funny / friendly*.
- 3 The nurse is *tall / short* and she's got *short / long* hair. It's *black / blonde* and it's *curly / straight*. She's got *brown / green* eyes and she's very *popular / pretty*.

DIALOGUE

1 Put the dialogue in order.

- POLICE OFFICER And what's y name?
- POLICE OFFICER And what col got?
- POLICE OFFICER Can I take yo
- POLICE OFFICER Thank you, M
- POLICE OFFICER OK, first, wha she got?
- POLICE OFFICER Is it long or sh
- MRS. JONES She's got bro
- MRS. JONES My name's Sa
- MRS. JONES She's got gree wears glasses.
- MRS. JONES It's Emma.
- MRS. JONES It's short and

TRAIN TO THINK

Attention to detail

Spot the five differences and write sentences.

Picture 1



Picture 2



- 0 *In picture 1, the man has got glasses.*
- 0 *In picture 2, he hasn't got glasses.*
- 1 _____
- 2 _____
- 3 _____
- 4 _____

EXAM SKILLS: Writing

Punctuation (getting apostrophes right)

Writing tip

When writing in English, it's sometimes easy to make mistakes with apostrophes ('). It's important to know when to use them and when not to use them.

- We use apostrophes to show missing letters in short forms, for example:

He is ... → He's ...

She has got ... → She's got ...

- Be careful not to confuse apostrophes for the short form of *be* and *have got* with apostrophes to show possession:

My mum's got curly hair. (short form)

My mum's name is Helen. (possession)

Complete the Apostrophe Challenge. Write the short forms.

I think I can complete the *Apostrophe Challenge* in _____ seconds.

I am	0	<i>I'm</i>
It is	1	
You are	2	
He is not	3	
They are not	4	
She has got	5	
I have got	6	
We have got	7	
He has not got	8	
I have not got	9	



My time: _____ seconds.

2 Read the text. Put apostrophes in the correct places.

My best friends name is Miranda. Shes

12 years old and shes in the same class

as me. Mirandas got short curly brown

hair and green eyes. She wears glasses

and shes very pretty. Shes clever and she

likes sports. Mirandas got a brother and

a sister. Theyre eight years old and ten

years old. Theyve got brown hair and blue

eyes. They dont wear glasses. Mirandas

also got a cat. Its black and white and its

names Suky. Its a lovely cat.

3 Write a paragraph about one of these people. Use the questions in the box to help you.

- a your best friend
- b a family member
- c your favourite actor/singer/band

- What's his/her name?
- How old is he/she?
- What does he/she look like?

CONSOLIDATION

LISTENING

1 28 Listen to three dialogues and **circle** the correct answers (A, B or C).

- Jonathan has got a problem with his ...
A arm. B hand. C leg.
- Maddy is ...
A nice. B short. C tall.
- How many friends has Tim got?
A about fifty B about fifteen C about five

2 29 Listen again and answer the questions.

- What does Jonathan want to do today?
.....
- What does the girl tell him to do?
.....
- Does Mike know Maddy?
.....
- What does Mike want Samantha to say to Maddy?
.....
- When does Tim come to this place?
.....
- What colour is Steve's hair?
.....

GRAMMAR

3 **Circle** the correct options.

- TOM Hi Joanna. How are you? It's nice to see you here.
JOANNA Hi Tom. Well, I ¹*go always / always go* to the shopping centre on Saturdays.
- JASON Oh, right. ²*I'm never / I never am* in town on Saturdays. But it's different today because ³*I've got / I'm got* some money.
- JOANNA Great. ⁴*How much / How many* money have you got, then?
TOM £75.00. I ⁵*don't know / know not* what I want to buy, though. Maybe some clothes, or ...
- JOANNA That's a great idea. I love clothes. I ⁶*buy / buys* clothes every month.
TOM Really? So, ⁷*you got / you've got* lots of clothes at home?
JOANNA Yes, that's right.
TOM OK, well I'm not very good at buying clothes. Can you help me? Have you got ⁸*a / some* time to come with me?
JOANNA Of course. Let's go to this shop first – ⁹*it's always got / it's got* always nice things to buy.
TOM OK, cool. You know, Joanna, it's great to have ¹⁰*a / some* friend like you!

VOCABULARY

4 Complete the sentences with words in the list. There are words.

do | earrings | e-reader |
hang out | headphones |
short | smile | tall

- I really like listening to music. _____
- Spiders have got eight legs. _____
- I like Susannah. She's always smiling and she's got a nice smile. _____
- These are my new headphones. Do you like them? _____
- I don't buy books any more. I only buy e-readers. _____
- She's good at basketball because she's very tall. _____
- I only hang out with my friends on Sundays – never on Saturdays. _____
- On Sundays I always smile with my friends. _____

5 Complete the words.

- My favourite day of the week is Friday. _____
- I use my new telephone to check my emails and text messages. _____
- Her hair isn't straight. It's curly. _____
- Let's go out on Wednesday evening – to the cinema, maybe. _____
- My grandfather's got a beard and a moustache. _____
- His eyes aren't very good. He wears glasses all the time. _____
- Do you want to go shopping in town tomorrow morning? _____
- Put your hand up if you know the answer. _____

UNITS 5 & 6

DIALOGUE

6 Complete the dialogue with the words in the list.

always | an idea | haven't got | listen to | never | on | play | tablet | way | wrong

PAUL Hey, Jenny. You don't seem very happy. What's ¹ _____ ?

JENNY Hi, Paul. I'm OK. It's nothing.

PAUL Come ² _____. Tell me. Is there a problem?

JENNY No, not really. I want to ³ _____ computer games tonight, but I ⁴ _____ anyone to play with.

PAUL OK. Listen. I've got ⁵ _____. Let's ask James to come over to my place. Then we can all play some games together.

JENNY No ⁶ _____ ! I don't like James at all. He ⁷ _____ helps me or says anything nice to me. He's ⁸ _____ horrible to me.

PAUL Oh, right, OK. So – let's play, you and me. I'm not very good, but ...

JENNY Oh, yes, please. That's great, Paul. Thank you. So – can we use your laptop?

PAUL Sorry, Jenny, I haven't got a laptop. But I've got a ⁹ _____. Is that OK?

JENNY Yes, I think so. And we can ¹⁰ _____ music at the same time, too.

PAUL Sure. OK, let's go.

READING

7 Read this text about gadgets and **circle** the correct answers (A or B).

ME AND MY GADGETS

I'm Tony, I'm a 14-year-old boy ... and I love my gadgets. I've got a tablet, a smartphone and an e-reader, and I'm always looking at one of them.

I use my tablet to read the news and to chat to my friends. It's good, too, when I'm on the bus. I always use it to listen to music.

I use my smartphone ... well, of course, to make phone calls and to send text messages. I've got lots of apps, too – especially apps about football and music, because they're my favourite free-time activities.

And my e-reader? I use it to read books. I love reading and my parents and other people in my family often give me ebooks to read (for my birthday, for example). I like reading before I go to sleep. I often read 10 or 12 pages at night.



- 1 Tony's got ...
 - A three gadgets.
 - B four gadgets.
- 2 He listens to music on ...
 - A his smartphone.
 - B his tablet.
- 3 Tony uses his smartphone to ...
 - A read about the news and weather.
 - B talk to his friends.
- 4 People in Tony's family often give him ...
 - A ebooks for his reader.
 - B pages from books to read at night.

WRITING

- 8 Write a paragraph about your gadgets. Use the questions to help you. Write 35–50 words.
 - What gadgets have you got?
 - What do you use them for?
 - When / How often do you use them?
 - What gadgets do you want?

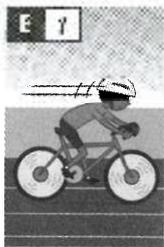
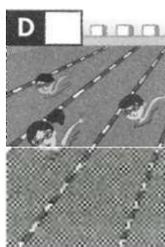


SPORTING LIFE

GRAMMAR

can (ability) SB page 68

- 1 ★★ Match the sentences with the pictures.
Write 1–8 in the boxes.



- 1 He can ride a bike.
- 2 They can sing.
- 3 She can swim.
- 4 We can dance.
- 5 We can't dance.
- 6 She can't swim.
- 7 They can't sing.
- 8 He can't ride a bike.

- 2 ★★★ Match the questions and answers

- 0 Can you and Lucy sing?
- 1 Can you speak Spanish?
- 2 Can David play the piano?
- 3 Can Helena cook?
- 4 Can a Ferrari go fast?
- 5 Can Karim and Jake ride a bike?
 - a No, he can't.
 - b Yes, they can.
 - c Yes, I can.
 - d Yes, it can.
 - e No, we can't.
 - f Yes, she can.

- 3 ★★★ Write sentences with *can* or *can't*.

- 0 I / ride a bike (✓) / skateboard (X)
I can ride a bike but I can't skateboard.
- 1 I / sing (✓) / dance (X)
.....
- 2 my little brother / talk (X) / walk (✓)
.....
- 3 they / speak Spanish (✓) / speak French (X)
.....
- 4 my dad / drive (X) / cook (✓)
.....
- 5 we / do somersaults (X) / spin (✓)
.....
- 6 my mum / play the piano (X) / play the guitar
.....
- 7 the bird / sing (✓) / talk (X)
.....

Pronunciation

Long vowel sound /ɔ:/

Go to page 120.

4 ★★★ Look at the pictures and write questions with *can*. Then answer them so they are true for you.



Can you drive?

Yes, I can. / No, I can't.



5 ★★★ Complete the sentences with your own ideas.

- I can't _____, but I can _____.
- My best friend can _____, but he/she can't _____.
- My teacher can't _____, but he/she can _____.
- Babies can _____, but they can't _____.
- My mum can _____, but she can't _____.
- My dad can't _____, but he can _____.
- The cat can _____, but it can't _____.

Prepositions of time SB page 71

6 ★★ Circle the correct options.

- I leave home *in / on / at* 7 am to go to school.
- Susie's birthday is *in / on / at* May.
- The film starts *in / on / at* 8 pm.
- It's very cold *in / on / at* winter.
- I don't go to school *in / on / at* Sundays.
- There's a holiday *in / on / at* 7th April this year.
- We play tennis *in / on / at* Friday afternoons.
- The first day of school is *in / on / at* autumn.

7 ★★ Complete the sentences with *at, in* or *on*.

- The party is on Friday _____ 7 pm.
- School starts _____ 8 am and it finishes _____ 3 pm.
- It's very hot _____ summer.
- My school holidays start _____ June and finish _____ September.
- My birthday is _____ 21st March. It's _____ spring. This year it's _____ a Tuesday.

8 ★★★ Write the words in the correct columns.

Friday | May | midday | midnight | seven o'clock
September | the evening | the morning
Tuesday | 3:30 pm | 7th July | 22nd May

in	on	at
May	Friday	3.30 pm

GET IT RIGHT! Prepositions of time

We use *on* for days of the week and dates.

- ✓ I go swimming *on* Saturday.
- ✗ I go swimming *in* Saturday.
- ✓ Her birthday is *on* 1st May.
- ✗ Her birthday is *in* 1st May.

We use *at* for clock times.

- ✓ My dance lesson is *at* five o'clock.
- ✗ My dance lesson is *on* five o'clock.

We use *in* for months and seasons.

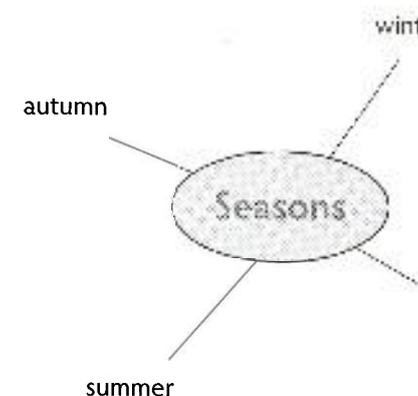
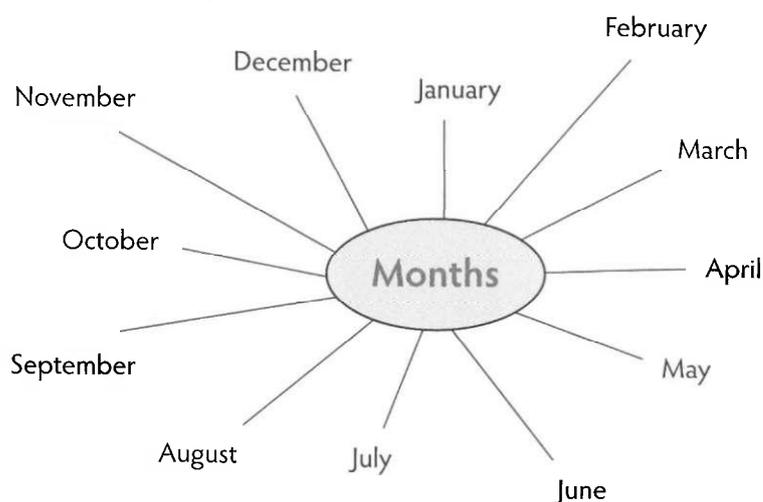
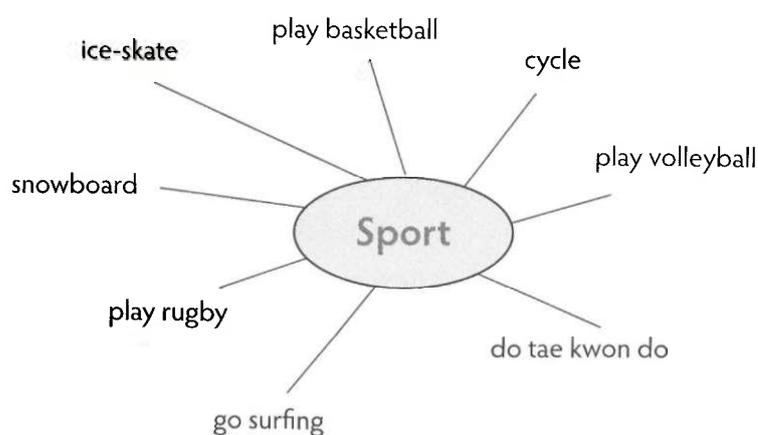
- ✓ Is your birthday *in* October?
- ✗ Is your birthday *at* October?
- ✓ We often go to the beach *in* summer.
- ✗ We often go to the beach *at* summer.

Complete the sentences with *on, in* or *at*.

- I will be there on Sunday evening.
- He wants to go to your house _____ 7th July.
- I can come _____ Monday or Friday.
- My school exams are _____ June.
- Can you meet me _____ half past twelve?
- The trees are pretty _____ autumn.
- It starts _____ quarter to ten.

VOCABULARY

Word list



Telling the time

1 It's three o'clock.

2 It's half past eight.

3 It's quarter past ten.

4 It's quarter to one.



Ordinal numbers

1st – first	5th – fifth	9th – ninth	13th – thirteenth
2nd – second	6th – sixth	10th – tenth	20th – twentieth
3rd – third	7th – seventh	11th – eleventh	30th – thirtieth
4th – fourth	8th – eighth	12th – twelfth	31st – thirty-first

Key words in context

final

My team is in the **final**!

hit

In table tennis you **hit** a ball with a bat.

hobby

I love old photos and I collect them. It's my **hobby**.

jump

My cat can **jump** very high.

organise

Mr Thomas **organises** the Glee club at our school.

skipping rope

Lots of girls at our school like playing with **skipping ropes**.

somersault

I can't do a **somersault**. I'm not a gymnast!

spin

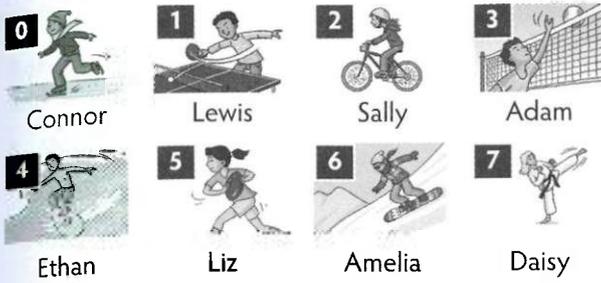
I like **spinning** in circles.

winner

The **winner** of the race gets \$1,000.

Sport SB page 68

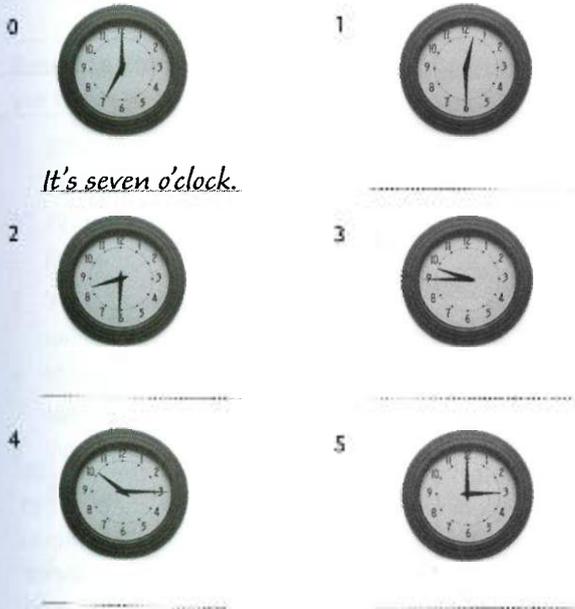
1 ★★ Look at the pictures and write sentences.



0 *Connor ice skates.* 4 _____
 1 _____ 5 _____
 2 _____ 6 _____
 3 _____ 7 _____

Telling the time SB page 69

2 ★★ Write the times under the clocks.



It's seven o'clock.

Ordinal numbers SB page 73

5 ★★ Complete the table.

1st	<i>first</i>	_____	fifth	_____	9th	_____	thirteenth
_____	second	6th	_____	10th	_____	20th	_____
3rd	_____	7th	_____	_____	eleventh	30th	_____
4th	_____	8th	_____	12th	_____	_____	thirty-first

6 ★★ Write the ordinal numbers.

14th *fourteenth* 21st _____ 27th _____ 22nd _____
 28th _____ 15th _____ 16th _____ 23rd _____
 29th _____ 24th _____ 17th _____ 18th _____
 19th _____ 26th _____ 25th _____

Months and seasons SB page 71

3 ★★ Complete the months and seasons with the missing consonants.

Months	Seasons
1 O _ _ o _ e _	13 _ u _ _ e _
2 _ _ u _ e _	14 a _ _ u _ _
3 A _ _ i _ _	15 _ _ _ i _ _
4 _ e _ e _ e _	16 _ i _ _ e _
5 _ a _ _	
6 _ u _ _	
7 _ a _ u a _ _	
8 A u _ u _ _	
9 _ e _ _ e _ e _	
10 _ o _ e _ _ e _	
11 _ e _ _ u a _ _	
12 _ a _ _ _	

4 ★★★ Choose four months. Say what season they are in and what you do in them in each month.

0 *August is in summer. I go on holiday in August with my family.*
 1 _____
 2 _____
 3 _____
 4 _____

READING

1 **REMEMBER AND CHECK** Match each person with two facts. Then look at the article on page 67 of the Student's Book and check your answers.

- | | | | |
|--------------------|--------------------------|---|-------------------------------|
| 1 Nikolai Kutsenko | <input type="checkbox"/> | e | a enjoys golf. |
| 2 Xavier Good | <input type="checkbox"/> | | b are gymnasts. |
| 3 Tillman | <input type="checkbox"/> | | c is a dog. |
| 4 The Firecrackers | <input type="checkbox"/> | | d use music for the show. |
| | <input type="checkbox"/> | | e has got a world record. |
| | <input type="checkbox"/> | | f is a little boy. |
| | <input type="checkbox"/> | | g is awesome with a football. |
| | <input type="checkbox"/> | | h can skateboard. |

2 Read the text and complete the sentences under the pictures.

Sport for All

The Paralympic Games are a big sporting event for athletes with disabilities. The games take place every two years: after the Summer Olympics, and after the Winter Olympics. They show the world all the amazing things that these athletes can do. Here are two awesome Paralympians.

Terezinha Guilhermina is from a poor family in Betim in Brazil. She can't see very well but she can run. She can run very fast. She runs with the help of her guide, Guilherme Soares de Santana. Guilherme can run fast, too, but he can see. He helps Terezinha keep on the track. Terezinha is very successful. She is a Paralympian gold medal winner in the 200-metre race. Now she wants to win a gold medal in her home country at the Rio 2016 Olympics.



This is ³ _____.
He's from ⁴ _____.

David Weir is a wheelchair athlete from the UK has a problem with his legs. He can't use them to run or walk so he races in a special wheelchair. He uses the wheelchair with his hands. He races any distance from 100 metres to a full marathon. He's got six medals from the Paralympic Games in Beijing and London. He is also a six-time winner of the London Marathon. David is very popular with his fans. They call him the 'Weirwolf'.



This is ¹ _____.
She's from ² _____.

3 Read the text again and answer the questions.

- When do the Paralympics happen?
- What can't Terezinha do?
- Who helps Terezinha run?
- What race has she got a gold medal from?
- What can't David Weir do?
- How does he move his wheelchair?
- How many gold medals has he got from the Paralympic Games in Beijing and London?

DEVELOPING WRITING

An amazing person

1 Read the text. Imagine you're the writer of the text and answer the questions.

0 Who is he?

My cousin Tom.

1 Where is he from?

2 What does he do?

3 What sort of things can he do?

4 Why do you like him?

My cousin Tom is an amazing person. He's from Newcastle and he's the junior champion of North-East England at tae kwon do. He's only 13, but he can pick his dad up and throw him on the floor. He's got a black belt. Tom's also really good at school. He's really great at Maths and Science and he can speak three foreign languages: French, German and Spanish. But I like Tom because he's a really good friend to me. He's also really funny and he can always make me laugh.



2 Read the answers to the questions and use them to complete the text.

1 Who is she?

Grandmother Ana

2 Where is she from?

Derby

3 What does she do?

swims

4 What sort of things can he/she do?

swim 400 metres in five minutes

5 Why do you like her?

friendly / makes great cakes

My⁰ *Grandmother Ana* is an amazing person.

We live in the same town,¹ _____,

so I see her a lot. She's 72 years old and she still

² _____ every day. She's in a

team and does races most weekends. She swims in

special races for people over 65. She always wins. She's

really fast. She can

³ _____.

She loves swimming. It makes

her feel young.

I like her because she's really

⁴ _____

to me. And she

⁵ _____.



3 Answer the questions about an amazing person you know.

1 Who is he/she?

2 Where is he/she from?

3 What does he/she do?

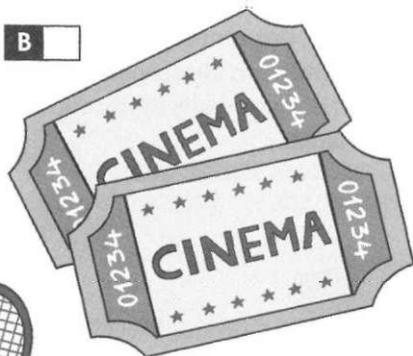
4 What sort of things can he/she do?

5 Why do you like him/her?

4 Use your answers to the questions in Exercise 3 to write a short text about that person. Write 35–50 words.

LISTENING

- 1 Listen and match the dialogues with the pictures. Write 1-3 in the boxes.

A B C 

- 2 Listen again and draw the times on the clocks.

Dialogue 1:
What time do they play tennis?



Dialogue 2:
What time is the film they choose?



Dialogue 3:
What time do they meet?



- 3 Listen again and complete each sentence with one word.

- 0 Louise feels a bit bored.
1 Louise is _____ until 1 pm.
2 Tammy wants to go to the cinema in the _____.
3 The first film is at _____ past six.
4 Lucy wants to go _____ with Dan.
5 Lucy finishes _____ at five.

DIALOGUE

- 1 Put the dialogue in order.

- BEN We can't. I haven't got a ball.
 BEN TV! That's why I'm bored. I'm tired watching TV.
 BEN We can't. She's on holiday.
 BEN I'm bored. What can we do?
 SUE Is she? So how about some more tennis?
 SUE Why don't we play basketball?
 SUE No ball. OK, let's go to Jenny's house.

PHRASES FOR FLUENCY

- 1 Match the questions with the answers.

- 0 Are these your pens and books?
1 Oh, no, look at the rain.
2 Where's Lisbon?
3 Look, there goes the bus home. Now what?
a It's no big deal. I've got an umbrella.
b I'm sure it's in Portugal.
c No, I think that's Owen's stuff.
d Don't worry. There's another bus in 15 minutes.

- 2 Complete the dialogue with the words and phrases that are underlined in Exercise 1.

- MUM Come on, Tom. It's time for school.
TOM I'm ready, Mum.
MUM Have you got your swimming
0 stuff ?
TOM I haven't got a swimming lesson today.
MUM 1 _____ you have, Tom. It's Thursday.
TOM Thursday! Oh, no. I have got a swimming lesson! But my towel's wet. 2 _____
MUM 3 _____ . You can take my towel.
TOM Thanks, Mum. You're the best.

Sum it up

1 Read and write the names of the sports.

Welcome to a day of sport on BCB TV.

We've got a great programme of sporting action for you this Saturday.

☆ We've got live  football from Old Trafford, where Manchester United play Chelsea in the big game.

☆ We've got  - ALL the action from the NBA.

☆ There's  action from last night's match between Brazil and Spain.

☆ There's live  from one of today's Super League matches.

☆ And we've got  from Helsinki.

There's something for everyone.

2 Read the clues and complete the TV sports programme.

Start time	Finish time	Sports programme
	pm	pm

- The afternoon of sport starts at 1 pm.
- Rugby is the fourth programme.
- The ice-skating is on for half an hour.
- Football is after volleyball.
- Basketball starts six hours after ice-skating finishes.
- The football starts at 3 pm.
- Rugby is two and a half hours.
- Volleyball is an hour and a half.
- There are eight hours of sport.
- Ice-skating is the first sport.
- The last programme is 90 minutes.

3 Put the words in the list into four categories. There are three words in each category. Name the categories.

August | cycling | fifth | first | June | May | snowboarding | spring | summer | tae kwon do | third | winter

1 MONTHS	2	3	4
August			

8 DANCE TO THE MUSIC

GRAMMAR

Present continuous

1 ★ **Circle** the correct options.

- 0 She isn't here. She s / 're playing football in the park.
 1 What *is* / *are* you doing?
 2 Sorry, I can't talk now. I 'm / *is* watching a film on TV.
 3 All my friends are here. We 's / 're having a good time!
 4 My brother's in his room. He 's / 're playing computer games.
 5 My mum and dad *is* / *are* taking the dog for a walk.
 6 I think they're happy. They 's / 're smiling a lot!
 7 Look! There's Jimmy. Where 's / 're he going?

2 ★ **Write the -ing form of these verbs.**

- | | | | |
|---------|-----------------|----------|-------|
| 0 shop | <i>shopping</i> | 7 walk | _____ |
| 1 play | _____ | 8 read | _____ |
| 2 give | _____ | 9 take | _____ |
| 3 sit | _____ | 10 try | _____ |
| 4 dance | _____ | 11 stop | _____ |
| 5 smile | _____ | 12 write | _____ |
| 6 run | _____ | 13 draw | _____ |

3 ★★ **Complete the sentences with the present continuous form of the verbs in brackets.**

- 0 Go away Jack. I 'm *not talking* to you! (not talk)
 1 Let's go for a walk. It _____. (not rain)
 2 _____ you _____ the film? (enjoy)
 3 _____ your brother _____ a good time at university? (have)
 4 What _____ you _____, Joaquim? (do)
 5 The TV is on, but they _____ it. (not watch)
 6 Maria! You _____ to me! (not listen)
 7 What _____ the cat _____? (eat)
 8 They _____ well today. (not play)

4 ★★ Lily is telling Fred about a new show on TV. Complete the dialogue with the present continuous form of the verbs in brackets.

LILY Hey Dan, how are you? Are you free this evening?

DAN Hmm, I'm not sure. Why?

LILY Well, there's a great new quiz on TV. There are two teams. One player in a team is *watching* (watch) a video on TV. Of course the other players can't see what's ¹ _____ (happen) on the screen.

DAN So?

LILY Well, the player with the tablet says things like 'A boy ² _____ (run) is wearing ³ _____ (wear) shorts. He ⁴ _____ (hold) a ball.' After each question sentence the other players guess what's ⁵ _____ (happen) in the video.

DAN And then what?

LILY The players can ask ten questions.

DAN Like 'What ⁶ _____ they _____ (do) in the video?'

LILY No, of course not. They can only ask ten questions like 'The boy ⁷ _____ the ball _____ (play) with friends?' or 'The boy ⁸ _____ they _____ (go) to school?' or 'The boy ⁹ _____ (watch) a game of football?'

DAN And then?

LILY Sometimes the player watching the video says what ¹⁰ _____ (not happen) in the video. Things like 'The boy ¹¹ _____ (not sitting) on the floor' or 'The people ¹² _____ (not dancing) to the music. And the other player gets a point if they can say what's happening in the video.'

DAN Hmm. I don't like watching quiz programmes. I like watching films.

LILY Oh. Well, please watch tonight. It's a surprise for you!

DAN A surprise? Now I really want to watch it!

5 ★★★ Complete this extract from the quiz show with the correct form of the verbs in the list.

hit | hold | kick | not go | not smile
not throw | play (x3) | stand | wear

HOST Right! Let's play! Lily, you have the tablet, so your team starts.

LILY Well, I can see twelve girls here. They

⁰ *'re wearing* shorts and T-shirts.

SIMON ¹ _____ they _____ a game?

LILY Yes, they are. They ² _____ with a ball.

TOM ³ _____ they _____ the ball with their feet?

LILY No, they aren't. And they ⁴ _____ the ball. One girl ⁵ _____ the ball in her hand. She ⁶ _____ behind a line on the floor.

MARK ⁷ _____ she _____ the ball with her hand?

LILY Yes, she is. But the ball ⁸ _____ into the net. That's not good. She isn't happy. She ⁹ _____

SIMON I know! ¹⁰ _____ they _____ volleyball?

LILY Yes, they are!

HOST Well done! That's one point to you.

6 ★★★ What do you think your family and friends are doing now? Look at the example and write similar sentences about them.

- ⁰ *I think my sister is watching TV now.* _____
- ¹ _____
- ² _____
- ³ _____
- ⁴ _____
- ⁵ _____

like / don't like + -ing Speaking

7 ★★ Write sentences with the correct form of the verbs.

- ⁰ I / like / read / long books
I like reading long books. _____
- ¹ my sister / not like / play / basketball

- ² my parents / hate / watch / science fiction films

- ³ my best friend / like / listen to / classical music

- ⁴ I / not like / go to / the cinema

- ⁵ I / love / read / in bed

8 ★★ Complete the text. Use love (☺☺), like (☺), don't/doesn't like (☹), hate (☹☹) and the correct form of the verbs.

My family are a bit strange – they like or don't like all kinds of different things. My sister ⁰ *doesn't like cooking* (☹ cook) but she ¹ _____ (☺☺ clean) her room. My father ² _____ (☹☹ go) for walks, but he ³ _____ (☺☺ go) for a ride on his bike. My mother ⁴ _____ (☺ read) magazines, but she ⁵ _____ (☹☹ read) books. My parents ⁶ _____ (☺ travel), but they ⁷ _____ (☹ go) to other countries. And me? Well, I just ⁸ _____ (☺☺ be) with my strange family!

9 ★★★ Complete the sentences so they are true for you.

- ⁰ I love _____ *singing in the shower* and _____ *going to the cinema.*
- ¹ I love _____ and _____
- ² I like _____ and _____
- ³ I don't like _____ and _____
- ⁴ I hate _____ and _____

GET IT RIGHT!

Present continuous

We use subject + *am/is/are* + *-ing* form of the main verb.

- ✓ *We are watching TV.*
- ✗ *We watching TV.*
- ✓ *I am eating a sandwich.*
- ✗ *I am eat a sandwich.*

Complete the sentences with the correct present continuous form of the verbs in brackets.

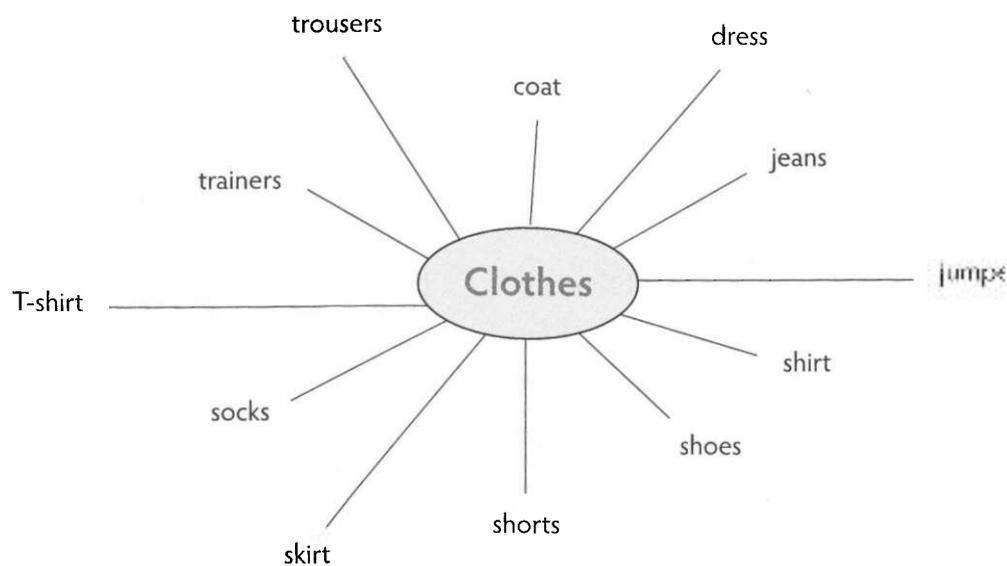
- ⁰ She *is taking* (take) some photos of her cat.
- ¹ We _____ (do) the shopping at the moment.
- ² _____ (you / listen) to rap music?
- ³ He _____ (wear) a black shirt and trousers.
- ⁴ They _____ (walk) to the supermarket.
- ⁵ Who _____ (play) computer games?
- ⁶ He _____ (not eat) a sandwich, he's eating a burger!

VOCABULARY

Word list

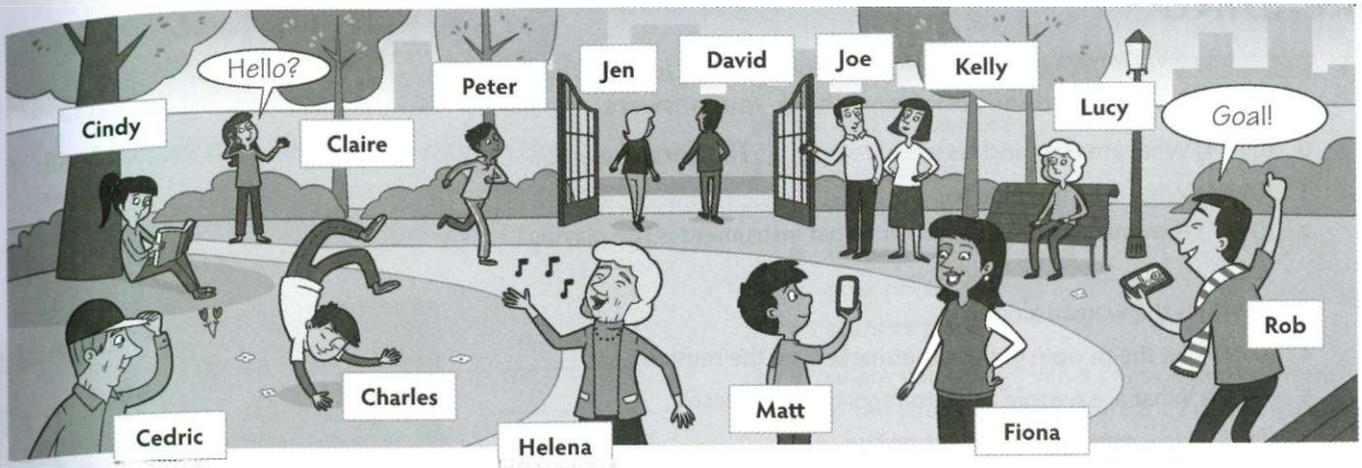
Verbs

base form	-ing form
cheer	cheering
dance	dancing
leave	leaving
read	reading
run	running
sing	singing
sit	sitting
smile	smiling
stand	standing
take	taking
talk	talking
wear	wearing



Key words in context

concert	There's a concert tomorrow night and it's my favourite band!
deep	The water in the swimming pool is very deep . It's about three metres.
hold	Please hold my bag, and then I can open the door.
instrument	The trumpet and the violin are musical instruments .
musician	He's a musician . He plays in a rock band.
relaxing	I love this gentle music. It's very relaxing .
singer	I think Taylor Swift is a very good singer .
size	What size shoes do you take?
trumpet	My brother plays the trumpet .
violin	She's learning to play the violin .



Verbs SB page 74

1 ★ Look at the picture above and complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in the list.

cheer | dance | leave | read | run | sing
sit | smile | stand | take | talk | wear

- 0 Peter is running.
- 1 Cindy is _____.
- 2 Charles is _____.
- 3 Lucy is _____ on a bench.
- 4 Joe and Kelly are _____.
- 5 Cedric is _____ a hat.
- 6 Helena is _____.
- 7 Rob is _____.
- 8 Claire is _____ on her phone.
- 9 Matt is _____ a photo.
- 10 Fiona is _____.
- 11 Jen and David are _____ the park.

2 ★★ Complete each sentence with a verb from Exercise 1. Use the correct form of the verbs.

- 0 I'm reading a really good magazine. It's very interesting!
- 1 My dad's crazy. He wants to _____ a marathon.
- 2 Let's _____ a song.
- 3 This train _____ at 10.45, and arrives in London at 12.40.
- 4 Look at Mike! He's _____ green trousers and a pink shirt!
- 5 _____ a photo of me, please.
- 6 I love _____ on the phone with my friends.
- 7 This is my favourite chair. I love _____ here.

Clothes SB page 79

3 ★ Find twelve clothes items in the word search.

T	R	O	U	E	D	J	A	N	S	T	
A	S	H	I	R	T	R	A	S	E	H	P
S	A	T	H	L	O	E	W	K	S	I	O
T	R	E	A	I	N	S	X	C	R	R	R
S	N	A	E	J	O	S	H	O	E	S	E
H	T	L	O	T	S	A	U	S	S	W	P
E	R	B	K	R	H	B	N	Y	U	E	M
R	I	R	W	E	O	U	K	J	O	A	U
L	H	A	D	I	R	Y	L	U	R	F	J
P	S	C	O	A	T	T	R	N	T	E	A
J	T	R	I	K	S	G	E	S	A	R	M
U	M	B	E	T	R	A	I	N	E	R	S

4 ★★ Circle the odd one out in each list.

- 0 jeans jumper shirt
- 1 socks trainers coat
- 2 shorts T-shirt trousers
- 3 dress skirt shoes
- 4 jumper T-shirt coat

5 ★★ Write answers to the questions so they are true for you.

- 1 What colour is your favourite shirt?

- 2 What clothes do you love wearing at the weekend?

- 3 What clothes do you never buy?

- 4 Of all the people you know, who wears really nice clothes? What do they wear?

Pronunciation

Intonation – listing items

Go to page 120.

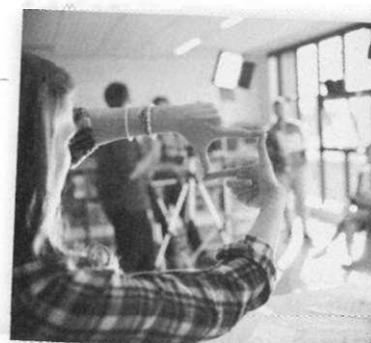


READING

1 **RE** Answer the questions. Then look at the Tweets on page 75 of the Student's Book and check your answers.

- 0 (09.44) What are Alex and his mum doing? They are shopping.
- 1 (09.44) What is he listening to? _____
- 2 (09.47) A woman is sitting on a chair. What instrument is she playing?

- 3 (09.48) Is the woman alone? _____
- 4 (09.49) Do the people in the supermarket like the music? _____
- 5 (09.53) What are people using to record the concert? _____
- 6 (09.53) How many girls are dancing? _____
- 7 (09.55) Who is leaving the supermarket? _____



2 Read this dialogue from a TV programme. How many places does Stella visit in the studios? _____



STELLA Hi, everyone. Welcome to today's show. I'm at Galway Film Studios. They're making a here and Paul Basset, the star of the film, is showing me round. Thanks a lot, Paul.

PAUL No problem! I like showing people the place. So, first we're going to the studio where make the films.

STELLA There are a lot of people here. What are they all doing?

PAUL Well, we aren't filming this afternoon. They're getting ready for tomorrow. They're cleaning and tidying the desks, and putting out the chairs. Tomorrow we're filming in office. Those people are checking the lights.

STELLA Where next?

PAUL OK. This is the room for the clothes. It's called the 'wardrobe'.

STELLA Wow! Look at all the different beautiful dresses and trousers and hats and everything very tidy.

PAUL Yes, it's difficult with so many actors. But the girls love wearing the dresses. You can each dress has the actor's name on it. Now, we can't go in this next room, but we can through the window. You can see the young actors.

STELLA Yes, they're all sitting at desks, like a classroom. Are they learning their words for tomorrow?

PAUL No, it really is a classroom. They're studying Maths and Geography.

STELLA Why?

PAUL Well, these kids are still at school. So they film in the mornings and have lessons in the afternoons. It's very important.

STELLA Oh, right. Where next?

PAUL The restaurant. I want a cup of coffee. And then we can see some more.

STELLA Great!

3 Read the dialogue again and mark the sentences T (true) or F (false). Correct the false statements.

- 0 Stella and Paul both work in TV.
- 1 Paul likes showing people round the studios.
- 2 Paul shows Stella the studio first.
- 3 There are actors filming in the studio.
- 4 The dresses have names on them.
- 5 The young actors in the classroom are studying for the filming tomorrow.
- 6 The young actors have lessons every afternoon.
- 7 Stella and Paul are going to the restaurant for lunch.

F

Paul works in films.

DEVELOPING WRITING

Describing a scene

1 Read Nicole's diary entry. Who phones the writer?

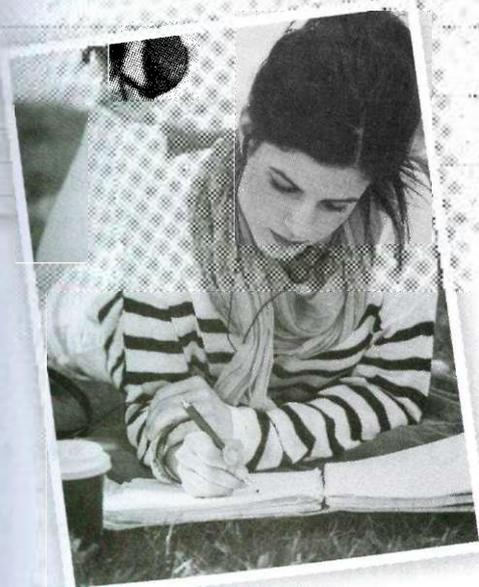
Sunday
May
30

My Sunday afternoon

It's Sunday afternoon. The sun is shining. I'm sitting in the park. I love sitting here. It's quiet and I like watching other people.

There are some children here. They're laughing and playing games. There are four people over there. They're sitting on the grass. They're having a picnic. They're having fun.

Me? I'm relaxing. It's Sunday! I've got my phone with me, and my headphones. I'm listening to music - my favourite music. In my head, I'm singing the song. I'm having a good time here. Uh, oh! Now my phone's ringing. It's my friend Steve. What does he want?



2 Match the parts of the phrases. Then read the diary entry again and check.

- 0 watching
- 1 playing
- 2 having
- 3 listening
- 4 singing
- a a song
- b other people
- c games
- d to music
- e fun

b

3 Imagine it's Sunday afternoon. Use the ideas below and make notes.

- 1 Choose a place:
 - the shopping centre
 - the beach
 - your house
 - another place
- 2 What are you doing? What's happening near you? Who can you see and what are they doing? Use the verbs in the list to help you.

buy | have | listen | play | read | sit | watch

3 Something happens - it changes things. What happens?

4 Use your notes to complete the text about your Sunday afternoon.

It's Sunday afternoon. I'm _____ .
_____ are

I'm _____

Uh, oh! Now _____

LISTENING

1 Listen to a boy phoning home from his holiday and answer the questions.

- Where is he? _____
- Where is he going after the call?

2 Listen again and complete the sentences with one word.

- The boy's name is Richard.
- It's seven o'clock in the _____.
- The boys playing football are wearing _____ and _____.
- Two _____ are _____ bikes.
- He thinks the men are going to _____.
- The women are _____ dresses and _____.
- The children in the _____ are _____.
- The boy is _____ to the _____ now.

DIALOGUE

1 Listen to Philip interviewing Sue for a school project. How many questions does he ask Sue?

2 Listen again and complete the dialogue.

- PHILIP Hi, Sue! I'd like to ask you some questions.
- SUE Yeah, sure. What about?
- PHILIP What do you like doing in the evenings?
- SUE You mean, after school? Well, I like ¹ watching TV and I love ² _____.
- PHILIP And what about the weekends?
- SUE On Saturdays, I help Mum in the kitchen. I like ³ _____, but I hate ⁴ _____ the dishes. And on Sundays, I like ⁵ _____ my friends in the shopping centre and ⁶ _____ to the cinema.
- PHILIP Thanks, Sue. Now I can finish my school project.
- SUE Good thing! It's only ten minutes until class!

3 Now Philip is interviewing his granddad. Put Gra answers in the correct order.

- PHILIP Granddad, can I ask you some questions please?
- GRANDDAD Yes, of course. What do you want to know?
- PHILIP Well, what do you like doing in the evening?
- GRANDDAD 0 magazines / I / my / reading / love
I love reading my magazines.
- PHILIP And what about the weekends?
- GRANDDAD 1 On / I / at / my / club / my / Saturday
like / friends / meeting

- 2 I / On / visit / usually / Sundays / you

- 3 family / seeing / I / your / love

- 4 I / don't / your music / listening / to / like / But / always

PHILIP Thanks a lot, Granddad.

4 Imagine that Philip is interviewing you. Complete answers to his questions so they are true for you.

- PHILIP What do you like doing in the evening?
- YOU I like _____ and I _____.
- PHILIP What about the weekend?
- YOU On Saturday I like _____ and on Sunday I like _____.
- PHILIP What do you hate doing?
- YOU I hate _____.
- PHILIP And what are you doing now?
- YOU I'm _____.

TRAIN TO THINK

Memorising

1 a Read the questions 1–5.
b Cover the questions and listen to Richard.
c Answer the questions.
d Listen to Richard again and check what you remembered.

- There are _____ girls playing beach volleyball.
- There are _____ boys playing football.
- The men on bikes are wearing _____ and _____.
- There are _____ children in the sea.
- There are _____ boys surfing.

CONSOLIDATION

LISTENING

1 **▶▶▶** Listen to Daniela and **circle** the correct answers (A, B or C).

- Daniela's birthday is ...
 - 20th October.
 - 21st October.
 - 1st October.
- Daniela's camera is a present from ...
 - her grandparents.
 - her brother.
 - her mother and father.
- Daniela's favourite season is ...
 - winter.
 - autumn.
 - summer.

2 **▶▶▶** Listen again and complete the words.

- Daniela is f_____.
- She thinks Ipswich isn't e_____.
- Daniela is having d_____ lessons.
- Daniela's got special s_____ for dancing.
- Daniela's friends like s_____.
- Daniela likes w_____ on cold days.

GRAMMAR

3 **Circle** the correct options.

- SUE Hi, Alex. What ¹are / is you doing?
- ALEX Oh, hi, Sue. ²I wait / I'm waiting for my bus. And you?
- SUE I'm doing some shopping. I'm not ³buying / buy much – just some food. Hey, you've got headphones. Cool!
- ALEX Oh, yeah. ⁴I'm listening / I listen to some music. I mean, waiting for the bus is boring! I ⁵can't / don't can wait without music!
- SUE What ⁶do you listen / are you listening to right now?
- ALEX It's some piano music. I really like ⁷listen / listening to piano music.
- SUE ⁸Can you / Do you can play the piano, Alex?
- ALEX No, I ⁹can't / can. But I always ¹⁰listen / am listening to it!

4 **★★** Fred is showing Lily a video on his phone. Put words in order to make sentences.

- is / Alice / sister / This / my
This is my sister Alice.
- driving / She / her car / is
- is / an old people's home / She / going to
- is / at the old people's home / She / giving / a concert
- She's / some / the guitar / of her friends / playing / with
- a chair / is / on / Alice / sitting
- next to / is / her / My brother Pete / standing
- Beatles / singing / songs / They're / old
- are / The / with / them / old people / singing

VOCABULARY

5 Put the words in the list into three groups. Give each group a title. Then write one more word in each group.

August | dress | February | golf | gymnastics | jeans | jumper | June | May | surfing | tennis | trainers

1 <i>months</i>	2	3

6 Complete the sentences with the words in the list. **are two extra words.**

cheer | dance | dancing | second | summer
talk | two | watching

- My birthday is the _____ of September.
- I've got a problem with my leg, so I can't _____ tonight.
- Every day, I _____ to my grandfather for ten r _____ on the phone.
- I like listening to music but I don't like _____ t _____
- We always _____ when our team wins a game
- It's great here in the _____ when the weather

UNITS 7 & 8

DIALOGUE

7 Put the dialogues in order.

Dialogue 1

- TANYA No, I don't like watching TV. It's all sport and stuff.
- TANYA No, it's seven o'clock. The shops close at half past seven.
- TANYA I'm really bored.
- GRAHAM Me too. Why don't we go into town? We can go shopping.
- GRAHAM That's right. OK, let's watch TV then.

Dialogue 2

- STEVE OK, it's no big deal. We can stay here in the house. I've got a good book to read.
- STEVE Hey, how about going for a walk?
- STEVE Yes, I'm sure I can find one for you.
- DORA Good idea. I like reading. Have you got a book for me, too?
- DORA No thanks! It's cold outside. And I don't like walking very much.

READING

8 Read the phone dialogue. Then complete the sentences with the correct information.

- ROGER Hey Monica, what are you doing?
- MONICA I'm talking to you on the phone, ha, ha!
- ROGER Yes, very funny. But seriously – what are you doing?
- MONICA Nothing really. I'm just sitting in my room. Why?
- ROGER How about coming to the park? That's where I am now!
- MONICA The park? Why? What's happening in the park?
- ROGER There's a race today. It's a ten-kilometre run. My parents are running in it.
- MONICA Are they crazy? It's winter! It's cold and it's raining.
- ROGER It isn't raining very much. And I'm wearing a warm coat and shoes. So I'm OK.
- MONICA Well, no thanks. I like being warm, not cold.
- ROGER OK, it's no big deal. Oh, I can see Mark Watson. He's running in the race, too.
- MONICA Really? Mark Watson from our school?
- ROGER Yes, him. And he's first – he's winning!
- MONICA OK, I'm putting my coat on and I'm leaving the house now.
- ROGER Really?
- MONICA Yes – Mark Watson's there, so I want to be there, too!
- ROGER Oh, OK. See you soon then!

- 1 Monica is in _____.
- 2 Roger is in _____.
- 3 There's a _____-kilometre race today.
- 4 Roger's _____ and _____ are running in the race.
- 5 Roger _____ cold because he's _____ a warm coat.
- 6 Monica doesn't like _____.
- 7 Mark Watson is a boy from their _____.
- 8 Mark is _____ the race.
- 9 Monica is _____ the house because she wants to _____.

WRITING

9 Write a short dialogue between two friends. Use these ideas to help you.

- one friend is bored
- the other friend suggests something to do
- the first friend doesn't like the idea very much
- the second friend suggests another thing to do (go for a walk, go to the cinema, play video games, etc.)

9 WOULD YOU LIKE DESSERT?

GRAMMAR

must / mustn't **SB page 86**

- 1 ★☆☆ Complete the sentences with *must* or *mustn't*.

My very healthy mum says:

- 0 I mustn't drink too much cola.
 1 I _____ eat more salad.
 2 I _____ eat chocolate or sweets before meals.
 3 I _____ go to bed late.
 4 I _____ do sports after school.
 5 I _____ drink more water.
- 2 ★☆☆ **Circle** the correct options.
- 0 A Mum, have we got any fruit?
 B No, we haven't. I must / *mustn't* buy some.
- 1 A Do you want to come to my house after school?
 B I can't. I've got a piano lesson tomorrow so I *must* / *mustn't* practise tonight.
- 2 A What day is it today?
 B It's Thursday. We've got football this afternoon. You *must* / *mustn't* forget your football boots.
- 3 A What a cute dog! Can we take it home?
 B OK, but it *must* / *mustn't* stay outside.
- 4 A I'm not ready yet.
 B Hurry up then. We *must* / *mustn't* miss the bus.
- 5 A I'm ready, Mum.
 B Good. The play starts in half an hour and we *must* / *mustn't* be late.
- 6 A Hey Dad, can I have one of these apples?
 B Yes, but you *must* / *mustn't* wash your hands before you eat it.

- 3 ★★★ Complete the sentences with *must* (✓) or *mustn't* (✗) and a verb from the list.

be | buy | eat | finish | forget | give
 remember | wash | write

- 0 Ellie must write an email to her friend Jasmine in Istanbul. (✓)
 1 Marcus _____ late home today. (✗)
 2 Helen _____ to take her tablet to school. (✓)
 3 Oscar and Ellie _____ to tidy their bedroom.
 4 Marcus _____ the book back to James. (✓)
 5 Hermione and Ellie _____ a present for the Jane. (✓)
 6 Oscar _____ his homework before dinner.
 7 We _____ any food in the classroom. (✗)
 8 We _____ our hands before we eat lunch. (✓)

- 4 ★★★ Write five things you *must* or *mustn't* do this year.

- 0 I must learn some new English words.
 1 _____
 2 _____
 3 _____
 4 _____
 5 _____

can (asking for permission) **SB page 87**

- 5 ★☆☆ Put the words in order to make questions.

- 0 we / Can / the football match / Saturday / on / go / to
Can we go to the football match on Saturday?
- 1 have / I / Can / an egg / breakfast / for

- 2 we / Can / invite / Tom / to / my birthday party

- 3 go / we / Can / the cinema / to / school / after

- 4 phone / I / Can / my mum

- 5 I / wear / Can / blue / jumper / your / tomorrow

9 WOULD YOU LIKE DESSERT?

6 ★★ Match the children's questions with Dad's answers. Draw lines.

0 Can I take your laptop to school with me?

1 Can we go swimming on Saturday?

2 Can I go to Karen's after school tonight?

3 Can Mike and I go climbing this weekend?

a No, we can't. The pool is closed this weekend.

b Yes, of course you can. But don't come home late.

c Well, OK. But be careful.

d No, you can't. I need it for work.

I'd like ... / Would you like ...? SB page 87

7 ★ Write sentences using *would* / *I'd like*.

0 I / vegetable soup

I'd like vegetable soup.

1 my mum / steak and chips

2 what / you / for dessert / ?

3 Dad / ice cream for dessert / ?

8 ★★ Put the dialogue in order.

WAITER (five minutes later) Are you ready to order?

WAITER Four soups, OK. And what would you like for the main course?

WAITER And finally, any drinks?

WAITER OK, so would you like a starter?

7 WAITER Good evening. Would you like a table for four?

CUSTOMER Yes, please.

CUSTOMER Yes, we are.

CUSTOMER Just water for everyone.

CUSTOMER We'd like one chicken salad, one steak and chips, one pizza and one burger with potatoes and vegetables, please.

CUSTOMER Yes, please. We'd like two tomato soups and two vegetable soups.

9 ★★★ Look at the menu on page 88 of the Student's Book and complete the dialogue so it is true for you.

WAITER Are you ready to order?

YOU Yes, I am.

WAITER Would you like a starter?

YOU Yes, please. _____

WAITER And what would you like for the main course?

YOU _____

WAITER And would you like a dessert?

YOU Yes, please. _____

WAITER Any drinks?

YOU Yes, _____.

GET IT RIGHT!

like and would like

We use *like* to say that something is nice.

✓ I like ice cream. It's yummy!

We use *would like* to ask for something we want or to ask somebody what they want.

✓ I would like an ice cream, please.

X I like an ice cream, please.

✓ Would you like an ice cream?

X You like an ice cream?

Circle the correct options.

0 I like / would like to come to your house tomorrow.

1 I like / would like a dog for my birthday.

2 I like / would like this house and I'm happy living here.

3 I like / would like travelling to different countries.

4 I like / would like to go shopping on Monday.

5 I'm thirsty. I like / would like a drink of water.

6 When I have time, I like / would like reading.

Pronunciation

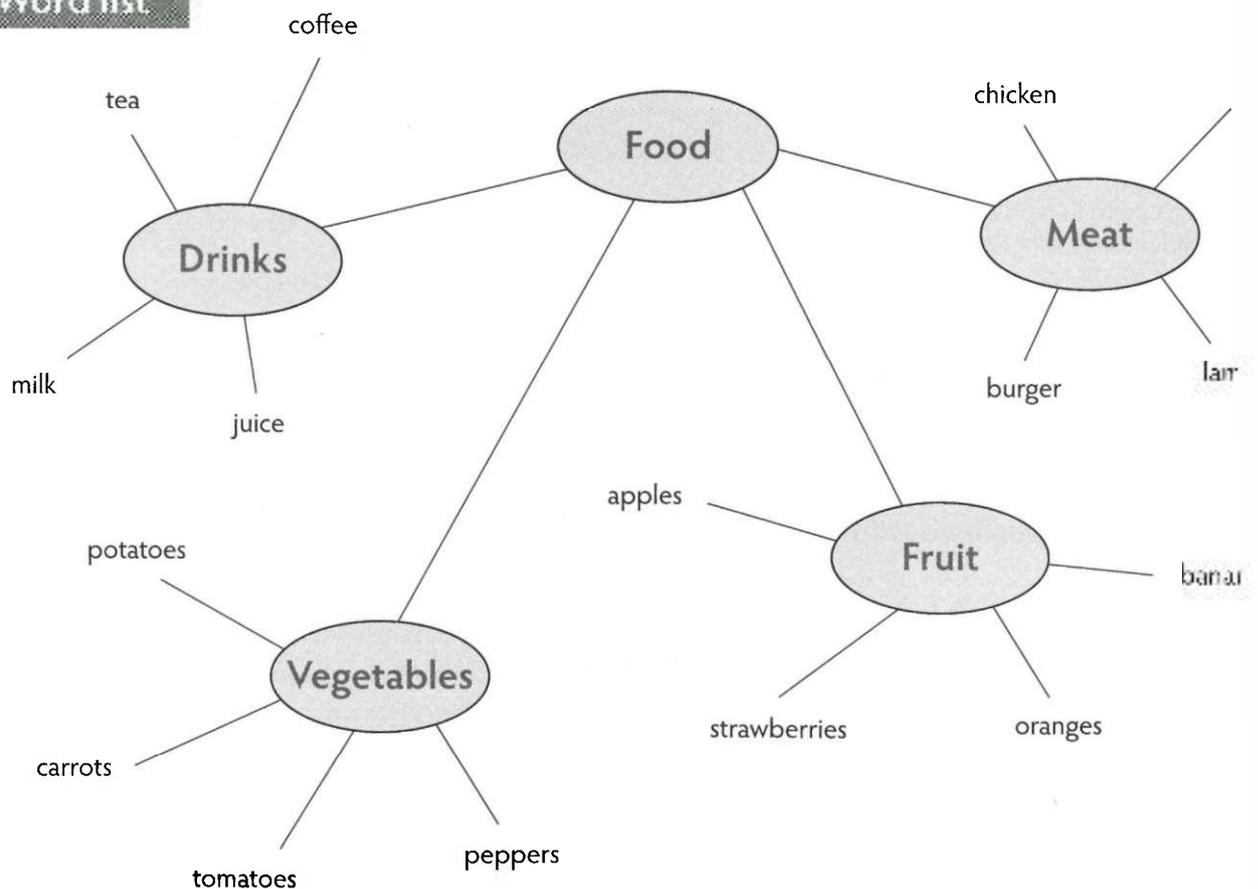
Intonation – giving two choices

Go to page 121.



VOCABULARY

Word list



breakfast


 Meals

lunch

dinner

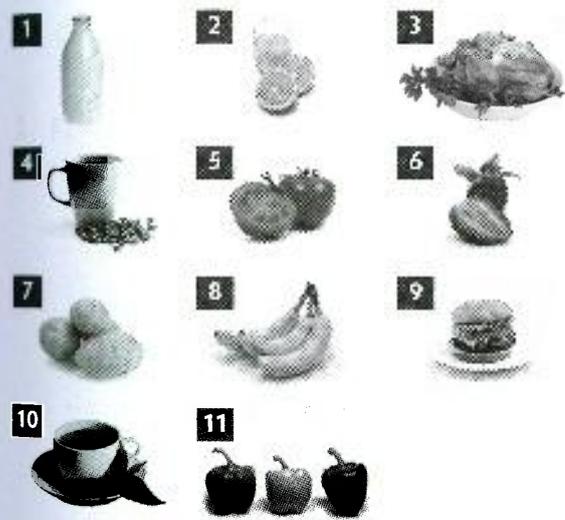
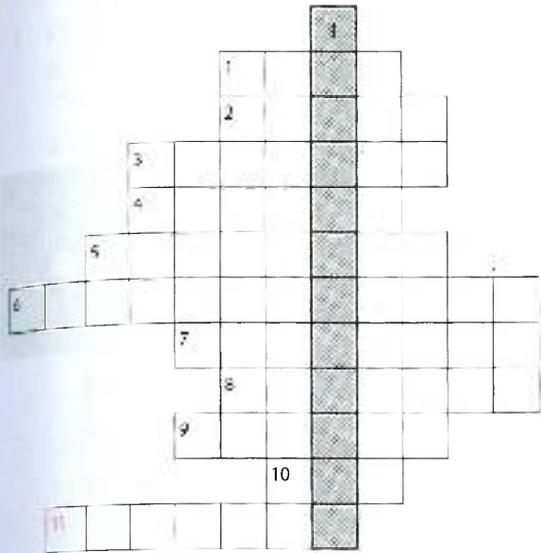
Key words in context

a bit of	There is only a bit of cheese on the jacket potato.
be careful	Be careful. Don't spill the tea.
borrow	Can I borrow your laptop?
butter	I like butter and jam on my toast.
cereal	I usually have cereal with milk for breakfast.
dessert	I'd like chocolate ice cream for dessert .
honey	I often have bread and honey for breakfast.
menu	Great. There's pizza on the menu today.
order	Are you ready to order ?
starter	Would you like a starter ?

9 WOULD YOU LIKE DESSERT?

Food and drink SB page 86

1 ★★ Look at the pictures and complete the puzzle. What's the mystery sentence?



The mystery sentence is:

2 ★★ Unscramble the words and complete the sentences.

- 0 It's beef with potatoes and vegetables for lunch today. (e b e f)
- 1 My mum doesn't like _____ . (b l a m)
- 2 I often drink _____ for breakfast. (l i m k)
- 3 I sometimes have an _____ after dinner. (p l p a e)
- 4 I'd like _____ and ice cream for dessert. (s t a r w b i r e e s)
- 5 I like vegetables but I don't like _____ . (a c o r r t s)

Meals SB page 87

3 ★★ Find and circle nine breakfast items in the word snake.



4 ★★ Put the words in order to make sentences.

- 0 you / do / usually / eat / for / breakfast, / What / Debbie / ?
What do you usually eat for breakfast, Debbie?
- 1 always / I / eat / an / egg / breakfast / for

- 2 usually / I / eat / toast

- 3 you / lunch / usually / have / for / What / do / ?

- 4 often / I / have / jacket potato / a

- 5 sometimes / have / I / steak / chips / vegetables / and / with

- 6 do / you / What / usually / drink / meals, / with / your / Debbie / ?

- 7 drink / I / usually / or water / fruit juice

- 8 never / I / drink / coffee

5 ★★ Tick (✓) the things Debbie has for breakfast and lunch in Exercise 4.

- | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> fruit | <input type="checkbox"/> toast | <input type="checkbox"/> an egg |
| <input type="checkbox"/> water | <input type="checkbox"/> coffee | <input type="checkbox"/> pizza |
| <input type="checkbox"/> spaghetti | <input type="checkbox"/> vegetables | <input type="checkbox"/> jacket potato |
| <input type="checkbox"/> fruit juice | <input type="checkbox"/> yoghurt | <input type="checkbox"/> cereal |
| <input type="checkbox"/> steak | <input type="checkbox"/> chicken | <input type="checkbox"/> chips |

6 ★★ Write sentences about Greg and Jamie using the words in brackets.

	always	often	sometimes	never
breakfast	an egg	toast	cereal	yoghurt
lunch	coffee	a sandwich	pizza	soup
dinner	soup	pasta	fish and chips	salad

- 0 They sometimes have cereal for breakfast. (sometimes)
- 1 _____ (always)
- 2 _____ (often)
- 3 _____ (never)
- 4 _____ (sometimes)
- 5 _____ (often)

READING

1 **REMEMBER AND CHECK** Answer the questions.

Then look at the article on page 85 of the Student's Book and check your answers.

0 What's the name of the TV programme?

Star Junior Chefs

1 How old is Harry?

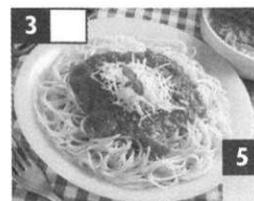
2 Where is he from?

3 How old must you be to go on the show?

4 What does Harry cook this time?

5 What time does the show finish?

2 Read the leaflet for Cooking camp. What can you learn to make? Tick (✓) the correct photos.



MID-TERM HOLIDAY COOKING CAMP

28th, 29th & 30th October

Mornings (3 days) 10 am–1 pm (ages 11–14 years) £45 per week

Learn to make CAKES, BREAD, PIZZA, PASTA, HEALTHY SOUPS & FRUIT SMOOTHIES

Marianne is an excellent cook and she loves good food. She has got family from Spain, Turkey, Italy and Russia. She loves food from all those countries.

Come and learn to cook with her.

You must be 11–14 years old.

You must love food.

You must wear a chef's hat.

You mustn't be late. There's a lot to learn.

And remember! Cooking is fun!



Call 0123 6564 to book a place.

3 Read the leaflet again. Then correct the sentences.

0 Cooking camp is in November.

Cooking camp is in October.

1 Cooking camp is for three afternoons.

2 You don't make any drinks.

3 Marianne has got family from Germany.

4 You must be 8–11 years old.

5 You mustn't wear any special clothes.

6 You mustn't be on time.

7 Remember that cooking is important.

4 Complete the questionnaire for the Cooking camp so it is true for you.

COOKING CAMP QUESTIONNAIRE

1 What's your name? _____

2 How old are you? _____

3 What is your favourite dish? _____

4 Do you help your parents in the kitchen? _____

5 Can you cook? _____

6 What can you cook? _____

DEVELOPING WRITING

My meal plan

1 Plan three meals for the day. Write your food choices in the columns. Use the words in the list and your own ideas.

- bread | burger | cereal | chicken | chips
- chocolate | chocolate cake | coffee | cola
- eggs | fish | fruit | fruit juice | honey | ice cream
- jacket potato | jam | pizza | salad | tea | toast
- vegetables | vegetable soup | yoghurt

Breakfast	Lunch	Dinner

2 Read the text about Sam's lunch. Then answer the questions.

I often eat a healthy lunch. I never eat burgers and chips. Sometimes I eat fish and sometimes I eat chicken. I always eat salad or vegetables with my meal. For dessert, I usually have fruit. Today it's an apple. But sometimes I have ice cream. My favourite is strawberry ice cream. I always have a drink with my meal. I usually drink water but I sometimes have orange juice. I never drink cola.

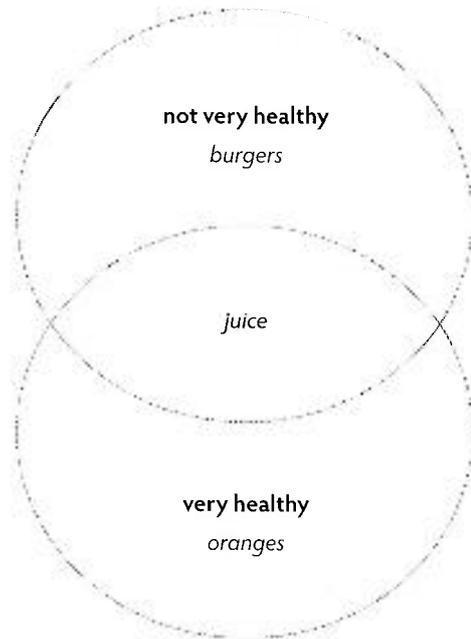
- 0 How often does Sam eat burger and chips?
He never eats burgers and chips.
- 1 What fruit has he got for lunch today?

- 2 What is his favourite ice cream?

- 3 What does he always have with his meal?

- 4 What does he usually drink with his meal?

3 Complete the diagram with the words from Exercise 1.



4 Use your notes in Exercise 3 to complete a healthy meal plan.

Every day, I eat a healthy _____.
 Sometimes I eat _____ and
 sometimes I eat _____. I always
 eat _____ with my meal. I don't
 like _____ or _____.
 For dessert, I usually have _____.
 But sometimes I have _____.
 I really like _____. I usually
 have a drink with my meal. I usually
 drink _____ but I sometimes
 have _____. I never drink
 _____.

Writing tip

Add more detail to your writing by using adverbs of frequency.

- How often do you eat things?
 You can answer this question with *always, usually, sometimes* and *never*.
I sometimes have fish for lunch.
I never drink cola.
I usually have fruit for dessert.
I always have vegetables with my meal.

LISTENING

- 1  Listen and **circle** the correct options to complete the menu.

RIVER PARK CAFÉ

- Menu -

STARTERS

¹Tomato / Carrot Soup
Vegetable Soup

MAIN COURSE

Steak & ²Chips / Vegetables
Jacket potato with ³chicken / cheese
⁴Beef / Chicken salad
Fish & chips
⁵Pizza / Pasta with tomato sauce
Omelette with peppers

DESSERT

⁶Chocolate / Carrot cake
⁷Strawberries / Bananas & ice cream

DRINKS

⁸Lemon / Apple juice
Orange juice
Pot of ⁹tea / coffee for one
Water



- 2  Listen again. Mark the sentences T (true) or F (false).

- 0 The girl orders chocolate cake for dessert. F
- 1 The boy doesn't like tomatoes.
- 2 He likes eggs so he orders the omelette.
- 3 He orders strawberries with ice cream for dessert.
- 4 She orders a pot of coffee.
- 5 He orders apple juice.

DIALOGUE

- 1 **Circle** the correct options.

- WAITER Are you ready to ¹sit d order?
- CUSTOMER 1 Yes, we are.
- WAITER Would you like a ²start main course?
- CUSTOMER 1 Yes, please. I'd like tom soup.
- CUSTOMER 2 And I'd like vegetable.
- WAITER And what would you li the ³dessert / main cou
- CUSTOMER 1 I'd like chicken salad, please.
- CUSTOMER 2 And I'd like fish and chi please.
- WAITER And for ⁴starter / desse
- CUSTOMER 1 We'd like chocolate cal please.
- WAITER Any ⁵drinks / desserts?
- CUSTOMER 1 Yes, please. I'd like app
- CUSTOMER 2 And I'd like water.

PHRASES FOR FLUENCY

 Step 2

- 1 Complete the dialogues with the phr in the list.

Of course. | Be careful! | a bit of | the

Dialogue 1

A Can you take these plates to the table?

B OK.

A Don't drop them.

B Yes, Dad.

Dialogue 2

A What's for dinner?

B It's pizza.

A Oh, no.

B What's wrong with pizza? I love it.

A Well,, I don't like tomat

Dialogue 3

A Is there any cheese on the jacket pota?

B Yes, there is and there's butter, too.

Dialogue 4

A Would you like some vegetables with steak?

B I love vegetables.

Sum it up

1 Unscramble the letters to find the food.

What's on Paul's pizza?

- 0 seeche _____ cheese
 1 repspap _____
 2 kicench _____
 3 oestomta _____

What would Sally like for dinner?

- 4 keast _____
 5 topoesta _____
 6 dasal _____

What's in David's dessert?

- 7 cochlateo _____
 8 cie recam _____
 9 rawsterriebs _____
 10 nabana _____

CAFÉ

STARTERS

MAIN COURSES

DRINKS

DESSERTS

2 Write a menu. Use food and drink words from the unit.

- Think of a name for your café.
- Create a milkshake or a smoothie.
- Make a special pizza for your café.
- Create meals with the food words.
- Create one unusual meal.

For example: *Strawberry and Orange Salad* or *Carrot and Orange Soup*

3 Imagine you have a customer at your café. Complete the dialogue.

- WAITER Hello and welcome to _____ Café.
- CUSTOMER 1 Hello. We'd like a table for two.
- WAITER OK. Follow me, please.
- (5 minutes later)
- WAITER Are you ready to order now?
- CUSTOMER 1 Yes, we are.
- WAITER Would you like a starter?
- CUSTOMER 1 Yes, please. _____ and my friend _____.
- WAITER And what _____ for the main course?
- CUSTOMER 1 _____, please.
- CUSTOMER 2 And _____.
- WAITER And for dessert?
- CUSTOMER 1 _____, please.
- CUSTOMER 2 And _____.
- WAITER Any drinks?
- CUSTOMER 1 Yes, please. _____ and my friend _____.

10 HIGH FLYERS

GRAMMAR

Past simple: *was / wasn't; were / weren't; there was / were*

1 ★ Circle the correct options.

- 0 You was / were late.
 1 It wasn't / weren't his dog.
 2 I was / were at home yesterday.
 3 We was / were at a football match.
 4 They wasn't / weren't at the cinema last night.
 5 She was / were my best friend.

2 ★★ Complete the sentences with *was, were, wasn't or weren't*.

- 0 I was (✓) born in Paris.
 1 My grandma _____ (X) an astronaut.
 2 Andy and Jay _____ (✓) in the park yesterday.
 3 We _____ (X) at my aunt's house last night.
 4 Leon _____ (X) at the football match on Sunday.
 5 It _____ (✓) my birthday yesterday.

3 ★★★ Complete the text with *was(n't) or were(n't)*.

The Montgolfier brothers
 0 were the inventors
 of the hot-air balloon. They
 1 _____ (✓) French. Their
 names 2 _____ (✓) Joseph-
 Michel and Jacques-Étienne.
 Joseph-Michel 3 _____
 (✓) born in 1740, and Jacques-
 Étienne 4 _____ (✓) born
 in 1745. There 5 _____ (✓) sixteen children in
 the family. Their father 6 _____ (X) an inventor.
 He 7 _____ (✓) a paper manufacturer.



The first balloon flight 8 _____ (✓) in June 1783.
 There 9 _____ (X) any passengers. There
 10 _____ (✓) no one on the balloon. The second
 flight 11 _____ (✓) in Paris in September 1783.
 This time, there 12 _____ (✓) three passengers,
 but the passengers 13 _____ (X) people. They
 14 _____ (✓) a chicken, a duck and a sheep.

Past simple: *Was he ...? / Were you*

EXERCISES

4 ★ Match the questions with the answers.

- 0 Were you born in London?
 1 Was your grandfather a chef?
 2 Was Valentina an astronaut?
 3 Was it your dog?
 4 Was I late to the party?
 5 Were you and I on time?
 6 Were Sam and Joe at the club yesterday?
 a No, he wasn't.
 b Yes, you were!
 c Yes, it was.
 d No, we weren't.
 e Yes, I was.
 f No, they weren't.
 g Yes, she was.

5 ★★ Put the words in order to make questions. Then look at the text in Exercise 3 and answer the questions.

- 0 Were / the / inventors / brothers / Montgolfier
Were the Montgolfier brothers inventors
Yes, they were.
 1 they / Italian / Were

 2 Was / Joseph-Michel / in 1740 / born

 3 Was / inventor / an / their / father

 4 the / Was / in / flight / first / June 1795

 5 flight / second / Prague / in / Was / the

 6 Were / there / passengers / any

Past simple: regular verbs **SB page 97**

- 6 ★ Complete the table with the past simple of the verbs in the list.

believe | carry | cry | finish | help
like | live | study | work

+ -ed	+ -d	+ -ied
worked		

- 7 ★★ Put the words in order to make sentences. Put the verbs in the past simple.

0 uncle / My / study / university / at / medicine
My uncle studied medicine at university.

1 finish / degree / his / He / 2010 / in

2 at / hospital / a / He / work / Birmingham / in

3 in / He / Madrid / three / years / for / live

4 like / He / Spain / very / much

5 move / He / London / to / 2014 / in

- 8 ★★ Complete the sentences with the past simple form of the verbs in brackets.

Name: Weather Girl

Profession: Superhero TV Presenter

Powers: She can change the weather.

Weather Girl⁰ *lived* (live) in London. She¹ _____ (study) Geography at university. She² _____ (work) for the BBC. One night, she³ _____ (walk) home in the rain. Suddenly, a car⁴ _____ (crash) into a wall. Weather Girl⁵ _____ (phone) for an ambulance. They⁶ _____ (wait) for the ambulance in the rain. It was wet and cold. 'Please stop the rain,' she⁷ _____ (cry). Suddenly, the clouds⁸ _____ (move) away, and there was no more rain. That night, Weather Girl⁹ _____ (discover) her super powers.

Pronunciation

Past simple regular verbs

Go to page 121.

- 9 ★★ Complete the text with the past simple form of the verbs in brackets.

Florence Nightingale

Florence Nightingale⁰ *was* (be) a famous English nurse. She¹ _____ (be) born in Florence in Italy in 1820. Later, her parents² _____ (move) back to England. As a child, she³ _____ (like) helping others. She⁴ _____ (care) for sick people and animals. She⁵ _____ (want) to be a nurse.

In 1851, she⁶ _____ (work) as a nurse in Germany. In 1853, there⁷ _____ (be) a war. It⁸ _____ (be) called the Crimean War. They⁹ _____ (need) nurses, so Florence¹⁰ _____ (sail) with nurses to help. They¹¹ _____ (look) after the British soldiers there. Life¹² _____ (not be) easy. The war¹³ _____ (end) in 1856. Florence Nightingale¹⁴ _____ (return) to England as a hero. She¹⁵ _____ (die) in London in 1910.

**GET IT RIGHT!****was/wasn't and were/weren't**

We use *was, wasn't, were* and *weren't* to talk about the past. We use *am, am not, is, isn't, are* and *aren't* to talk about now.

- ✓ Yesterday *was* my birthday.
✗ Yesterday *is* my birthday.

Correct the sentences.

- 0 Jeff isn't at school yesterday.
Jeff wasn't at school yesterday.
- 1 There is a great film on TV last night.

- 2 Hello! I was very happy to see you.

- 3 All my friends are there for my birthday last night.

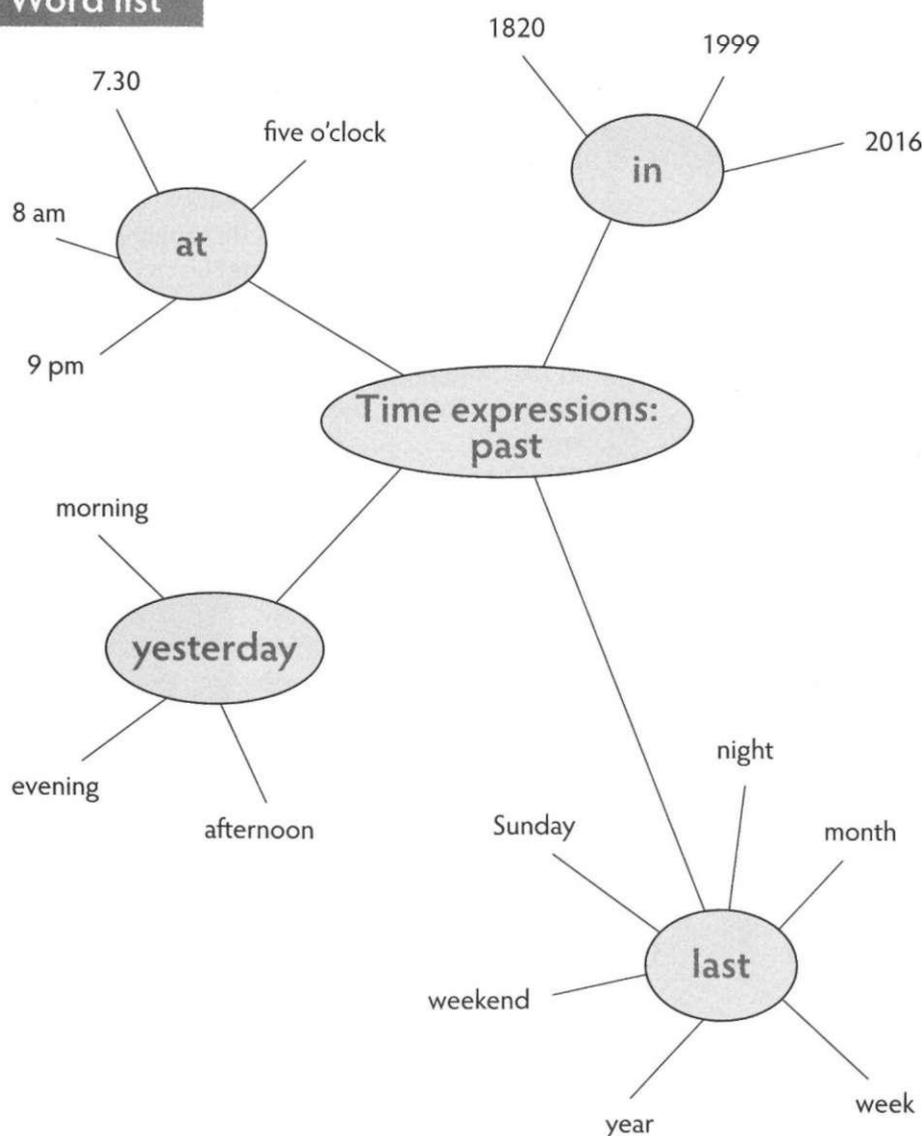
- 4 Is Ian with you yesterday evening?

- 5 Jenny was worried about her exam today.

- 6 They aren't late for school yesterday.

VOCABULARY

Word list



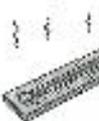
Key words in context

arrive	We arrived home at six o'clock.
astronaut	I'd love to be an astronaut and fly to the moon.
born	I was born in 2002. My birthday is on the 22nd June.
call	We've got a dog and we call it Henry.
decide	James decided to work hard at school.
die	Walt Disney died in 1966.
flight	We are going to Madrid by plane. The flight is three hours.
monster	The monster in the story has got one eye.
space	You need a special plane to travel in space .
storm	There was a big storm last night.
strange	First it was sunny, then it rained, then it snowed. It was a strange day.
work	Annie worked in a hospital. She was a doctor.

The wea



It's sunny.



It's hot.



It's snowing.



It's cold.



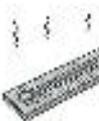
It's cloudy.



It's raining.



It's windy.



It's warm.

Time expressions: past SB page 94

1 ★★ Complete the table with the words in the list.

afternoon | evening | month | morning
 night | Saturday | three o'clock | year
 6 pm | 10.30 | 1969 | 2015

last	in
month	
at	yesterday

2 ★★ Complete the dialogues with *in*, *at*, *yesterday* and *last*.

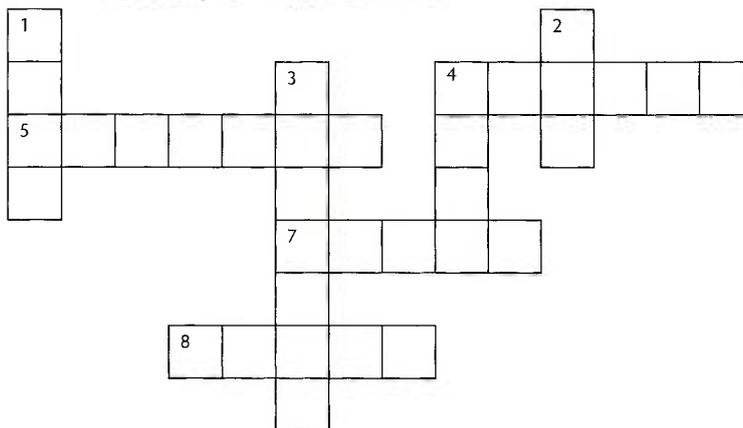
- 0
 A Where were you last night?
 B I was at home.
- 1
 A Were you at school _____
 afternoon?
 B Yes, I was.
- 2
 A Was James at the party _____
 Saturday?
 B No, he was at home.
- 3
 A Was your dad born _____ 1980?
 B No, he wasn't.
- 4
 A Was Tim still at school _____ 5 pm
 this evening?
 B Yes, he was.

3 ★★ Where were you? Write sentences with *at*, *last* and *yesterday* and the time if necessary.

- 0 (at) I was on the bus at eight o'clock.
- 1 (at) _____
- 2 (last) _____
- 3 (yesterday) _____

The weather SB page 97

4 ★★ Complete the crossword.



ACROSS

- 4 Today it's _____, so no need for sunglasses.
 5 It's _____, so don't forget your umbrella.
 7 It's _____, so it's a great day to fly your kite.
 8 It's _____ - there are lots of people on the beach today.

DOWN

- 1 Today is lovely and _____. Let's sit outside.
 2 Drink lots of water today - It's very _____!
 3 You can make a snowman today. It's _____.
 4 It's _____ today, so don't forget to wear warm clothes.

5 ★★ **Circle** the correct options in these phone dialogues.

- 1
 A What's the weather like?
 B It's ⁰sunny / cloudy. I'm wearing sunglasses.
 A Is it ¹cold / hot?
 B Yes, it is. I'm wearing a T-shirt. What's the weather like there?
 A It's very ²cloudy / windy here. Listen. Can you hear it?
 B Yes, I can.
- 2
 A What's the weather like?
 B It's ³raining / cloudy. I can't walk the dog outside today.
 A Is it ⁴cold / hot?
 B Yes, it is. I'm wearing a jumper and a coat. What's the weather like there?
 A It's ⁵snowing / windy here. We can't go to school today because we can't get out of the house.
 B Really?

6 ★★★ Write a sentence about the weather today.

READING

1 **REMEMBER AND CHECK** Answer the questions. Then look at the article on page 93 of the Student's Book and check your answers.

- 0 Where was Valentina Tereshkova born? She was born in Russia.
- 1 What was her mother's job? _____
- 2 What was Valentina's job? _____
- 3 What was her hobby? _____
- 4 When was her first flight in space? _____
- 5 How many days was she in space? _____
- 6 What was her face on? _____
- 7 When did she carry the Olympic flag? _____

2 Read the article about the superhero *Weather Girl*. Find and write the words.

- 1 a season: _____
- 2 three weather words: _____



Weather Girl

Her real name is Milly Moon but people call her Weather Girl. They call her Weather Girl because she can control the weather. (A) She can control the clouds and the wind. When Weather Girl uses her powers, she saves people's lives. She's a superhero.

Milly Moon was born on the 31st December, 1995. It was winter and it was a cold and windy day. That night, there was a big snow storm. Mr and Mrs Moon walked home with their new baby girl. (B) But baby Milly wasn't cold. She was warm. Her parents were surprised. 'She's a very special baby', they decided. And they were right.

Milly Moon lived with her parents and her sister in a small town in Canada. When she was 16, she used her special powers for the first time. One day, there was a lot of snow. It was her sister Jojo's birthday. Jojo was very sad. She wanted a party but there was too much snow. Milly Moon looked out of the window at the snow. She closed her eyes and counted to ten. Then she opened them. (C) 'Look Jojo! You can have your party now.' Jojo was happy again.

Milly was always interested in the weather. She studied Geography at university. (D) She studied the weather day and night. One night, there was a lot of rain, so much that it filled people's houses. (E) Now, Milly often uses her special powers and she helps a lot of people.

3 Read the article again. Match the sentences with the correct places (A–E).

- 0 Suddenly, there wasn't any snow. C
- 1 Then she worked at a local TV station as a weather girl.
- 2 She can make rain or snow.
- 3 They were very cold and they nearly died.
- 4 Weather Girl stopped the rain and she saved four people's lives.

DEVELOPING WRITING

A short biography

1 Use the information in the list to complete the factfile.

actor | American | Christopher Reeve
four Superman films | New York City
the superhero, Superman |
25th September 1952 | 52
1978 | 1987 | 2004



Superman

Name: Christopher Reeve

Nationality:

Place of birth:

Date of birth:

Job:

Played:

Acted in:

Date of his first Superman film:

Date of his last Superman film:

Died:

Age:

3 Look at the notes about Spider-Man and Tobey Maguire. Then use the notes to write a short biography of him.



Spider-Man

Name: Tobey Maguire

Nationality: American

Place of birth: California

Date of birth: 27th June 1975

Job: actor

Played: the superhero, Spider-Man

Acted in: three Spider-Man films

First Spider-Man film: 2002

Last Spider-Man film: 2007

2 Look at Exercise 1 and complete the short biography of Christopher Reeve.

His name was _____. He was _____. He was born in _____ on _____. He was an _____. He played _____. He acted in _____. His first Superman film was in _____ and his last film was in _____. He died in _____. He was _____ years old.

LISTENING

- 1 Look at the picture and guess the answers to the questions.



- 1 Who is the man in the photo? _____
2 What did he write about? _____

- 2 Listen to Tom talking about his hero. Circle the correct options.

- 0 Tom's hero was a writer / artist.
1 His most famous book was *Narnia* / *The Jungle Book*.
2 His parents were *English* / *Indian*.
3 His father was a *doctor* / *an artist*.
4 Rudyard Kipling *loved* / *hated* India.
5 He was *happy* / *unhappy* with the Holloways.
6 He *loved* / *hated* books.
7 He was *happy* / *unhappy* at school in Devon.
8 After school he lived in *Italy* / *India*.
9 He worked for a *newspaper* / *university*.

- 3 Listen again and complete the text with the correct words.

Rudyard Kipling's parents were English. They⁰ moved to India. His father was an artist and he worked at a School of Art in Mumbai. Kipling loved India. He loved the¹ _____ and the culture. However, he didn't have a happy childhood. His parents wanted him to go to² _____ in England. When he was six years old, he lived with a³ _____, the Holloways in a seaside⁴ _____ in England. Mrs Holloway was very bad to him. He⁵ _____ life there and he was very unhappy. Luckily he⁶ _____ books. He loved books. They⁷ _____ him from his unhappy life.

DIALOGUE

- 1 Complete the dialogue with the past simple the verbs in brackets. Then put the dialogue order.

- 7 BEN ⁰ Were (be) you at home yesterday?
 BEN Did they? ¹ _____ (be) the good?
 BEN ² _____ (be) it a good par
 BEN Oh, I remember. It ³ _____ your cousin's birthday yesterday,
 SAM Yes, they ⁴ _____ (be) very good.
 SAM Yes, it ⁵ _____ (be). I loved
 SAM Yes, it ⁶ _____ (be). Her brothers are in a band. They ⁷ _____ (play) at her party
 SAM No, I ⁸ _____ (not be). I ⁹ _____ (be) at my cousin's house.

TRAIN TO THINK

Sequencing

- 1 Complete the sequence with the words in the box.
And then
Finally
First
_____ > Then > _____ > After that

- 2 Order the events in Rudyard Kipling's life. Then complete the sentences with sequencing words from Exercise 1.

Rudyard Kipling (1865–1936)

- _____ he died in London in 1936
 _____ he lived in a seaside town in England with the Holloway family.
 1 First Rudyard Kipling lived in India.
 _____ he moved to a school in Devon.
 _____ he moved back to India and he worked for a newspaper.

EXAM SKILLS: Listening

Listening for key words

1 **D40** Listen and tick (✓) the months you hear.

January | February | March | April | May | June | July
 August | September | October | November | December

Listening tip

- First, learn to listen for key words, for example, the months of the year.
- Next, you need to complete the profile. Listen carefully for the dates, the jobs and the places.

Remember! You don't need to understand everything.

2 **D41** Listen and **circle** the correct options to complete Claude Monet's profile.

Claude Monet



- 0 Job
writer / **painter**
- 1 Nationality
French / Italian
- 2 Born
14th September / November 1840
- 3 Mother's job
singer / actor
- 4 Father's job
gardener / grocer
- 5 September 1870
He lived in London / New York.
- 6 May 1871
He moved to Germany / Holland.
- 7 May 1883
He moved to Giverny in France / Belgium.
- 8 Died
5th June / December 1926

3 **D42** Listen and complete Vincent Van Gogh's profile.

Vincent Van Gogh



- 0 Job
painter
- 1 Nationality

- 2 Born

- 3 Studied

- 4 Moved to Paris

- 5 Lived with

- 6 Number of paintings sold when alive

- 7 Age died

- 8 Date died

- 9 Famous painting name

CONSOLIDATION

LISTENING

1 **CD 23** Listen to Susie and Jack and **circle** the correct answers (A, B or C).

1 For breakfast, Susie doesn't want ...

- A orange juice.
- B cereal.
- C eggs.

2 Susie arrived home at ...

- A eleven o'clock.
- B twelve o'clock.
- C one o'clock.

3 Susie wants to read her ...

- A emails.
- B newspaper.
- C tablet.

2 **CD 23** Listen again. Mark the sentences T (true) or F (false).

- 1 Susie wants yoghurt for breakfast.
- 2 She wants tea.
- 3 Last night, Susie was at a party.
- 4 Jack worked for five hours last night.
- 5 Jack says he always works hard.
- 6 The weather is rainy and cold.
- 7 Susie wants to borrow Jack's tablet.
- 8 Susie is going to work.

GRAMMAR

3 **Circle** the correct options.

- 1 Mum, *can / must* I ask you a question?
- 2 Hurry up! We *must / mustn't* be late today.
- 3 Are you hungry? *Would / Do* you like a sandwich?
- 4 *It / There* wasn't a nice day yesterday. It was cold and rainy.
- 5 You really *can / must* be careful, John. Don't break it!
- 6 *Would / Do* you like this music?
- 7 *It / There* was a good film on TV last night.
- 8 Hi. *I like / I'd like* a cup of coffee, please.
- 9 My friend *wasn't / weren't* at school yesterday.
- 10 I *study / studied* for the test last night.

4 Complete the sentences with the correct form of verbs in the list.

arrive | be (x2) | like | not be | rain
show (x2) | stay | travel | want | watch

Our holiday last year wasn't very good! We ¹ _____ to Scotland by car. We ² _____ very late and I met a man at the hotel ³ _____ angry with us. Then I ⁴ _____ us the rooms. They ⁵ _____ re small and cold. We ⁶ _____ to change the room but the man said that there ⁷ _____ any other room. We ⁸ _____ in the hotel for three days. The weather ⁹ _____ good. It ¹⁰ _____ almost all the time! One day we stayed in the room and ¹¹ _____ TV for about five hours. But the food was good. We _____ it a lot. Next year, we don't want to go to the hotel again.

VOCABULARY

5 Complete the words.

- 1 Do you want black coffee, or coffee with m ____ k?
- 2 It's cold and w ____ y today.
- 3 I don't eat a lot of v _____ s.
- 4 My favourite fruit are o _____ s.
- 5 I was at the cinema yesterday e _____ g.
- 6 It was his birthday last m _____ h.
- 7 There's no sun today – it's very c _____ y.
- 8 I watched TV yesterday a _____ n.
- 9 I'd like orange juice and eggs for b _____ t.
- 10 I love eating b _____ s and chips.

6 Complete the dialogue with the words in the list.

dinner | fruit | meat | night | o'clock
potatoes | strawberries | tea

- TOM What time do you usually eat in your family?
- NICKY Well, we usually have lunch at one ⁰ o'clock. And then we have ¹ _____ at eight in the evening.
- TOM And what do you eat in the evening?
- NICKY We have ² _____ – beef or chicken – and some vegetables, for example, carrots or ³ _____. I usually drink juice, but my parents like hot drinks, so they have ⁴ _____.
- TOM And then?
- NICKY Then we have ⁵ _____ – usually bananas – last ⁶ _____ we had ⁷ _____, that's my favourite!

UNITS 9 & 10

DIALOGUE

7 Complete the dialogue with the words in the list. There are two extra words.

bit | can | careful | course | liked | mustn't | thing | wanted | was | wasn't | were | weren't.

NINA So, what was Jason's party like last night?

CRAIG It was good. We all enjoyed it. There ¹ _____ great music and danced a lot. And all my friends were there.

NINA Was there any food?

CRAIG Yes. There ² _____ sandwiches and cheese, and some really nice chicken wings, too. The ³ _____ is ...

NINA Yes?

CRAIG Well, Jason's mum cooked some curry and it ⁴ _____ good at all! No one ⁵ _____ it. At the end of the party, it was all still there! I usually love curry, but not that!

NINA Oh, dear. Oh, look. Jason's coming. Be ⁶ _____! We ⁷ _____ say anything about the curry, OK?

CRAIG No, sure. Jason! Hi. How are you? Thanks for the party!

JASON Hi, Craig. Hi, Nina. No problem. I'm happy that you enjoyed it. But Craig, ⁸ _____ I ask you something?

CRAIG Er, of ⁹ _____. What?

JASON My mum's curry. Was it really terrible? No one ¹⁰ _____ to eat it!

NINA Go on, Craig. I think you can tell him!

READING

8 Read Christie's diary entry. Then correct the sentences.

- 1 Yesterday was Christie's fourteenth birthday.

- 2 The restaurant only serves Italian food.

- 3 The restaurant was noisy.

- 4 Christie didn't like the tomato soup.

- 5 Christie's mother and father don't eat fish.

- 6 Christie's family eat in restaurants a lot.

- 7 There was writing on the candles.

- 8 Christie's family is having dinner at a restaurant tonight.

March 17th
Yesterday was my birthday so my family had dinner in a restaurant in town. It's an Italian restaurant, but they do all kinds of different food there. There weren't a lot of other people in the restaurant, so it was very quiet.

The dinner was really nice. We started with tomato soup - it was delicious! Then I ordered beef with peppers and mushrooms. My parents ordered fish (they don't eat meat) with tomato sauce and rice.

And after that, we had ice cream, my favourite. The food was really good - I enjoyed my meal a lot. We don't usually eat in restaurants so it was a special evening.

When we finished the dinner, a waiter came over with a birthday cake! It had 13 candles on it (of course!) and 'Happy Birthday Christie' was in letters on the top of the cake. The waiters and my parents started to sing 'Happy Birthday to you' and the other people in the restaurant joined in, too. At the end of the song, everyone clapped - it was really nice! There was enough cake for us and for the other people in the restaurant, and there's some in the fridge in our kitchen now!

So, dinner tonight at our house is pasta and salad - and birthday cake!



WRITING

9 Write a paragraph about a good or bad meal you remember. Write 35-50 words. Use the questions to help you.

- Where were you?
- What was the meal? (dinner? lunch?)
- Who was there?
- What was the food?
- Why was it a good/bad meal?

11 A WORLD OF ANIMALS

GRAMMAR

Past simple: irregular verbs SB page 104

- 1 ★ Complete the table with the past simple or the base form of the verbs.

base form	past
0 ran	<i>ran</i>
1	came
2	put
3 give	
4 see	
5	knew
6	drank
7 fall	
8 write	
9	took
10 eat	

- 2 ★★ Complete the text with the past simple form of the verbs in brackets.

The Hill family's holiday

Last year the Hill family from Scotland decided to have a holiday in England. They ⁰ *went* (go) to the west of England. Mr Hill ¹ (make) a reservation at a hotel in Bath. In Bath they ² (see) the Roman baths and the city centre. Then Pam ³ (find) Longleat Safari Park on her computer. She ⁴ (tell) her parents about the old house and the park with lions, gorillas and lots of different animals. The website ⁵ (say) it was the first safari park outside Africa. All the family ⁶ (think) it was a good idea. So they ⁷ (get) in the car and ⁸ (drive) to Longleat. They ⁹ (have) a really good time there!

Past simple (negative) SB page 104

- 3 ★★★ Write sentences about a birthday party, the past simple negative.

0 my grandmother / to the party (come)
My grandmother didn't come to the party.

1 the band / classical music (play)

2 we / bread and butter (eat)

3 Sally / me a dictionary (give)

4 Mum / my dress (make)

5 Bob / a spider on the table (see)

6 my father / us home (take)

7 Steve / a snake in a box (find)

8 we / a DVD (watch)

- 4 ★★★ Larry didn't have a good weekend. Complete the sentences with the past simple form of the verbs in the list.

be | be | decide | do | not do | not rain
 not work | rain | try | use | want

0 Last weekend *was* awful.

1 It _____ all day on Saturday.

2 I _____ anything interesting.

3 I _____ to watch a film but the DVD player _____.

4 My brother _____ the computer for his homework all afternoon.

5 I _____ to go out but it was too cold and _____.

6 But, it _____ on Sunday. Great!

7 So I _____ to ride my bike to the park.

8 But my bike _____ broken.

9 What _____ you _____ last weekend?

- 5 ★★★ Complete the text with the past simple form of the verbs in brackets.

Sarah ⁰ went (go) to London last weekend with three friends. They stayed in a student hotel. It was very cheap, but the rooms ¹ _____ (not be) very nice. Sarah ² _____ (share) a room with Lisa. The hotel has a café and on Friday evening they ³ _____ (eat) supper there because they were tired from the journey. But Jason and Alex ⁴ _____ (not like) the pizza very much. On Saturday morning, Sarah and Lucy ⁵ _____ (go) to the Natural History Museum in South Kensington. They ⁶ _____ (see) a dodo and a mammoth. Jason and Alex ⁷ _____ (not want) to look at animals, so they ⁸ _____ (spend) the morning in the Science Museum instead. In the evening they ⁹ _____ (take) the tube to Leicester Square but they ¹⁰ _____ (not watch) a film because all the cinemas were very expensive. So they ¹¹ _____ (have) a pizza and this time the boys were happy!

Past simple (questions) SB page 105

- 6 ★★★ Use the information in Exercise 5 and write questions for these answers.

- 0
A Where did Sarah go last weekend?
B She went to London.
- 1
A Where _____
B In a hotel.
- 2
A What _____ on Friday?
B A pizza in the café.
- 3
A What _____
B A dodo and a mammoth.
- 4
A Where _____
B In the Science Museum.
- 5
A What _____
B Pizza.

Pronunciation

Short vowel sound /ʊ/

Go to page 121.

could / couldn't SB page 107

- 7 ★★ Last year Brad broke his leg and they put it in plaster. What could he do? What couldn't he do? Use the phrases in the list.

do his homework | eat a pizza | go swimming
listen to music | play football | play the guitar
ride a bike | text his friends | watch TV



- 0 Billy could watch TV.
- 0 He couldn't play football.
- 1 He _____
- 2 He _____
- 3 He _____
- 4 He _____
- 5 He _____
- 6 He _____
- 7 He _____

GET IT RIGHT!

Past simple

We always use the base form of the verb after *didn't* (in negative sentences) or *Did* (in questions).

- ✓ *I didn't go to the party last Saturday.*
X *I didn't went to the party last Saturday.*
✓ *Did you visit the Science Museum?*
X *Did you visited the Science Museum.*

Correct the sentences.

- 0 He didn't finished his homework.
He didn't finish his homework.
- 1 Jack didn't liked the party.

- 2 We didn't paid much for lunch at the zoo yesterday.

- 3 Did they enjoyed their holiday?

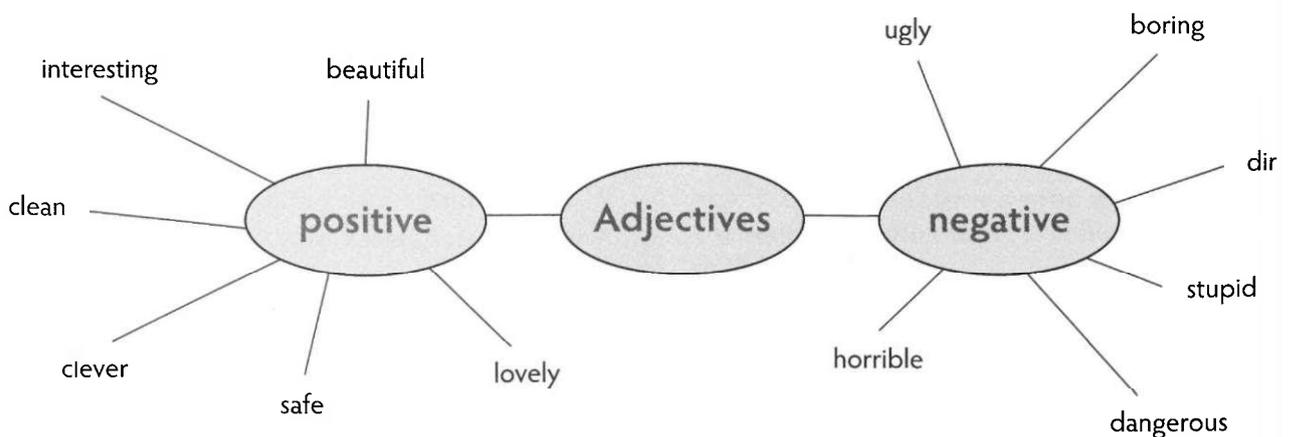
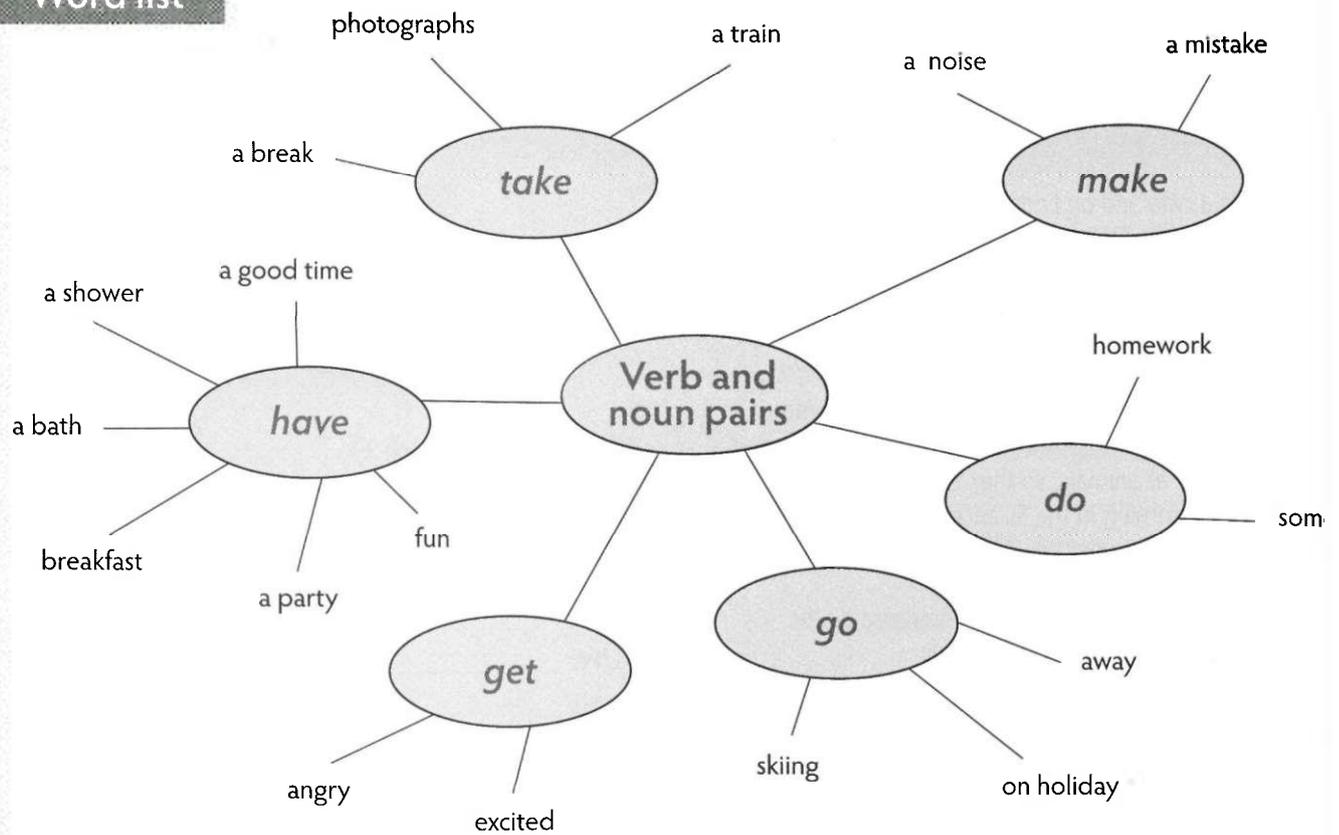
- 4 We didn't knew where it was but finally we found it.

- 5 Bill's friend didn't ate a lot of food yesterday

- 6 Did you went to the party?

VOCABULARY

Word list



Key words in context

- become** When she moved to France, my mum **became** a nurse.
- extinct** There are no more dodos in the world. They are **extinct** now.
- horn** Giraffes have got little **horns**.
- island** Australia and Madagascar are very big **islands**.
- ride** You can **ride** my new bicycle if you want to.
- scared** I was **scared** because the dog was big and angry!
- teeth** Birds haven't got **teeth**.
- woods** It was very dark in the **woods** because there were a lot of trees.

READING

1 **REMEMBER AND CHECK** Circle the correct answers (A, B or C). Then look at the article on page 103 of the Student's Book and check your answers.

- 0 Erin took a group of _____ people for a ride in the woods.
 A three B fifteen **C eight**
- 1 Erin's horse, Tonk, was _____.
 A white B black C brown
- 2 The grizzly bear was _____.
 A asleep B angry C scared
- 3 The boy's horse _____.
 A stopped B ran away C jumped over a fence
- 4 The boy _____.
 A fell off his horse B jumped to the ground C kicked his horse
- 5 Erin and Tonk ran at the bear _____.
 A once B twice C three times

2 Read the stories. What are the dogs called? _____

HERO DOGS

Story 1

Nick Lamb is 13 years old and he's deaf (he can't hear). He lives in Indianapolis, in the USA. He has a dog called Ace. One day, Nick was at home alone. His parents were at work. After lunch, Nick fell asleep in his room. Ace smelled fire in the house. He went into Nick's room, but Nick couldn't hear him, so he jumped on him to wake him up. Nick jumped up, covered his nose and mouth with his T-shirt and ran out of the house with Ace. Then he phoned the fire service and his mother. When the firefighters arrived, they could see the fire in the garage. No one was hurt.



Story 2

Roger Wilday is 68 years old and lives in Birmingham in England. One day, he went for a walk in a small park with his dog, Jade. Suddenly, Jade ran off into some trees. She didn't come back when Mr Wilday called her, so he went to find her. When he saw her, Jade was on the ground beside a plastic bag. Mr Wilday tried to move Jade, but he couldn't. Suddenly, Mr Wilday saw a small arm and heard a crying. There was a little baby in the bag! Mr Wilday called the police, who quickly took the baby to hospital. The nurse at the hospital said the baby was only about 24 hours old. The doctor said that the baby was lucky that the dog found her. The doctors called the baby 'Jade' and she's fine now.



3 Read the sentences and underline the incorrect information. Then write correct sentences.

Story 1

- 0 Nick's mother was at home alone.
- 1 Nick was in the garden.
- 2 Nick covered his eyes and mouth.
- 3 The fire was in the garden.

Nick was at home alone.

Story 2

- 4 Mr Wilday went for a walk in the street with his dog.
- 5 The dog ran into some flowers.
- 6 Mr Wilday took the baby to hospital.
- 7 The baby was about one week old.

DEVELOPING WRITING

The life of an animal

- 1 Read the text. Which animal wrote it? Tick (✓) the correct animal.

Why we died out

We were great animals. We were very happy for a long time. We lived in a place that was a long way from the sea. It wasn't very warm, but that was OK. We could keep warm in the cold weather because we had thick coats.

But we had a serious problem. Other animals – we called them 'people' – wanted to kill us and eat us. Well, we didn't like that very much, of course. But we lived anyway.

And then, a long time ago, the weather changed. The days got hot. Our thick coats became a problem, and we couldn't live. Then, we died out.

dodo



sabre-toothed cat



woolly rhinoceros



- 2 Complete the sentences with *but* or *because*.

- We were happy, _____ there was a problem.
- We weren't cold _____ we had thick coats.
- It was cold _____ that was OK for us.
- People killed us _____ they wanted to eat us.
- We lived in a cold place _____ the weather started to change.
- We died out _____ we couldn't live in the hot weather.

- 3 Look at the text in Exercise 1 and match the adjectives with the nouns.

- | | | |
|-----------|--------------------------|-----------|
| 1 thick | <input type="checkbox"/> | a weather |
| 2 cold | <input type="checkbox"/> | b problem |
| 3 great | <input type="checkbox"/> | c coat |
| 4 serious | <input type="checkbox"/> | d animals |

- 4 Choose one of the other two animals in the pictures. Look at the text on page 106 of the Student's Book and make notes about the animal in your notebook. Think about these questions.

- Where and when did it live?
- What was special about it?
- What could/couldn't it do?
- Why did it die out?

- 5 Use your notes in Exercise 4 and write a short text about the animal.

Why we died out

We were _____

We lived _____

We had _____

We could/couldn't _____

Then, _____

We died out because _____

LISTENING

1 **D45** Listen to Tommy and his granddad. What did Granddad have when he was young?

- cards
- computers
- envelopes
- Internet
- letters
- mobile phones
- paper
- pens

2 **D46** Listen again. Mark the sentences T (true) or F (false).

- 0 Tommy went in a time machine.
- 1 The professor made a time machine.
- 2 The time machine went back ten years.
- 3 The kids saw a dodo.
- 4 Granddad had a computer fifty years ago.
- 5 He had a phone.
- 6 He could walk around with his phone.
- 7 Granddad didn't use a computer to do his homework.
- 8 Tommy thinks life was simple then.

F

2 Read the dialogue again and answer the questions.

- 1 Why couldn't Barbara go to the party?

- 2 Why couldn't Barbara eat all the ice cream?

- 3 Why couldn't Ken dance at the party?

PHRASES FOR FLUENCY

SB page 109

1 Unscramble the letters to make expression

- 0 dunylsed suddenly
- 1 lal thrig _____
- 2 opor oyu. _____
- 3 thwa phedapen? _____

2 Complete the dialogue with the expression Exercise 1.



DIALOGUE

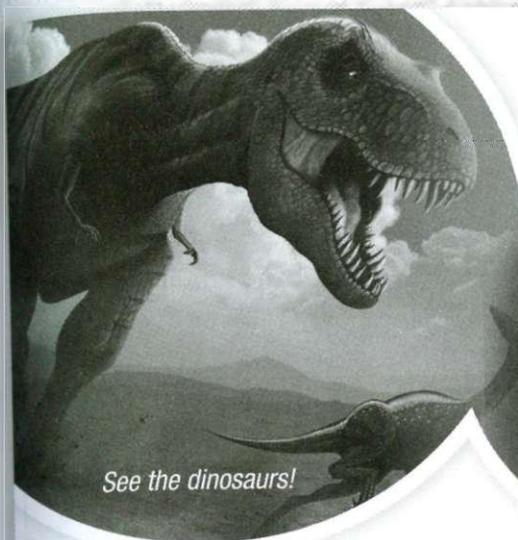
1 Complete the dialogue with the words and phrases in the list.

after that | and | because | but | Poor you | Then

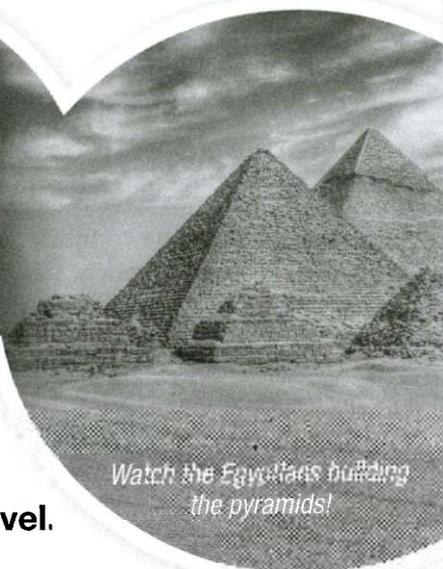
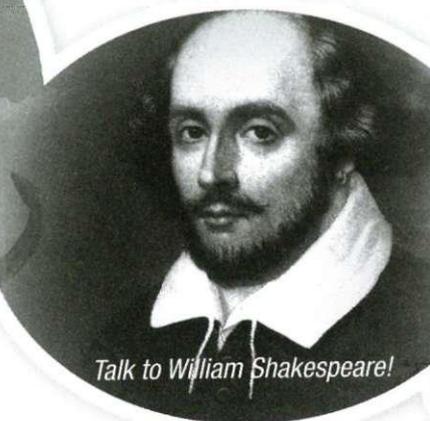
- BARBARA Did you have a good weekend?
- KEN Yes it was great, thanks. I went to Miguel's party.
- BARBARA Oh, right. He invited me too,
0 but I couldn't go.
- KEN Why not?
- BARBARA My aunt and uncle were here for the weekend 1 _____ they wanted to take us out.
- KEN That's nice. Where did you go?
- BARBARA We went to the theatre. It was really boring.
- KEN 2 _____!
- BARBARA But 3 _____ we went and had pizza. That was good! 4 _____ I ordered an enormous ice cream. I couldn't eat it all, I was so full.
- KEN That's like me at the party. I couldn't dance 5 _____ I was really tired from football on Saturday!

- ANNIE Do you know what happened to me weekend?
- KATE No, of course not. I wasn't with you weekend. 0 What happened?
- ANNIE 1 _____, I'll tell you. C Saturday, I was in the café in the High Street, and 2 _____ so waved at me!
- KATE So? Who was it?
- ANNIE It was Jenny Hall.
- KATE Jenny Hall? Are you sure? Jenny's in USA! She went last year.
- ANNIE Well, she's here on holiday. But it w
- KATE Why?
- ANNIE I couldn't remember her name! I ca Sally. And she got really angry with shouted at me!
- KATE Oh, 3 _____ I'm sure horrible for you!

Sum it up



TIME-O-TRON TRAVEL



Welcome to the wonderful world of Time-O-Tron Travel.

As you know, last year the famous Professor Godbole of Delhi University invented the **Time-O-Tron Travel Machine**

Now, you can go into the past! (Sorry, no future travel yet – maybe next year?)

Sit in the **Time-O-Tron**, choose your time in the past – and whoosh! Off you go!

We are offering one-day trips into the past for only US\$1,000,000! That's right! Only a million dollars for 24 hours in a past time that you choose.

But here's some really good news – we have a competition and the five winners will get a free one-day trip in the **Time-O-Tron**!

All you have to do is write to say what time in the past you want to travel to, and why. Write between 10 and 20 words, beginning with 'I want to go to ...' Here are two examples to help you.

'I want to go to pre-history and see the dinosaurs because they're fantastic animals!' (Monika, Germany)

'I want to go to 1998 because that's when my country won the World Cup, but I wasn't alive then!' (Pierre, France)

But remember – if you win, you must go to the time you wrote about!

GOOD LUCK!

Send your ideas to us at: Time-O-Tron Travel, P.O. Box 2020, London

1 Read the advertisement. Mark the sentences T (true) or F (false).

- 1 A man in New York invented the travel machine.
- 2 You can travel to the past and into the future.
- 3 You can buy a trip into the past for a million US dollars.
- 4 The time trips are for one day.
- 5 Five people can win a prize in the competition.
- 6 If you win, you can go to any past time that you want.

<input type="checkbox"/>

2 Imagine there's a time machine! Where would you like to go? Write an entry for the competition.

- Say what time in the past you want to travel to, and why.
- Write a paragraph, beginning with 'I want to go to ...'

12 GETTING ABOUT

GRAMMAR

Comparative adjectives

SB page 112

1 ★★ Underline the comparative adjective in each sentence.

- 0 The train is quicker than the car.
- 1 His computer is more expensive than my computer.
- 2 Surfing is more dangerous than ice skating.
- 3 The weather in winter is worse than in summer.
- 4 Spanish is easier than English.
- 5 Your photo is better than my photo.
- 6 My house is further from school than your house.
- 7 Salad is healthier than hot dogs.
- 8 Their car is bigger than our car.

2 ★ Complete the table with the correct adjective forms.

Adjective	Comparative
0 dirty	<i>dirtier</i>
1 beautiful	
2 cold	
3	curlier
4 hot	
5	cleaner
6	shorter
7 ugly	
8	more boring
9 sad	
10 warm	
11 lovely	
12	slower
13	more interesting

3 ★★★ Look at the table and mark the sentences T (true) or F (false). Correct the false sentences.

	Leaves Glasgow	Arrives London	Price
train	8 am	1 pm	£14
bus	5 am	5 pm	£35
plane	10 am	11.30 am	£70

- 0 The bus is cheaper than the train.

- 1 The bus arrives later than the train.

- 2 The bus is slower than the plane.

- 3 The bus is more expensive than the plane.

- 4 The plane is faster than the train.

- 5 The plane arrives earlier than the train.

4 ★★★ Use the table in Exercise 3 to write sentences with comparative adjectives.

- 0 bus / early / train
The bus is earlier than the train.
- 1 train / fast / bus

- 2 plane / expensive / bus

- 3 train / slow / plane

- 4 plane / late / bus

- 5 bus / cheap / train

Pronunciation

Word stress – comparatives

Go to page 121.



5 ★★★ Look at the pictures and write sentences to compare the two taxi companies. Use the adjectives in the list to help you.

big | clean | dangerous | dirty | expensive | fast | good | safe



0 Linda's Limos are cleaner than Tom's taxis.

- 1 _____
- 2 _____
- 3 _____
- 4 _____
- 5 _____
- 6 _____
- 7 _____

6 ★★★ Complete the sentences so they are true for you.

- 1 I'm _____ than my parents.
- 2 My best friend is _____ than me.
- 3 English lessons are _____ than Maths lessons.
- 4 Dogs are _____ than cats.
- 5 Summer is _____ than winter.
- 6 Cars are _____ than trains.

one / ones SB page 115

7 ★★★ **Circle** the correct options.

- 0 Can I have a look at those shoes? The one / ones in the window.
- 1 Don't make me a sandwich. I don't want one / ones.
- 2 I like most films but I don't like one / ones about war.
- 3 I can't give you a pen because I haven't got one / ones.
- 4 I've got some chocolates. Would you like one / ones?
- 5 I'm interested in cars and I really like Italian one / ones.

8 ★★★ Write one into the dialogues.

- 0 A Where's your house?
B My house is the first one on the left.
- 1 A How was your birthday?
B Great. I got lots of presents, but my favourite was a book from my dad.
- 2 A Which dress did you buy?
B Well, I love blue so I bought the blue.
- 3 A How is your new computer?
B It's faster than my old and it's easier to use.
- 4 A Is that your brother over there?
B Yes, he's the with the glasses.

GET IT RIGHT!

one and ones

• We use one or ones after an adjective when we want to avoid repeating a noun.

- ✓ I like this song, it's a good one.
- ✗ I like this song, it's a good ~~song~~.
- ✓ I wore my new shoes – the red ones.
- ✗ I wore my new shoes – the red ~~shoes~~.

Replace one of the nouns with one or ones.

- 0 How much are the cakes? I like the big cakes.
How much are the cakes? I like the big ones.
- 1 These tickets are expensive. We can find cheaper tickets.

- 2 This pen isn't good. I've got a better pen in my bag.

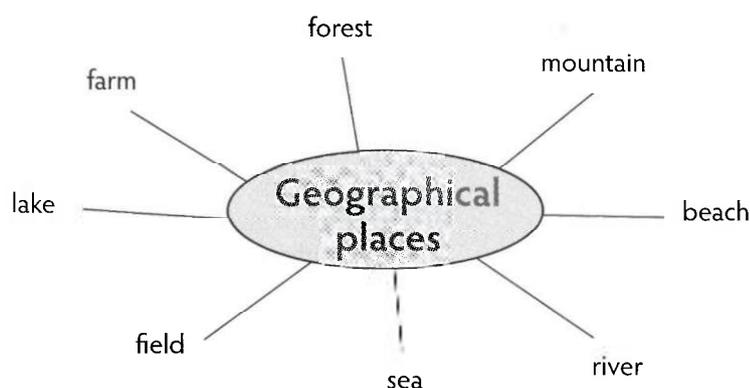
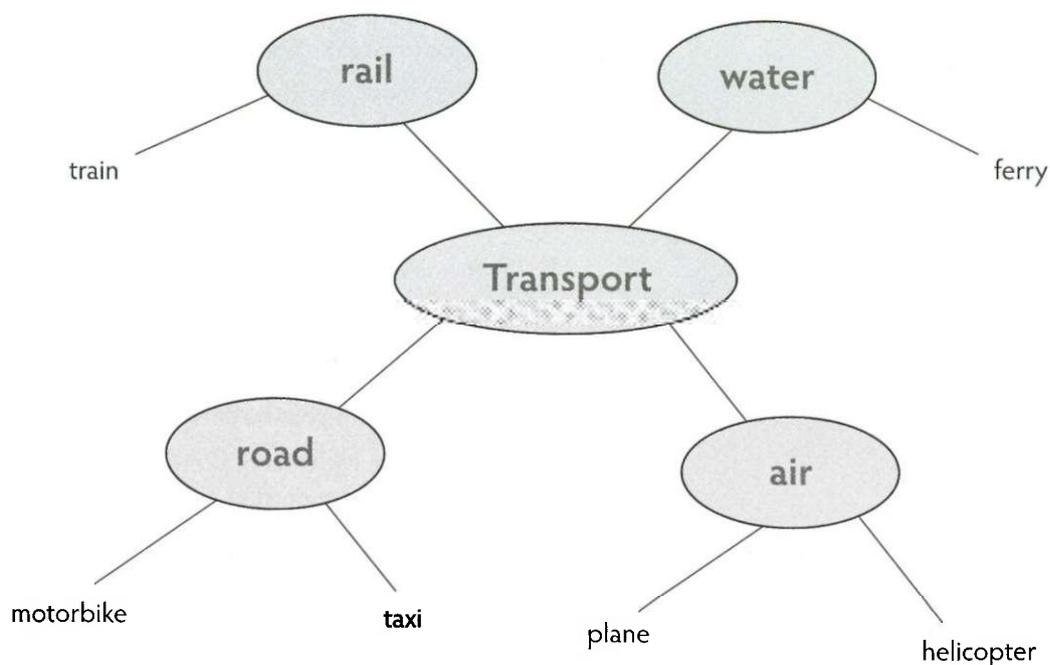
- 3 The black jeans are too big. The blue jeans are much better.

- 4 All of the buses go there but the green bus is the fastest.

- 5 Where are my black shoes? They were next to my red shoes.

VOCABULARY

Word list



Key words in context

airport

The plane arrives at the **airport** at 10 pm.

journey

The **journey** from my house to school is about ten minutes.

medal

The winner of the race gets a **medal**.

platform

The London train leaves from **platform** 12.

pollute

Cars **pollute** the air.

presenter

My mum's a TV **presenter**. She presents the news.

return

A **return** is for the journey there and back.

side

The train is over there on the other **side** of the bridge.

single

A **single** is for the journey there.

ticket

You need a **ticket** to travel on the bus.

traffic

There's a lot of **traffic** in our town. It's terrible for drivers.

Transport

1 ★★ Find and circle six types of transport in the word snake.



2 ★★ Unscramble the column titles and complete the table with words from Exercise 1.

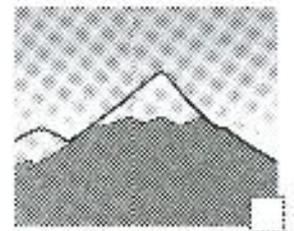
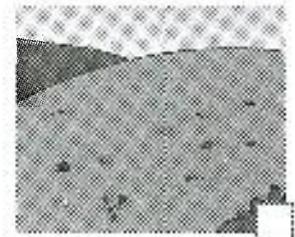
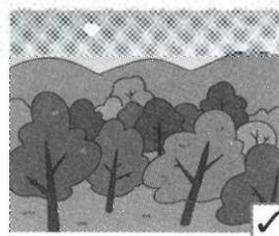
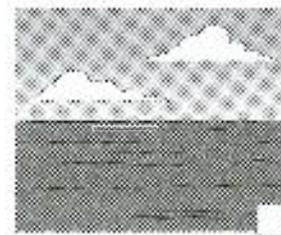
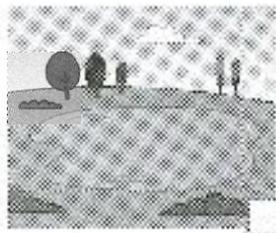
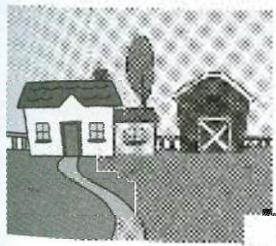
no het ardo 0 <i>on the road</i>	no sairl 1	ni eth ria 2	no tware 3
<i>motorbike</i>			

3 ★★★ Match the words in Exercise 1 with the definitions.

- 0 It flies in the air but it doesn't have wings. helicopter
- 1 It travels on rails and is very long. _____
- 2 It flies in the air. It has wings. _____
- 3 It travels on water and carries a lot of people. _____
- 4 You pay someone to drive you. _____
- 5 It drives on the road but only has two wheels. _____

Geographical places

4 ★★ Find the places in the word search.



5 ★★ Match the geographical places with the famous examples.

- 1 mountain
- 2 lake
- 3 river
- 4 beach
- 5 sea

- a The Nile, The Amazon, The Yangtze
- b Aconcagua, K2, Kilimanjaro
- c Copacabana, Bondi, Kuta
- d Caspian, Mediterranean, Red
- e Michigan, Titicaca, Victoria

6 ★★★ Complete the sentences with examples from your own country.

- 1 My favourite beach is _____.
- 2 The highest mountain is _____.
- 3 A famous lake is _____.
- 4 The longest river is _____.
- 5 _____ is a good place to go on holiday.
- 6 _____ is a beautiful place in the summer / winter.

READING

1 **REMEMBER AND CHECK** Mark the sentences T (true) or F (false). Then look at the article on page 111 of Student's Book and check your answers.

- 0 Walking is the best way to make a short journey in London.
- 1 The presenters made a 27 km journey in London.
- 2 One of the presenters walked.
- 3 The speedboat was faster than public transport.
- 4 The presenters were unhappy the bike won.
- 5 The presenters decided that the car won.

T

2 Read the blog. Which of these types of transport is not mentioned?













— □ ×

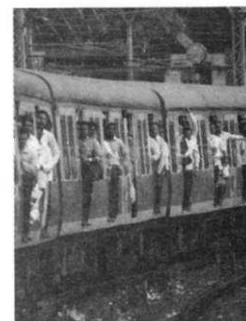
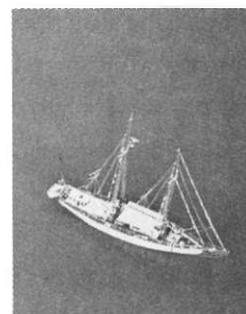
Racing around the world!

My favourite book is called *Around the World in 80 Days*. It's the story of a man who makes a bet that he can travel the planet in less than 80 days. Of course, these days that's not difficult, but the book is set more than 100 years ago. I love the idea of adventure and exploring, so it's no surprise that my favourite TV program is called *The Amazing Race*. It's an American game show and it's really exciting. In the show, teams race against each other around the world to win a big prize. There are two people in each team, for example: a husband and wife, a father and son, best friends, etc. It's important that they have a good relationship because the race is really difficult and they need to be strong and help each other.

The race takes them all over the world and they use lots of different types of transport. They use planes, of course, to make the longer journeys but they also use boats, taxis, buses, helicopters, bikes, cars, trains; any transport that makes their journey quicker.

At the beginning of each show, the presenter gives the teams ideas about where they have to go. The last team to arrive at that place leaves the show. When there are only three teams left they race to the final place. The team that arrives first usually wins lots of money.

I love this show because you see lots of really exciting places all over the world. One day I want to be on the show.



3 Read the blog again and match the sentence halves.

- 0 *Around the World in 80 Days*
- 1 *The Amazing Race*
- 2 The race is
- 3 The people in the teams
- 4 The teams race
- 5 The teams use
- 6 The last team to arrive
- 7 In the final
- 8 The winning team

g

- a between teams of two people.
- b all over the world.
- c leaves the show.
- d gets lots of money.
- e is a TV show from the US.
- f lots of different types of transport.
- g is a famous book.
- h know each other.
- i there are three teams.

4 Do you want to be on *The Amazing Race*? Why/Why not? Write a short paragraph (35–50 words).

DEVELOPING WRITING

Writing about a journey

1 Read about Eric and Dawn's favourite journey and complete the table.

	from	to	transport	time it takes	why I like it
Eric					
Dawn					

Eric

My favourite journey is the one I do every Sunday morning to play football. I leave my house at about ten o'clock and get on my bike to cycle the two kilometres to the park. It takes me about 15 minutes. At the park I meet my friends and we play football for two hours. Then I get on my bike and ride back home. I like the journey there because I get excited about playing football. I don't like the journey back so much because I'm usually quite tired. But when I have a good game, the journey back is great, too, because I think about the game.

Dawn

The journey I like best is the one from my house to the airport. My dad lives in Greece and three times every year I fly there to spend some time with him. The journey starts really early. The taxi picks me up from my house at 4 am! But that's OK, because I'm always really happy. It's only 30 minutes to the airport but I can't wait to get there. The plane journey is about four hours. It's OK, but I'm usually a bit nervous about flying. My dad always meets me at the airport and then he drives me to his house. We don't stop talking the whole journey. I never like the journey back. I'm always really sad to leave.

2 Read the texts again and complete the sentences.

- 0 Eric likes his journey to the park because *he gets excited about playing football.*
- 1 He doesn't like the journey back because _____
- 2 Dawn likes the journey to the airport because _____
- 3 She doesn't like the journey back because _____

3 Make notes to complete the table so it is true for you.

	from	to	transport	time	why I like it
Me					

4 Use your notes to write a text about your favourite journey. Write 35–50 words.

My favourite journey is _____

LISTENING

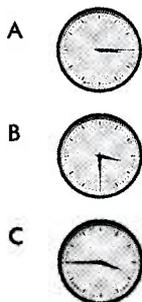
1  47 Listen to the dialogue. Where is Jill? Who is she talking to?

2  47 Listen again and **circle** the correct answers (A, B or C).

0 Where does Jill want to go?

- A Central London
B Liverpool
 C Manchester

1 What time is the next train?



2 How often is there a train?

- A every 15 minutes
 B every 30 minutes
 C every 50 minutes

3 How long is the journey?

- A 40 minutes
 B 35 minutes
 C 45 minutes

4 When is Jill returning?

- A today
 B tomorrow
 C at the weekend

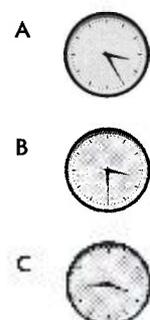
5 How much is the ticket?

- A £7.80
 B £8.70
 C £17.80

6 What platform is the train leaving from?

- A 3
 B 4
 C 5

7 What time does Jill get the train?



DIALOGUE

1 **Circle** the correct options. Then put the dialogue in order.

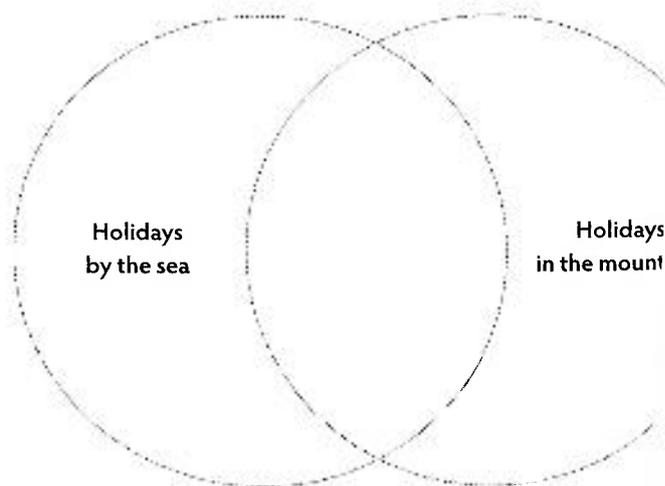
- ASSISTANT The journey is three ¹quarters / halves of an hour.
- ASSISTANT OK, that's £5.50, please.
- ASSISTANT Platform 5. Have a ²good / boring journey.
- ASSISTANT Let me see. There's a train every 15 minute so the next one is at half past three.
- ASSISTANT Do you want a single or a return?
- 1 ASSISTANT Good afternoon. ³How / Who can I help you?
- WOMAN That's great. And how long does it take?
- WOMAN Thank you.
- WOMAN I want to ⁴go / come to Liverpool. What time's the next train?
- WOMAN Just one more thing. What platform does the train leave ⁵from / at?
- WOMAN 45 minutes. That's quick. Can I have a ticket please?
- WOMAN Return, please. I'm coming back later.

TRAIN TO THINK

Comparing

1 Complete the diagram with the words in the list. Then your own ideas and write six more words.

boring | dangerous | exciting | expensive | fun | relaxi



2 Write sentences to compare the two different type holidays in Exercise 1.

.....

.....

.....

EXAM SKILLS: Reading and Writing

Answering open cloze questions

1 Read Danny's answers in the exam task below. How many did he get right? How many did he get wrong?

Complete the text about travelling to and from school. Write ONE word for each space.

I live (0) *in* a small town and my school is about eight kilometres away. Most days I take the school bus. It stops outside my house (1) *at* 7.30 every morning. In the summer when the weather (2) *are* good, I usually cycle to school. It's quicker (3) *than* the bus because the bus stops all the time. The problem with the bike is when my school bag is too heavy. Then it's (4) *not* fun.

Sometimes I wake up late and (5) *mis* the school bus. Mum takes me to school (6) *in* the car. She doesn't like this (7) *because* she needs to get to work, too. Once I missed the bus home and I had to (8) *tired* home. It took me more than (9) *half an* hour to walk. I don't want (10) *to* do that again.

Reading and writing tip

- Read the instructions carefully. Underline the key words. Words like circle, tick, choose and underline tell you how to complete the question. Look for other important information, for example, *Only write one word*.
- When you have finished, read your answers again. Have you followed the instructions? Have you used the correct type of word (verb, noun, adjective, etc.)? Have you used the singular and plural forms correctly? Is your spelling correct?
- Don't leave any gaps. If you don't know the answer, guess!

2 Put Danny's mistakes under the correct heading. Write the number.

Used more than one word	Used the wrong type of word (adjective instead of verb)	Used singular and plural forms incorrectly	Used incorrect spelling
9			

3 Correct Danny's mistakes. Write the correct words next to the numbers in Exercise 2.

4 Complete the text about favourite holidays. Write ONE word for each space.

My favourite holidays (0) *are* beach holidays. I like the sun (1) the sea. I usually go on beach holidays (2) the summer with my family. Sometimes Dad drives and sometimes we (3) the train. Last year we went (4) holiday in the countryside. We stayed on (5) farm. There was a river and a lake and lots (6) fields, too. It was OK but I prefer beach holidays. The weather by the sea is usually hotter (7) in the countryside. Dad wants to (8) on holiday in the mountains this year. I'm (9) happy about that idea. I don't want another year away (10) the beach.

CONSOLIDATION

LISTENING

1 Listen to Arnie and circle the correct answers (A, B or C).

- How old is Arnie's brother?
A eight B nine C ten
- At the zoo, which animals scared Arnie's brother?
A the elephants B the lions C the tigers
- How many jaguars were there?
A two B three C four

2 Listen again and answer the questions.

- Why did Arnie's family go to the zoo?
.....
- Who took photographs at the zoo?
.....
- What was Arnie happy about?
.....
- What did Arnie think about the visit to the zoo?
.....
- Why was Arnie sorry for the jaguars?
.....
- What two things does Arnie think zoo animals need?
.....

GRAMMAR

3 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words in brackets.

- Yesterday I some money on the street in town. (find)
- For my last birthday, my parents me tickets for a concert. (give)
- My friends and I to the cinema three times last weekend. (go)
- I arrived home late last night but I any noise. (not make)
- Yesterday's test was than the one on Friday. (difficult)
- you that film on TV last Sunday night? (see)
- The weather today is than yesterday. (bad)
- I practise a lot and I'm getting every day! (good)
- I many presents for my birthday. (not get)
- Are tigers than jaguars? (big)

VOCABULARY

4 Circle the odd one out in each list. Explain your reasons.

- safe clean homework
a noun - the other two are adjective
- motorbike plane helicopter
- shopping homework a mistake
- forest sea lake
- train river underground
- a break a good time photogra
- boat ferry taxi
- a mistake a shower a noise
- breakfast elephant horse
- field beach farm

5 Use a word or phrase from Exercise 4 to complete each sentence.

- Shh! Don't make or the pretty bird will fly away.
- We went for a walk in the this morning. The trees were very beautiful.
- My mum doesn't like me riding my bike city. She thinks it isn't
- This party's great. I'm having
- Her name's Julie but I made and called her Jenny.
- I like having after football to get clean again!
- We went to the beach but I didn't swim - I think it's dangerous.
- I'm really tired. Let's take and have some coffee.

UNITS 11 & 12

DIALOGUE

6 Complete the dialogue with the words and phrases in the list. There are two extra words.

All right | better | came | cheaper | could | couldn't | Did | lovely | made | Poor you | suddenly | What happened

MIKE How was your weekend at the beach?

MARIA Oh, awful. Everything went wrong.

MIKE Oh, dear. ¹ _____ ?

MARIA Well, first, we missed the train.

MIKE But you got there in the end?

MARIA Oh, yes, we got there. We always stay at the same hotel. But it's very expensive, so this year Dad said: 'Let's stay at a ² _____ hotel.' I said, 'Dad! If our usual hotel is more expensive, that's because it's ³ _____ than the cheaper ones.' ⁴ _____ he listen? No, he didn't. The hotel was horrible! I ⁵ _____ sleep at all – there were cars outside all night. They ⁶ _____ a lot of noise!

MIKE ⁷ _____, but what about the beach?

MARIA The beach there is really ⁸ _____. We like it a lot. So we went there on the first day – but ⁹ _____, it started to rain! We ¹⁰ _____ home a day early. The weekend was ... well, it was horrible.

READING

The Lake District – there's nowhere more beautiful!

Are you thinking about taking a break? Then think about going to the Lake District. This lovely part of England has mountains, forests, rivers – and, of course, lakes! There aren't many more beautiful lakes in the world than Lake Windermere or Lake Grasmere and the others. Some lakes have boat trips. You spend an hour or two in the sun (in summer, anyway!) as you travel slowly along the lake.

There are small market towns like Ambleside and Windermere. Some of the shops there are more expensive than the ones you see in the big towns and cities, but they're different and also much nicer. These small towns are safe, clean and very nice to visit.

The Lake District has lots of hotels and small bed-and-breakfast places. The B&B places are cheaper but sometimes they're as good as hotels, or even more comfortable!

It's easy to get to the Lake District. Trains from London to Windermere take about three hours. From Manchester it's even quicker: it's only one or two hours from there.

So, think about visiting the Lake District. We're looking forward to seeing you here!



7 Read the web page. Mark the sentences T (true) or F (false).

- 1 There are forests in the Lake District.
- 2 Lake Windermere and Lake Grasmere aren't in the Lake District.
- 3 It's possible to travel by boat on some of the lakes.
- 4 Ambleside is a big town.
- 5 You find the same shops in the Lake District that you find in big towns and cities.
- 6 The small towns in the Lake District are a bit dirty.
- 7 Hotels there are more expensive than B&B places.

WRITING

8 Write a paragraph about a nice area that you know. Use the questions to help you. Write 35–50 words.

- What is it called?
- What are the good things about it?
- What can people do there?
- How can you get there?

PRONUNCIATION

UNIT 1

/h/ or /w/ in question words

1 Look at the question words. Two of them start with the /h/ sound and the others start with the /w/ sound. Write /h/ or /w/ next to the words.

- 0 Why /w/
 1 How _____
 2 Where _____
 3 Who _____
 4 What _____
 5 When _____

2  10 Listen, check and repeat.

3 Match the words that sound the same.

- | | |
|---------|---------|
| 0 Why | a now |
| 1 How | b got |
| 2 Where | c chair |
| 3 Who | d then |
| 4 What | e I |
| 5 When | f you |

4  11 Listen, check and repeat.

UNIT 2

Vowel sounds – adjectives

1  13 Listen and repeat the adjectives.

angry	awful	bored	busy
friendly	funny	happy	hot
hungry	sad	thirsty	worried

2 Complete the table with the words in Exercise

a (c <u>a</u> t)	e (g <u>e</u> t)	i (s <u>i</u> x)	o (d <u>o</u>)
0 angry	3	4	5
1			
2			
u (b <u>u</u> s)	or (f <u>o</u> r)	ir (b <u>i</u> rd)	
6	9	11	
7	10		
8			

3  14 Listen, check and repeat.

UNIT 3

this / that / these / those

1  17 Listen and repeat. Then look at the underlined sounds and circle the odd sound out.

- | | | | |
|------------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|
| 0 those | go | home | <u>bore</u> |
| 1 that | s <u>a</u> d | late | have |
| 2 them | the <u>s</u> e | plea <u>s</u> e | me <u>e</u> t |
| 3 give | like | this | si <u>n</u> g |
| 4 hot | cold | know | tho <u>s</u> e |
| 5 wife | this | nice | excit <u>i</u> |
| 6 the <u>s</u> e | she | get | we |
| 7 famo <u>s</u> | that | family | happ |

2  17 Listen again, check and repeat.

PRONUNCIATION

UNIT 4

Word stress in numbers

- 1 **D19** Listen to the words and write them in the correct column according to the stress.

eighteen | eighty | forty | fourteen | nineteen
 ninety | sixteen | sixty | thirty | thirteen

oO	Oo
<i>eighteen</i>	<i>eighty</i>

- 2 **D20** Listen again, check and repeat.

UNIT 5

Present simple verbs – 3rd person

- 1 Complete the table with the correct present simple third person singular form of the verbs in the list.

catch | cook | choose | dance | help | look
 sing | teach | walk | wash | watch | wish | work

One syllable	Two syllables
<i>cooks</i>	<i>catches</i>

- 2 **D21** Listen, check and repeat.

UNIT 6

Long vowel sound /eɪ/

- 1 **D25** Listen to these words. They all contain the /eɪ/ sound. Underline the sound in each word.

- 0 break
 1 eight
 2 face
 3 great
 4 grey
 5 make
 6 rainy
 7 say
 8 straight
 9 take
 10 they
 11 waiter

- 2 Complete the sentences with the words in Exercise 1.

- 0 How do you say that word in English?
 1 Is your grandmother the woman with the wavy _____ hair?
 2 Let's _____ Clara a friendship band for her birthday!
 3 My little sister is _____ years old.
 4 These are my friends. _____ like playing football with me.
 5 It's _____ today. Let's go to the cinema.
 6 My father's a _____ at that restaurant.
 7 I brush my teeth and wash my _____ every morning.
 8 I like playing tennis. It's a _____ game!
 9 Can you _____ this book to your teacher? Thank you.
 10 My hair's _____ but my best friend's hair is curly.
 11 Put your books away. It's time for a _____.

- 3 **D26** Listen, check and repeat.

UNIT 7

Long vowel sound /ɔ:/

1  Listen to these words. They all contain the /ɔ:/ sound. Underline the sound in each word.

- 0 August
- 1 autumn
- 2 daughter
- 3 door
- 4 forty
- 5 important
- 6 quarter
- 7 short
- 8 snowboarding
- 9 sport
- 10 walk
- 11 water

2 Complete the sentences with the words in Exercise 1.

- 0 Please close the door when you go out.
- 1 It's a beautiful day. Let's go for a _____.
- 2 In _____ the leaves change to orange and it gets colder.
- 3 English is a very _____ language.
- 4 My birthday's on the fourth of _____.
- 5 The tall girl with the curly hair is my teacher's _____.
- 6 Jenny likes _____ in the mountains in winter.
- 7 My favourite _____ is volleyball.
- 8 I'm thirsty. Can I have a glass of _____, please?
- 9 My hair is long but my friend's is _____.
- 10 My first class at school starts at _____ to nine in the morning.
- 11 It's my father's birthday today. He's _____ years old.

3  Listen, check and repeat.

UNIT 8

Intonation – listing items

1 Complete the lists. Then draw a ↑ and a ↓ to show where intonation rises and falls in each list.

arm | Brazil | catch | coat | cooker | headphones
library | Russian | rugby | June | spring | wife

↑ ↑ ↑ ↓

0 March, April, May and June

- 1 son, daughter, husband and _____
- 2 Japanese, British, _____ and Turkish
- 3 _____, skirt, socks and trousers
- 4 snowboarding, gymnastics, golf and _____
- 5 summer, _____, winter and autumn
- 6 watch, choose, throw and _____
- 7 _____, shower, fridge and armchair
- 8 Australia, Scotland, _____ and Japan
- 9 body, _____, leg and face
- 10 tablet, GPS, _____ and laptop
- 11 _____, restaurant, museum and bank

2  Listen, check and repeat.

UNIT 9

Intonation – giving two choices

1 **D36** Complete the dialogue with the words in the list. Then listen and check.

chicken | chips | fish | ice cream
pineapple | soup | tea | water



WAITER Would you like salad or ⁰ soup ?

WOMAN Salad, please.



WAITER Chicken or ¹ _____ ?

WOMAN I think I'll have ² _____ today – with ³ _____, please.

WAITER Would you like dessert?

WOMAN Yes, please.



WAITER Cake or ⁴ _____ ?

WOMAN I'd prefer fruit – some ⁵ _____, please.

WAITER Would you like something to drink?

WOMAN Yes, please – just some ⁶ _____ .
And a cup of ⁷ _____ after the meal. Thank you.

2 **D36** Draw ↑ or ↓ above the waiter's questions. Then listen, check and repeat.

UNIT 10

Past simple regular verbs

1 Say the verbs in the list in the past tense and decide if they are one syllable or two. Then write the verbs in the correct column.

dance | hate | help | like | live | need
play | start | wait | walk | want | work

One syllable	Two syllables
danced	hated

2 **D38** Listen, check and repeat.

3 Complete the rule.

We only say /ɪd/ when the final sound in the word is a / _____ / or a / _____ /.

UNIT 11

Short vowel sound /ʊ/

1 **D39** Circle the odd sound out.

- | | | |
|---------------|----------|---------|
| 0 <u>cook</u> | cool | food |
| 1 house | shout | could |
| 2 June | put | who |
| 3 room | you | woods |
| 4 pull | fun | son |
| 5 foot | full | jump |
| 6 move | zoo | good |
| 7 funny | woolly | sunny |
| 8 school | room | book |
| 9 push | run | bus |
| 10 cousin | couldn't | country |

2 **D39** Listen, check and repeat.

UNIT 12

Word stress – comparatives

1 Write the comparative form of the adjectives. Underline the stressed syllable.

- | | |
|----------------------|------------------|
| 0 slow <u>slower</u> | 8 big _____ |
| 1 small _____ | 9 hot _____ |
| 2 quick _____ | 10 funny _____ |
| 3 cheap _____ | 11 easy _____ |
| 4 fast _____ | 12 healthy _____ |
| 5 cold _____ | 13 happy _____ |
| 6 safe _____ | 14 far _____ |
| 7 close _____ | 15 good _____ |

2 **D46** Listen, check and repeat.

3 Complete the rule.

When adding -er to make a comparative, the first / second syllable is always stressed.

GRAMMAR REFERENCE

UNIT 1

Question words

- 1 Questions that begin with *Who* ask about a person / people.

Who is he?
He's the new teacher.

- 2 Questions that begin with *What* ask about a thing / things.

What's that?
It's a mobile phone.

- 3 Questions that begin with *When* ask about a time / day / year / etc.

When's the football match?
It's at three o'clock.

- 4 Questions that begin with *Where* ask about a place.

Where's Cambridge?
It's in the UK.

- 5 Questions that begin with *Why* ask for a reason.

Why are you here?
Because I want to see you.

- 6 Questions that begin with *How old* ask about age.

How old is she?
She's sixteen.

to be

- 1 The present simple of *to be* is like this:

Singular	Plural
I am	we are
you are	you are
he/she/it is	they are

- 2 In speaking and informal writing we use contracted (short) forms.

I'm, you're, he's, she's, it's, we're, they're
I'm from Russia.
She's late.
We're hungry.

UNIT 2

to be (negative, singular and plural)

- 1 We make the verb *to be* negative by adding *no*

Singular	Plural
I am not (I'm not)	we are not (we are
you are not (you aren't)	you are not (you are
he/she/it is not (he/she/it isn't)	they are not (they aren't)

I'm not Brazilian. I'm Portuguese.
He isn't late. He's early!
They aren't from Spain. They're from Mexico.

to be (questions and short answers)

To make questions with *to be*, we put the verb before the subject. We make short answers with *Yes* or *No* subject + the verb *to be*. We don't use contracted *isn't* in positive short answers (NOT: *Yes, you're.*)

Am I late?	Yes, you are. / No, you are
Are you American?	Yes, I am. / No, I'm not.
Is he a singer?	Yes, he is. / No, he isn't.
Is she from Japan?	Yes, she is. / No, she isn't.
Are we right?	Yes, we are. / No, we aren't.
Are they French?	Yes, they are. / No, they are

Object pronouns

- 1 Object pronouns come after a verb. We use *them* instead of nouns.

I like the film. I like it.
I love my sister. I love her.
They are friends with you and me. They are friends with us.
I like the girls at my school. I like them.

- 2 The object pronouns are:

Subject	I	you	he	she	it	we
Object	me	you	him	her	it	us

UNIT 3

Possessive 's

- 1 We use 's after a noun to say who something belongs to.

Dad's room

John's car

Sandra's family

the cat's bed

my brother's friend

your sister's school

- 2 We don't usually say **the room of Dad, the car of John, etc.**

Possessive adjectives

- 1 We use possessive adjectives before a noun to say who something belongs to.

My name's Joanne.

Is this your pen?

He's my brother. I'm his sister.

She's nice. I like her smile!

The cat isn't in its bed.

We love our house.

Are the students in their classroom?

- 2 The possessive adjectives are:

Subject pronoun	I	you	he	she	it	we	they
Possessive adjective	my	your	his	her	its	our	their

this / that / these / those

- 1 We use *this* or *these* to point out things that are close to us. We use *that* or *those* to point out things that are not close to us, or are close to other people.

Look at this photograph – it's my sister.

These oranges aren't very nice.

That shop is a really good place for clothes.

We don't like those boys.

- 2 We use *this* or *that* with a singular noun. We use *these* or *those* with plural nouns.

this photograph

that house

these rooms

those tables

UNIT 4

there is / there are

- 1 *There is* (*There's*) and *There are* are used to say that something exists.

There's a small shop in our street.

There are two supermarkets near here.

There are lots of great shops in the town centre.

- 2 *There's* is the short form of *There is*. In speaking and informal writing, we usually say *There's*.

- 3 In positive sentences, we use *there's* with a singular noun and *there are* with plural nouns.

There's a cat in the garden.

There's an old lady in the café.

There are nice shops in this street.

- 4 In questions and negative sentences, we use *a/an* with a singular noun and *any* with plural nouns.

Is there a bank near here? There isn't a bank near here.

Are there any restaurants here? There aren't any restaurants here.

some / any

- 1 We use *some* and *any* with plural nouns.

There are some good films on TV tonight.

There aren't any games on my tablet.

- 2 We use *some* in positive sentences. We use *any* in negative sentences and questions.

There are some nice trees in the park.

There aren't any places to play football here.

Are there any good shoe shops in the town?

Imperatives

- 1 We use the imperative to tell someone to do something, or not to do something.

Come here!

Don't open the door!

- 2 The positive imperative is the same as the base form of the verb.

Turn right.

Open the window, please.

- 3 The negative imperative is formed with *Don't* and the base form of the verb.

Don't listen to him – he's wrong!

Don't open the window – it's cold in here.

UNIT 5

Present simple

- 1 The present simple is used to talk about things that happen regularly or are usually true.

I go to school at 8 o'clock every day.

She watches TV after school.

We play the piano.

They love chocolate.

- 2 The present simple is usually the same as the base form, but we add -s with 3rd person singular (he/she/it).

I like pizza.

He likes pizza.

They live in London.

She lives in London.

- 3 If the verb ends with o, sh, ch, ss, z or x, we add -es.

go – he goes finish – it finishes catch – she catches

miss – it misses fix – he fixes

- 4 If the verb ends with a consonant + -y, the y changes to i and we add -es.

carry – it carries study – he studies fly – it flies

- 5 If the verb ends with a vowel + -y, it is regular.

buy – she buys say – he says

Adverbs of frequency

- 1 Adverbs of frequency tell us how often people do things. Adverbs of frequency include:

always usually often sometimes hardly ever never

100%

0%

- 2 Adverbs of frequency come after the verb be, but before other verbs.

I'm always hungry in the morning.

I usually have breakfast at 7.00.

He's often tired.

He sometimes goes to bed early.

They're never late.

They hardly ever go on holiday.

Present simple (negative)

The present simple negative is formed with *don't (do not)* or *doesn't (does not)* + base form of the verb.

I don't play tennis.

She doesn't play football.

My grandparents don't live with us.

My brother doesn't live with us.

Present simple (questions)

Present simple questions are formed with *Do / Does* + subject + base form of the verb.

Do you like the film?

Does Mike like shopping?

Do I know you?

Does she know the answer?

Do your friends play

Does your dog play with a ball?

video games?

UNIT 6

have / has got (positive and negative)

- 1 The verb *have/has got* is used to talk about things that people own.

I've got a bicycle. (= There is a bicycle and it is my bicycle.)

He's got a problem. (= There is a problem and it is his problem.)

- 2 We use *have got* with *I/you/we/they*. We use *has got* with *he/she/it*. In speaking and informal writing, we often use the short forms: *'ve got / 's got*.

My mother's got black hair and blue eyes.

My friends have got a nice cat.

We've got two fridges in our kitchen.

- 3 The negative form is *hasn't / haven't got*.

I haven't got a tablet.

This town hasn't got a park.

They haven't got a car.

have / has got (questions)

We make questions with *Has/Have* + subject + *got*. Short answers use *has/have* or *hasn't/haven't*. Remember that we don't use contracted forms in positive short answers (e.g. **NOT: Yes, I've-**)

Have you got my book?

Yes, I have.

Has your father got brown hair?

Yes, he has.

Has the shop got any new DVDs?

No, it hasn't.

Countable and uncountable nouns

Nouns in English are countable or uncountable.

- 1 Countable nouns have a singular and a plural form. We can count them. We use *a/an* with the singular nouns. We can use *some* with the plural nouns.

He's got a house.

He's got two houses.

There's a picture on my wall.

There are six pictures on my

the fridge.

There are some oranges in

the fridge.

the fridge.

- 2 Uncountable nouns are always singular – they haven't got a plural form. We can't count them. We can use *some* with uncountable nouns.

I like music.

Let's listen to some music.

I like Japanese food.

Let's eat some Japanese food.

- 3 We don't use *a/an* or numbers with uncountable nouns.

NOT a bread **an** information **three** works

UNIT 7

can (ability)

1 We use *can/can't* to talk about ability.

I can swim.

I can't drive a car.

He can play the guitar.

He can't sing.

2 The form is *can/can't* + the base form of the verb. To make questions, we use *Can* + subject + the base form of the verb. (We don't use *do/does* with *can* in questions or negative forms.)

It's very small – I can't read it. (NOT: I don't can read it.)

Can you play this game? (NOT: Do you can play this game?)

3 Short answers are *Yes, ... can* or *No, ... can't*.

Can he swim? Yes, he can.

Can you sing? No, I can't.

Prepositions of time

We use different prepositions to talk about time.

1 With times of the day, we use *at*.

School starts at eight o'clock.

The train leaves at seven thirty.

2 With months and seasons, we use *in*.

It always rains in December.

We play football in winter.

3 With days of the week, we use *on*.

I go to the cinema on Saturday.

There's a test at school on Monday.

UNIT 8

Present continuous

1 We use the present continuous to talk about things that are happening at the moment of speaking.

Please be quiet – I'm watching a film.

They're in the dining room – they're having dinner.

Dad's in his office but he isn't working.

Hey, Alex – are you listening to me?

2 We form the present continuous with the present simple of *be* + the *-ing* form of the main verb. Questions and negatives are formed with the question/negative form of *be* + the *-ing* form of the main verb.

I'm watching a film but I'm not enjoying it.

They're playing football but they aren't playing well.

Are you having a good time? Yes, we are.

Is she doing her homework? No, she isn't.

3 If the verb ends in *-e*, we omit the *e* before adding *-ing*. If the verb ends in a consonant + vowel + consonant, we double the consonant before adding *-ing*.

leave

We're leaving now.

get

It's getting dark – let's go home.

like / don't like + -ing

When we use the verbs (*don't*) *like*, *love*, *hate* and another verb, we usually use the *-ing* form of the other verb.

We love living here.

I like dancing at parties.

She doesn't like listening to classical music.

They hate going to the theatre.

UNIT 9

must / mustn't

We use *must/mustn't* to talk about rules.

- We use *must* to say that it's necessary to do something.
We must leave now.
You must go to the doctor.
- We use *mustn't* to say that it's necessary not to do something.
You mustn't tell other people.
We mustn't be late.
- The form is *must/mustn't* + the base form of the verb. We don't use *do/does* in negative sentences.
You must ask me first.
I mustn't eat a lot of food at the party. (NOT I don't must eat a lot of food at the party.)

can (asking for permission)

- We often use *Can I + verb* to ask for permission (ask if it's OK) to do something.
Can I ask a question, please?
Can I watch the match on TV now?
- We use *can* or *can't* to give or refuse permission.
Can I use your phone? Yes, you can.
No, sorry, you can't. I'm using it.

I'd like ... / Would you like ...?

- We use *would ('d) + like* to ask for something, or to offer something, in a nice way. It is more polite than *want*.
I'd like a sandwich, please.
Would you like a dessert?
- I'd like* is the short form of *I would like*. We almost always use it in speaking and informal writing.

UNIT 10

Past simple: was / wasn't; were / weren't; there was / were

- We use the past simple form of *to be* to talk about actions and events in the past.

It was a lovely day yesterday.
They were at school last Friday.

- We form the past simple of *be* like this:

Singular	Plural
I was	we were
you were	you were
he/she/it was	they were

- We form the negative by adding *not* (*was not*, *were not*). In speaking and informal writing, we almost always use the short forms *wasn't* and *weren't*.

I wasn't at home last night.
She wasn't at the party.
You weren't very happy yesterday.
They weren't with us at the concert.

- The past simple of *There is(n't) / There are(n't)* is *There was(n't) / There were(n't)*.

There was a lot of rain yesterday.
There weren't any interesting programmes on TV last night.

Past simple: Was he ...? / Were you ...?

We form questions by putting the verb before the subject.

Were you late on Monday morning?
Was she at the cinema with you?

Past simple: regular verbs

- We use the past simple to talk about actions and events in the past.

I played video games yesterday.
They liked the film on Friday.

- With regular verbs, we form the past simple by adding *-ed*. It is the same for all subjects.

He closed the window.
The film finished after midnight.
You phoned me three times last night.
We wanted to see them.

- When the verb ends in *-e*, we only add *-d*. When the verb ends in consonant + *-y*, we change the *y* to *i* and then we add *-ed*.

We loved the concert on Sunday.
They studied for a long time before the test.

UNIT 11

Past simple: irregular verbs

- 1 Many English verbs are irregular. This means that the past simple forms are different – they don't have the usual *-ed* ending, for example:

go – went
make – made
give – gave
take – took
put – put

- 2 For every irregular verb, you need to remember the past simple form. There is a list of irregular verbs on page 128.

Past simple (negative)

We form negatives in the past simple with *didn't* (*did not*) and the base form of the verb. It's the same for both regular and irregular verbs. It's the same for all subjects.

talk I didn't talk.
like You didn't like it.
give She didn't give me a present.
go He didn't go to town.
take We didn't take any photographs.
make They didn't make any money.

Past simple (questions)

We form questions in the past simple with *Did* + subject + the base form of the verb. It's the same for all verbs (regular and irregular) and for all subjects.

see Did I see you in town on Saturday?
do Did you do the homework last night?
go Did your brother go to the same school?
take Did they take you to the theatre?

could / couldn't

To talk about ability in the past, we use *could/couldn't* + the base form of a verb.

When I was small, I could walk on my hands.
We went to London but we couldn't go on the London Eye because it was closed.

UNIT 12

Comparative adjectives

- 1 We use the comparative form of the adjective + *than* to compare two things.

My sister is younger than me.
Australia is smaller than Brazil.
My new smartphone is better than the old one.

- 2 With short adjectives, we normally add *-er*.

new – newer
quiet – quieter

With adjectives that end in *-e*, we just add *-r*.

nice – nicer
fine – finer

With adjectives of two syllables that end with consonant + *-y*, we change the *y* to *i* and add *-er*.

easy – easier
healthy – healthier

With adjectives that end in consonant + vowel + consonant, we double the final consonant and add *-er*.

big – bigger
hot – hotter

- 3 With longer adjectives (i.e. with two or more syllables), we don't change the adjective – we put *more* in front of it.

expensive – more expensive
dangerous – more dangerous

- 4 Some adjectives are irregular – this means they have a different comparative form.

good – better
bad – worse
far – further

one / ones

- 1 Sometimes we don't want to repeat a noun. We can use *one* or *ones* in order not to repeat it.

The pizza was delicious – I want another (pizza) one.
These shoes are very expensive – I want cheaper (shoes) ones.

- 2 We use *one* to replace a singular noun, and *ones* to replace a plural noun.

This red shirt is OK, but the blue one is nicer. (one replaces shirt)
I don't want to play these old games – let's buy some new ones. (ones replaces games)

IRREGULAR VERBS

Base form	Past simple
be	was
begin	began
buy	bought
can	could
catch	caught
choose	chose
come	came
do	did
draw	drew
drink	drank
drive	drove
eat	ate
fall	fell
feel	felt
find	found
fly	flew
get	got
give	gave
go	went
have	had
hear	heard
keep	kept
know	knew
learn	learnt/learned
leave	left

Base form	Past simple
light	lit
make	made
meet	met
pay	paid
put	put
read /ri:d/	read /red/
ride	rode
run	ran
say	said
see	saw
send	sent
sing	sang
sit	sat
sleep	slept
speak	spoke
stand	stood
take	took
teach	taught
tell	told
think	thought
understand	understood
wake	woke
wear	wore
write	wrote

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